A/64/3/Rev.1

United Nations

Report of the Economic and Social Council for 2009

General Assembly

Official Records
Sixty-fourth Session
Supplement No. 3

Please recycle

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United Nations • New York, 2010

Note

Symbols of United Nations documents are composed of capital letters combined with figures.

ISSN 0082-8203

[4 June 2010]

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Chapter I

Matters calling for action by or brought to the attention of the General Assembly

1. In 2009, the Economic and Social Council adopted resolutions and decisions that call for action by or that are to be brought to the attention of the General Assembly. The relevant paragraphs of those resolutions and decisions are summarized below.

Operational activities of the United Nations for international development cooperation (agenda item 3)

Operational activities for development

2. By its decision 2009/214, the Economic and Social Council, recalling General Assembly resolution 63/232 of 19 December 2008, in which the Assembly, inter alia, had decided to hold its next comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development of the United Nations system in 2012 and subsequent reviews on a quadrennial basis, recommended that the General Assembly, at its sixty-fourth session, request the Secretary-General to postpone to its sixty-seventh session the submission, through the Economic and Social Council, of the comprehensive analysis of the implementation of Assembly resolution 62/208 of 19 December 2007, to be prepared in accordance with the guidance contained in paragraph 143 thereof.

Reports of the Executive Boards of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund, the United Nations Children's Fund and the World Food Programme (agenda item 3 (b))

Appointment of the Executive Director of the United Nations Population Fund

3. By its resolution 2009/2, the Economic and Social Council recommended to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

> "*The General Assembly*,
>
> "*Recalling* its resolution 2211 (XXI) of 17 December 1966, in response to which a trust fund, subsequently renamed the United Nations Population Fund, was established in 1967 by the Secretary-General,
>
> "*Recalling also* its resolution 3019 (XXVII) of 18 December 1972, in which it placed the United Nations Population Fund under its authority as a subsidiary organ, in accordance with Article 22 of the Charter of the United Nations, taking into account the separate identity of the Fund,
>
> "1. *Notes* that, since the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme ceased to perform the administrative role with respect to the United Nations Population Fund, no formal procedure has been established for the appointment of the Executive Director of the Fund;

"2. *Decides* that the secretariat of the United Nations Population Fund shall continue to be headed by an Executive Director at the Under-Secretary-General level;

"3. *Also decides* that the Executive Director of the United Nations Population Fund shall be appointed by the Secretary-General, in consultation with the Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund, for a term of four years."

Implementation of and follow-up to major United Nations conferences and summits (agenda item 6)

Follow-up to the International Conference on Financing for Development (agenda item 6 (a))

A strengthened and more effective intergovernmental inclusive process to carry out the financing for development follow-up

4. By its resolution 2009/30, the Economic and Social Council recommended to the General Assembly the following modalities for a strengthened and more effective intergovernmental process for carrying out the financing for development follow-up:

"(a) The special high-level spring meeting of the Economic and Social Council with the international financial and trade institutions could last from the existing one day up to two days, and should normally be held before the spring meetings of the Bretton Woods institutions and should be timed appropriately, at least five weeks before those meetings, so as to meet the needs of all parties and be conducive to high-level participation. Discussions at the first segment would concentrate on a topic of current interest, to be determined by the President of the Council in consultation with the participants. The second segment would be organized under the overall theme of 'Coherence, coordination and cooperation in the context of the implementation of the Monterrey Consensus and the Doha Declaration on Financing for Development' and would include a holistic review of the Monterrey Consensus, with special emphasis on one or two topics to be determined in advance of the meeting by the President of the Council in consultation with the participants. The meeting will result in a President's summary which should clearly identify key elements of the discussion and be formally presented to all the participants, including the major institutional stakeholders, as appropriate, and in a timely manner. Increased interaction and coordination at the staff level with the institutions involved, prior to the holding of the Council's special high-level spring meeting, including the possibility of appropriate preparatory sessions, are especially encouraged. The President of the Council, in consultation with Member States, is encouraged to continue to work with the appropriate representatives of the Bretton Woods institutions, the World Trade Organization and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development to improve, inter alia, the format of the Council's high-level spring meeting;

"(b) The Economic and Social Council should continue to strengthen its role in promoting coherence, coordination and cooperation in the implementation of the Monterrey Consensus and the Doha Declaration on Financing for Development, and as a forum for multi-stakeholder involvement. Consideration of the agenda item on financing for development should be given more prominence in the work of the annual substantive session of the Council and should be allotted up to two full days within its four-week annual session. The Council should normally adopt a substantive resolution, taking into account, inter alia, the outcome of the preceding high-level spring meeting;

"(c) The Economic and Social Council recommends that the General Assembly should also give more prominence to its annual agenda item entitled 'Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference'. The Assembly may also wish to reaffirm the importance of its biennial High-level Dialogues on Financing for Development as the intergovernmental focal point for the general follow-up to the 2002 International Conferences on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference, placing a particular emphasis on new challenges and emerging issues;

"(d) The Secretariat should continue to ensure that all documents relevant to the agenda item on financing for development are made available in a timely manner, both to the Economic and Social Council and to the General Assembly. To further enhance the quality of its reports, the Secretariat should continue to make full use of all existing analytical work and relevant data, including those available from the institutional stakeholders and the specialized agencies;

"(e) Participation in this strengthened process will continue to be open to all the relevant financing for development stakeholders, including specialized agencies, funds and programmes, regional commissions, other international organizations, civil society entities and business sector groups, through application of the traditional financing for development accreditation and participation modalities. Prominent experts may also be invited to provide inputs in the discussions;

"(f) Seminars, panel discussions and briefings may be organized as part of the preparations for, and contribution to, the above events in order to raise visibility, attract interest and participation, and promote substantive discussions on a continuing basis. There could be the reinitiation of a programme of multi-stakeholder consultations, including civil society and the private sector, by the Financing for Development Office of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the Secretariat, drawing on a broad range of financing for development-related topics, as well as a wider and more effective use of the financing for development web page as an information tool;

"(g) We encourage the Department of Economic and Social Affairs, and especially the Financing for Development Office, to maintain a regular interaction at the staff level with the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the World Trade Organization and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, in the interest of greater coherence, coordination and

cooperation, each acting in accordance with its respective intergovernmental mandate, for their mutual benefit."

Economic and environmental questions (agenda item 13)

Sustainable development (agenda item 13 (a))

Report of the Committee for Development Policy on its eleventh session

5. By its resolution 2009/35, the Economic and Social Council recommended that the General Assembly take note of the recommendation of the Committee for Development Policy at its eleventh session that Equatorial Guinea be graduated from the list of least developed countries.

Human settlements (agenda item 13 (d))

Human settlements

6. By its decision 2009/238, the Economic and Social Council took note of the report of the Secretary-General on the coordinated implementation of the Habitat Agenda (E/2009/80) and decided to transmit the report to the General Assembly for consideration at its sixty-fourth session.

Social and human rights questions (agenda item 14)

Advancement of women (agenda item 14 (a))

Commemoration of the fifteenth anniversary of the adoption of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action

7. By its decision 2009/233, the Economic and Social Council recommended to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft decision:

> "The General Assembly, recalling Economic and Social Council resolution 2006/9 of 25 July 2006, in which the Council had decided, inter alia, that the Commission on the Status of Women, at its fifty-third session, would discuss the possibility of conducting in 2010 a review of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the outcome of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly entitled 'Women 2000: gender equality, development and peace for the twenty-first century', taking note of Commission resolution 53/1 in which the Commission decided to review, at its fifty-fourth session, the implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the outcomes of the twenty-third special session of the Assembly entitled 'Women 2000: gender equality, development and peace for the twenty-first century', emphasizing the sharing of experiences and good practices, with a view to overcoming remaining obstacles and new challenges, including those related to the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals, and noting that the Commission, in the same resolution, decided to commemorate the fifteenth anniversary of the adoption of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action, and in that regard recommended, through

the Council, that the Assembly hold a commemorative meeting during the fifty-fourth session of the Commission in March 2010, decided to hold the commemorative meeting to mark the fifteenth anniversary of the adoption of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action during the fifty-fourth session of the Commission on the Status of Women."

Crime prevention and criminal justice (agenda item 14 (c))

Technical assistance for implementing the international conventions and protocols related to terrorism

8. By its resolution 2009/21, the Economic and Social Council recommended to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"*The General Assembly*,

"*Reaffirming* all General Assembly and Security Council resolutions related to technical assistance in countering terrorism,

"*Stressing again* the need to strengthen international, regional and subregional cooperation to effectively prevent and combat terrorism, in particular by enhancing the national capacity of States through the provision of technical assistance,

"*Reaffirming* the commitments undertaken by Member States and recalling all aspects of the United Nations Global Counter-Terrorism Strategy, adopted by the General Assembly in its resolution 60/288 of 8 September 2006,

"*Recalling* its resolution 62/272 of 5 September 2008, in which it called upon Member States, the United Nations and other appropriate international, regional and subregional organizations to step up their efforts to implement the Strategy in an integrated manner and in all its aspects, and reaffirmed the need to enhance international cooperation in countering terrorism,

"*Recalling also* its resolution 63/195 of 18 December 2008, in which it requested the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to enhance its technical assistance to Member States, upon request, to strengthen international cooperation in preventing and combating terrorism,

"1. *Commends* the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, including its Terrorism Prevention Branch, for providing, in close consultation with the Counter-Terrorism Committee and its Executive Directorate, technical assistance to States, upon request, to facilitate the implementation of the international conventions and protocols related to terrorism and relevant United Nations resolutions, and requests the Office, within its mandate, to continue to enhance its efforts in that regard, in close coordination with the Counter-Terrorism Committee and the Counter-Terrorism Implementation Task Force;

"2. *Urges* Member States that have not yet done so to consider becoming parties without delay to the existing international conventions and protocols related to terrorism, and requests the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, within its mandate, to reinforce the provision of technical

assistance to Member States, upon request, for the ratification and legislative incorporation of those international legal instruments and for the building of capacity to implement them;

"3. *Urges* Member States to strengthen, to the greatest extent possible, international cooperation in order to prevent and combat terrorism, including, when appropriate, by entering into bilateral and multilateral treaties on extradition and mutual legal assistance, within the framework of the international conventions and protocols related to terrorism and relevant United Nations resolutions and in accordance with international law, including the Charter of the United Nations, and to ensure adequate training of all relevant personnel in executing international cooperation, and requests the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, within its mandate, to provide technical assistance to Member States, upon request, to that end;

"4. *Recognizes* the importance of the development and maintenance of fair and effective criminal justice systems, in accordance with applicable international law, as a fundamental basis of any strategy to counter terrorism, and requests the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, whenever appropriate, to take into account in its technical assistance programme to counter terrorism the elements necessary for building national capacity in order to strengthen criminal justice systems and the rule of law;

"5. *Requests* the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, within its mandate, to intensify its efforts to continue to systematically develop specialized legal knowledge in the area of counter-terrorism and pertinent thematic areas of relevance to the mandates of the Office and to provide, upon request, technical assistance for building the capacity of Member States to ratify and implement the international conventions and protocols related to terrorism, especially through the preparation of technical tools and publications and the training of criminal justice officials, and requests the Office to report to the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice at its nineteenth and twentieth sessions on the activities of the Office in that regard;

"6. *Also requests* the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, within its mandate and in coordination with the Counter-Terrorism Committee and its Executive Directorate and the Counter-Terrorism Implementation Task Force, to continue to work with international organizations and relevant entities of the United Nations system, as well as with regional and subregional organizations and arrangements, in the delivery of technical assistance, whenever appropriate;

"7. *Expresses its appreciation* to all Member States that have supported the technical assistance activities of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, including through financial contributions, and invites all Member States to consider making additional voluntary financial contributions, as well as providing in-kind support, especially in view of the need for enhanced and effective delivery of technical assistance to assist Member States with the implementation of relevant provisions of the United Nations Global Counter-Terrorism Strategy;

"8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to provide the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime with sufficient resources to carry out activities within its mandate, including in the area of counter-terrorism, and, in the context of the strategy for the period 2008-2011 for the Office, to assist Member States, upon request, in the implementation of the relevant elements of the United Nations Global Counter-Terrorism Strategy;

"9. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its sixty-fifth session a report on the implementation of the present resolution."

United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (agenda item 14 (e))

Enlargement of the Executive Committee of the Programme of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

9. By its decision 2009/252, the Economic and Social Council took note of the request to enlarge the membership of the Executive Committee of the Programme of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees contained in the letter dated 10 March 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Slovenia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (E/2009/47) and recommended that the General Assembly, at its sixty-fourth session, decide on the question of enlarging the membership of the Executive Committee from seventy-eight to seventy-nine States.

Chapter II

Special high-level meeting of the Council with the Bretton Woods institutions, the World Trade Organization and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

1. In accordance with paragraph 2 (a) of General Assembly resolution 61/16 and paragraph 88 of annex I to Assembly resolution 50/227, the Economic and Social Council held a special high-level meeting with the Bretton Woods institutions, the World Trade Organization and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its 5th and 6th meetings, on 27 April 2009. An account of the proceedings is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.5 and 6). For its consideration, the meeting had before it a note by the Secretary-General on coherence, coordination and cooperation in the context of the implementation of the Monterrey Consensus and the Doha Declaration on Financing for Development (E/2009/48).

2. At the 5th meeting, on 27 April 2009, the President of the Council made an introductory statement.

3. At the same meeting, the Secretary-General addressed the meeting.

4. Also at the 5th meeting, statements were made by representatives of the following major institutional stakeholders: the President, Trade and Development Board, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development; the Director-General, International Affairs, Ministry of Finance and Public Credit (Mexico), on behalf of the Chairman, Development Committee; the Deputy Director General, World Trade Organization; and the Deputy Chairman, International Monetary and Finance Committee.

5. At the same meeting, the Senior Adviser to the Senior Vice-President and Chief Economist, World Bank, made a presentation on the *Global Monitoring Report 2009*.

6. Also at its 5th meeting, following a statement by the President, the Council adjourned its plenary meeting and began two parallel informal interactive dialogues of the whole.

Informal interactive dialogue of the whole on theme 1: "Addressing the impact of the global financial and economic crisis on development, including issues related to the international financial and monetary architecture and global governance structures"

7. At its 5th and 6th meetings, on 27 April 2009, the Council held an informal interactive dialogue of the whole on theme 1: "Addressing the impact of the global financial and economic crisis on development, including issues related to the international financial and monetary architecture and global governance structures".

8. At the 5th meeting, on 27 April, the President of the Council made a statement and opened the informal interactive dialogue of the whole on theme 1.

9. Interventions were made by the representatives of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Barbados (on behalf of the Caribbean

Community), Germany, the Sudan (on behalf of the Group of 77 and China), the Netherlands, China, the United States of America, Belarus (on behalf of the Eurasian Economic Community), Brazil, India, Norway and Guatemala and the observers for the Czech Republic (on behalf of the European Union and associated countries), the Islamic Republic of Iran, Slovakia, Thailand (on behalf of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations), Turkey and Italy.

10. A statement was made by the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

11. Statements were also made by the Dean, Board of Directors, and the Executive Directors, World Bank, and the Executive Director, International Monetary Fund.

12. Statements were made by the representatives of the Centre of Concern (civil society), and the eStandards Forum (business sector).

13. At its 6th meeting, on 27 April, the Council continued its informal interactive dialogue of the whole on theme 1. Interventions were made by the representatives of the Plurinational State of Bolivia, Namibia, Japan, the Philippines, the Republic of Korea, Canada, Indonesia, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Uruguay, Pakistan, El Salvador, Malaysia, Algeria, Morocco, Liechtenstein and the Sudan (on behalf of the Group of 77 and China) and the observers for Bangladesh (on behalf of the Group of Least Developed Countries), Mexico (on behalf of the Rio Group), Jamaica, Mali and Spain.

14. A statement was made by the representative of the International Labour Organization.

15. A statement was also made by the Executive Director of the World Bank.

Informal interactive dialogue of the whole on theme 2: "Strengthening of the intergovernmental inclusive process to carry out the financing for development follow-up"

16. At the 6th meeting, on 27 April, the President of the Council made a statement and opened the informal interactive dialogue of the whole on theme 2: "Strengthening of the intergovernmental inclusive process to carry out the financing for development follow-up".

17. Interventions were made by the representatives of Kazakhstan, Japan, Guatemala, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Brazil and the Sudan (on behalf of the Group of 77 and China) and the observers for the Czech Republic (on behalf of the European Union and associated countries), Chile, Argentina, Egypt, the Dominican Republic and Mexico (on behalf of the Rio Group).

18. Statements were also made by the Dean of the Board of Directors and the Executive Directors of the World Bank.

19. Statements were made by the representatives of the Africa Development Interchange Network (civil society) and the International Chamber of Commerce (business sector).

Closing of the meeting

20. At the 6th meeting, on 27 April, the President of the Council summarized the deliberations of the special high-level meeting of the Council with the Bretton Woods institutions, the World Trade Organization and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

Chapter III
High-level segment

Opening of the session

1. The high-level segment of the substantive session of 2009 of the Council was held at its 8th to 16th meetings, from 6 to 9 July 2009. An account of the proceedings is contained in the relevant summary records (see E/2009/SR.8-16).

2. In its decision 2007/272, the Council had decided that the theme for the 2009 annual ministerial review would be "Implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to global public health" (agenda item 2 (b)).

3. In its decision 2008/257, the Council had decided that the theme for its 2009 thematic discussion would be "Current global and national trends and their impact on social development, including public health" (agenda item 2 (c)).

4. For its consideration at the high-level segment, the Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Relevant part of the report of the Committee for Development Policy on its eleventh session, held in New York from 9 to 13 March 2009;[1]

(b) Relevant part of the report of the Secretary-General on regional cooperation in the economic, social and related fields (E/2009/15 and Add.1);

(c) Report of the Secretary-General on the theme of the 2009 high-level segment of the Economic and Social Council: current global and national trends and their impact on social development, including public health (E/2009/53);

(d) Report of the Secretary-General on the theme of the annual ministerial review: implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to global public health (E/2009/81);

(e) World Economic and Social Survey, 2009: Promoting Development, Saving the Planet: overview (E/2009/50);

(f) World economic situation and prospects as of mid-2009 (E/2009/73);

(g) Note by the Secretariat on the contribution of the Commission on Science and Technology for Development to the 2009 Economic and Social Council annual ministerial review (E/2009/101);

(h) Letter dated 4 March 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Finland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/12);

(i) Letter dated 19 May 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/86);

(j) Note verbale dated 28 May 2009 from the Permanent Mission of Sri Lanka to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/88);

[1] *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2009, Supplement No. 13* (E/2009/33).

(k) Letter dated 9 June 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Jamaica to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/93);

(l) Letter dated 4 June 2009 from the Permanent Representative of China to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/94);

(m) Note verbale dated 12 June 2009 from the Permanent Mission of Mali to the United Nations addressed to the secretariat of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/95);

(n) Letter dated 8 June 2009 from the chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Plurinational State of Bolivia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/96);

(o) Letter dated 16 June 2009 from the Permanent Representative of the Sudan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/97);

(p) Letter dated 25 June 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Qatar to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/102);

(q) Note verbale dated 26 June 2009 from the Permanent Mission of China to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/104);

(r) Letter dated 2 July 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Ghana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/106);

(s) Note verbale dated 1 July 2009 from the Permanent Mission of Jamaica to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/109);

(t) Letter dated 15 June 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Sri Lanka to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/111 and Corr.1);

(u) Statement submitted by Asia Darshana, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/1);

(v) Statement submitted by the Fondation Ostad Elahi: éthique et solidarité humaine, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/2);

(w) Statement submitted by China NGO Network for International Exchanges, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/3);

(x) Statement submitted by Legiào da Boa Vontade, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/4);

(y) Statement submitted by Korea Institute of Brain Science, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/5);

(z) Statement submitted by Associazione Comunità Papa Giovanni XXIII, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/6);

(aa) Statement submitted by Association de volontaires pour le service international, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/7);

(bb) Statement submitted by IPAS, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/8);

(cc) Statement submitted by Gray Panthers, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/9);

(dd) Statement submitted by Alulbayt Foundation, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/10);

(ee) Statement submitted by World Vision International, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/11);

(ff) Statement submitted by IUS PRIMI VIRI International Association, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/12);

(gg) Statement submitted by International Women's Health Coalition, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/13);

(hh) Statement submitted by Organisation mondiale des associations pour l'éducation prénatale, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/14);

(ii) Statement submitted by All India Shah Behram Baug Society for Scientific and Educational Research, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/15);

(jj) Statement submitted by American Psychological Association; International Association of Applied Psychology; International Association of Schools of Social Work; International Council of Psychologists; International Federation of Social Workers; International Society for Traumatic Stress Studies; International Union of Psychological Science; Soroptomist International; World Association for Psychosocial Rehabilitation; World Council for Psychotherapy; World Federation for Mental Health; and Zonta International, non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/16);

(kk) Statement submitted by Disabled Peoples International, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/17);

(ll) Statement submitted by Institute of International Social Development, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/18);

(mm) Statement submitted by Family Welfare in Brazil Civil Society, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/19);

(nn) Statement submitted by Council on Health Research for Development, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/20);

(oo) Statement submitted by World Population Foundation, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/21);

(pp) Statement submitted by Global Alliance for Women's Health, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/22);

(qq) Statement submitted by Droit à l'énergie SOS futur, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/23);

(rr) Statement submitted by International Planned Parenthood Federation, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/24);

(ss) Statement submitted by Institute of International Sociology of Gorizia, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/25);

(tt) Statement submitted by World Youth Alliance, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/26);

(uu) Statement submitted by International Psychoanalytical Association Trust, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/27);

(vv) Statement submitted by National Federation of International Immigrant Women Associations, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/28);

(ww) Statement submitted by Convention of Independent Financial Advisors, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/29);

(xx) Statement submitted by Catholics for a Free Choice, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/30);

(yy) Statement submitted by Mujer para la Mujer, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/31);

(zz) Statement submitted by World Federation of Khoja Shia Ithna-Asheri Muslim Communities, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/32);

(aaa) Statement submitted by World Family Organization, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/NGO/33).

5. At the 8th meeting, on 6 July, the President of the Council opened the high-level segment and made a statement.

6. At the same meeting, the Secretary-General of the United Nations addressed the Council.

7. Also at the 8th meeting, the President of the Swiss Confederation, Hans-Rudolf Merz, addressed the Council.

Keynote addresses

8. At its 8th meeting, on 6 July, the Council heard keynote addresses by Her Royal Highness Princess Muna al-Hussein of Jordan; Urmas Paet, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Estonia; and Nicolas Schmit, Delegate Minister for Foreign Affairs and Immigration of Luxembourg.

9. At the same meeting, a statement was made by the lead speaker, Margaret Chan, Director-General of the World Health Organization.

10. Also at the 8th meeting, statements were made by Michael Marmot, Chairman, Commission on Social Determinants of Health, World Health Organization; Cherie Blair, Cherie Blair Foundation for Women; and Sarah Omega Kidangasi, Maternal Health Advocate (Kenya).

Policy messages from the preparatory meetings for the annual ministerial review

11. At its 8th meeting, on 6 July, the Council heard policy messages from Jeffrey Sturchio, President and CEO, Global Health Council; Dr. H. A. P. Kahandaliyanage, Secretary, Ministry of Health Care and Nutrition of Sri Lanka; Chen Zhu, Minister of Health of China; Abdullah bin Khalid Al-Qahtani, Minister of Health of Qatar; Rudyard Spencer, Minister of Health and the Environment of Jamaica; and George Sipa-Adjah Yankey, Minister of Health of Ghana.

Partnerships in health: lessons from multi-stakeholder initiatives

12. At the 9th meeting, on 6 July, following a statement by the President of the Council, statements were made by Michel Sidibé, Executive Director, Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS); Philippe Douste-Blazy, Special Adviser on Innovative Financing for Development and Chairman of the Executive Board of UNITAID; Michel Kazatchkine, Executive Director of the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria; Awa Marie Coll-Seck, Director of the Roll Back Malaria Partnership; Marcos Espinal, Executive Secretary of the Stop TB Partnership; and Natalie Imbruglia, spokesperson for the Campaign to End Fistula, United Nations Population Fund.

13. An exchange of views followed, during which statements were made by the representatives of the Philippines, Brazil, Malaysia and Barbados.

Special event on Africa and the least developed countries

14. At its 12th meeting, on 8 July, the Council held a special event on Africa and the least developed countries, which was co-chaired by the President of the Council and the Under-Secretary-General and Special Adviser on Africa and High Representative for the Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing States and moderated by Daisy Mafubelu, Assistant Director-General, Family and Community Health, World Health Organization.

15. At the same meeting, statements were made by the co-chairs, after which statements were made by the following panellists: Ponmek Dalaloy, Minister of Health, Lao People's Democratic Republic; and George Sipa-Adjah Yankey, Minister of Health, Ghana.

16. Also at the 12th meeting, presentations were made by the following respondents: Klaus Leisinger, President and Executive Director, Novartis Foundation for Sustainable Development; Mike Boyd, Acting Director-General, International Federation of Pharmaceutical Manufacturers and Associations; Francis Omaswa, Executive Director, African Centre for Global Health and Social Transformation; and Michel Kazatchkine, Executive Director, Global Fund.

17. At the same meeting, statements were made by the representatives of Morocco, India, the Sudan, Algeria and Portugal and by the observers for South Africa, Bangladesh, Kenya and the United Republic of Tanzania.

18. Also at the 12th meeting, the Under-Secretary-General and Special Adviser on Africa and High Representative for the Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing States summarized the discussion and the President of the Council made concluding remarks.

A. High-level policy dialogue with the international financial and trade institutions on current developments in the world economy

19. At its 9th meeting, on 6 July, the Council held a high-level policy dialogue with the international financial and trade institutions of the United Nations system on current developments in the world economy (agenda item 2 (a)).

20. At the same meeting, following a statement by the President of the Council, statements were made by the following panellists: Pascal Lamy, Director-General, World Trade Organization; Supachai Panitchpakdi, Secretary-General, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development; Murilo Portugal, Deputy Managing Director, International Monetary Fund; and Joy Phumaphi, Human Development Network, World Bank.

21. Also at the 9th meeting, a presentation on the Global Jobs Pact was made by Juan Somavía, Director-General, International Labour Organization.

22. At the same meeting, during the exchange of views moderated by the Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs, statements were made by the representatives of Guatemala and the Russian Federation and the observers for Jamaica, Kenya, South Africa and the United Republic of Tanzania.

B. Annual ministerial review on the theme "Implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to global public health"

23. At its 10th to 12th meetings, on 7 and 8 July, the Council held its annual ministerial review on the theme "Implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to global public health" (agenda item 2 (b)).

24. At the 10th meeting, on 7 July, the President of the Council made a statement.

25. At the same meeting, the Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs introduced the report of the Secretary-General on the theme of the annual ministerial review, as contained in document E/2009/81.

26. Also at its 10th meeting, the Council began the voluntary national presentations on the theme of the annual ministerial review and heard the presentations by the representatives of Jamaica, Rudyard Spencer, Minister of Health and the Environment, and Dr. Sheila Campbell Forrester, Chief Medical Officer of Health.

27. The Minister responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Brazil, Canada, Namibia, Barbados and New Zealand, after which the moderator, Michael Marmot, Chairman of the Commission on Social Determinants of Health, World Health Organization, made concluding remarks.

28. At the same meeting, the Council heard the voluntary national presentation by the representative of China, Chen Zhu, Minister of Health.

29. The Minister responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Pakistan, Malaysia, the Russian Federation, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela and Indonesia and the observers for Egypt, Cuba, Singapore and Sri Lanka, as well as the representative of the International Organization for Migration, after which the President of the Council made concluding remarks.

30. At its 11th meeting, on 7 July, the Council heard the voluntary national presentation by the representative of Japan, Shintaro Ito, State Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

31. The State Secretary responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Norway and the Philippines and the observers for Cambodia and Zambia, as well as the representative of the United Nations Population Fund.

32. At the same meeting, the Council heard the voluntary national presentation by the representative of the Plurinational State of Bolivia, Johny Suxo, Vice-Minister of Planning.

33. The Vice-Minister responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Brazil, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Uruguay and Barbados and the observers for Cuba, Ecuador and Nicaragua.

34. Also at its 11th meeting, the Council heard the voluntary national presentation by the representative of Mali, Maiga Sina Damba, Minister for the Promotion of Women, Children and Family.

35. The Minister responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Canada, France, Luxembourg, Saint Lucia and Algeria and the

observer for Belgium, after which the moderator and the President of the Council made concluding remarks.

36. At its 12th meeting, on 8 July, the Council heard the voluntary national presentations by the representatives of Sri Lanka: H. A. P. Kahandaliyanage, Secretary, Ministry of Health Care and Nutrition, and W. D. Lakshman, Adviser to the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

37. The presenters responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of India, China, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Pakistan, Algeria, Morocco and the Philippines and the observers for Bangladesh, Cuba and Maldives.

38. At the same meeting, the Council heard the voluntary national presentations by the representatives of the Sudan, Eltigani Fedail, Minister of International Cooperation, and Iqbal Ahmed Al Basheer, Deputy Under-Secretary, Ministry of Health.

39. The presenters responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of China, Algeria, Japan, the Philippines, Brazil, Barbados, Saint Lucia and Kazakhstan and the observer for Cuba.

C. Thematic discussion on the theme "Current global and national trends and their impact on social development, including public health"

40. Parallel to its 14th and 15th meetings, on 9 July, the Council held its thematic discussion on the theme "Current global and national trends and their impact on social development, including public health" (agenda item 2 (c)).

41. Parallel to its 14th meeting, the Council held a thematic round table on "Social trends and emerging challenges and their impact on public health: renewing our commitment to the vulnerable in a time of crisis", which was chaired by the President of the Council and moderated by Anna Tibaijuka, Executive Director of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat).

42. Following statements by the President of the Council and the moderator, presentations were made by the following panellists: Richard Newfarmer, Special Representative of the World Bank to the United Nations and the World Trade Organization, Geneva; Dr. Carissa Etienne, Assistant Director-General, Health Systems and Services, World Health Organization; Assane Diop, Executive Director, Social Protection and Employment, International Labour Organization; Alberto Palloni, Professor of Demography and International Studies, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois; Manuel Carballo, Executive Director, International Centre for Migration and Health; and Marcia Metcalfe, Global Manager, Microfinance and Health Protection Initiative, Freedom from Hunger.

43. The panellists responded to points raised by the representatives of Algeria, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), Malaysia, Saint Lucia, the Republic of Korea, Pakistan, Morocco, Indonesia and Guatemala and the observers for Jamaica and the United Republic of Tanzania, as well as by the respondents, Peter Waldorff, Public Services International, and Janet

Asherson, International Organization of Employers, after which the moderator made concluding remarks.

44. Parallel to the 15th meeting, on 9 July, the Council held a thematic round table on "Trends in aid and aid effectiveness in the health sector", which was chaired by the President of the Council.

45. Following a statement by the President of the Council, presentations were made by the following panellists: Olivier Kamitatu Etsu, Minister of Planning, Democratic Republic of the Congo; Anders Nordström, Director General of the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency; Eckhard Deutscher, Chair, Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development/Development Assistance Committee; Luis Riera Figueras, Director for Development Policy, Directorate General for Development and Relations with the ACP States, European Commission; Francisco Songane, former Minister of Health, Mozambique and former Director of the Partnership for Maternal, Newborn and Child Health; and Helen Evans, Deputy Chief Executive Officer, GAVI Alliance; and a statement was made by the respondent, Marta Monteso Cullell, Coordinator, Action for Global Health.

46. The panellists responded to points raised by the representatives of Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), the Sudan (on behalf of the Group of 77 and China), Brazil, Algeria, Saint Lucia, Morocco, China and Indonesia and the observers for Belgium, Switzerland and Burundi.

D. General debate of the high-level segment

47. At its 13th to 15th meetings, on 8 and 9 July 2009, the Council held the general debate of its high-level segment.

48. At the 13th meeting, on 8 July, the Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs made a statement and introduced the reports of the Secretary-General on the theme of the 2009 high-level segment and the theme of the annual ministerial review, as contained in documents E/2009/53 and E/2009/81, respectively.

49. At the same meeting, following a statement by the President of the Council, the Chairman of the Committee for Development Policy made a statement.

50. Also at its 13th meeting, the Council heard statements by Eltigani S. Fedail, Minister for International Cooperation, Sudan (on behalf of the Group of 77 and China); Anders Nordström, Director General, Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (on behalf of the European Union); Mustafizur Rahman, Chargé d'affaires, Permanent Mission of Bangladesh to the United Nations (on behalf of the Group of Least Developed Countries); Aurelia Frick, Minister for Foreign Affairs, Liechtenstein; Chen Zhu, Minister of Health, China; Preneet Kaur, Minister of State for External Affairs, India; Dr. Richard N. Kamwi, Minister of Health and Social Services, Namibia; Nouzha Skalli, Minister for Social Development, Family and Solidarity, Morocco; David Estwick, Minister of Economic Affairs, Empowerment and Innovation, Trade, Industry and Commerce, Barbados; Dr. Aminath Jameel, Minister of Health and Family, Maldives; Dr. Ali bin Mohammed Bin Moosa, Minister of Health, Oman; Leslie Ramsammy, Minister of Health, Guyana; Konstantin Andreev, Permanent Secretary to the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Bulgaria; Peter Kenneth, Assistant Minister, Ministry of State for

Planning, National Development and Vision 2030, Kenya; Adam Fronczak, Under-Secretary of State, Ministry of Health, Poland; Karin Slowing Umaña, Executive Secretary, Secretariat of the President for Planning, Guatemala; Alexander Padilla, Vice-Minister, Department of Health, Philippines; Julio César Alviárez, Vice-Minister, Resources for Health, Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela; Dr. Mohammed Bin Hamad Bin Al-Thani, Director of Public Health Department, Ministry of Health, Qatar; Marc Sprenger, Director General, National Institute of Public Health and the Environment, Ministry of Health, Welfare and Sport, Netherlands; Martin Dahinden, Director General of the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation, Federal Department of Foreign Affairs, Berne; Hamidon Ali, Permanent Representative of Malaysia to the United Nations, New York; Byrganym Aitimova, Permanent Representative of Kazakhstan to the United Nations, New York; Maria Luiza Ribeiro Viotti, Permanent Representative of Brazil to the United Nations, New York; Robert Fillon, Permanent Representative of Monaco to the United Nations, Geneva; John Sammis, United States Alternate Representative to the Economic and Social Council; Victor Camillari, Permanent Representative of Malta to the United Nations, Geneva; Janos Toth, President, International Association of Economic and Social Councils and Similar Institutions (AICESIS); Trygve Nordby, Under-Secretary-General, International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies; Liberato Bautista, President, Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations in Consultative Relationship with the United Nations; Dr. Gill Greer, Director-General, International Planned Parenthood Federation; Dr. Shigeru Suganami, President, Association of Medical Doctors of Asia; Hilaire Bell, President, Cercle de recherche sur les droits et les devoirs de la personne humaine; and the representative of the IUS PRIMI VIRI International Association.

51. At its 14th meeting, on 9 July, the Council continued the general debate of its high-level segment and heard statements by Mohammed Al-Humaimidi, Minister Plenipotentiary, Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Iraq; Dr. H. A. P. Kahandaliyanage, Secretary, Ministry of Health Care and Nutrition, Sri Lanka; Omar Abusabiaa, Director of Planning Institute, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya; Lazare Makayat Safouesse, Chief of Department of Multilateral Affairs, Congo; Sung-joo Lee, Permanent Representative of the Republic of Korea to the United Nations, Geneva; Ahmet Üzümcü, Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations, Geneva; Valery Loschinin, Permanent Representative of the Russian Federation to the United Nations, Geneva; Gonzalo Gutiérrez, Permanent Representative of Peru to the United Nations, New York; Carlos Portales, Permanent Representative of Chile to the United Nations, Geneva; Dian Triansyah Djani, Permanent Representative of Indonesia to the United Nations, Geneva; S.B.C. Servansing, Permanent Representative of Mauritius to the United Nations, Geneva; Jean-Baptiste Mattéi, Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations, Geneva; Alejandro Artucio, Permanent Representative of Uruguay to the United Nations, Geneva; Carmen María Gallardo Hernández, Permanent Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations, New York; Idris Jazairy, Permanent Representative of Algeria to the United Nations, Geneva; Dinesh Bhattarai, Permanent Representative of Nepal to the United Nations, Geneva; Chitsaka Chipaziwa, Permanent Representative of Zimbabwe to the United Nations, Geneva; Morten Wetland, Permanent Representative of Norway to the United Nations, New York; Hamid Baiedinejad, Deputy Permanent Representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations, Geneva; Andrei Savinih, Chargé d'affaires of the Permanent Mission of Belarus to the United Nations, Geneva; Jorge Ferrer Rodríguez, Chargé d'affaires of

the Permanent Mission of Cuba to the United Nations, Geneva; Phillip Tissot, Deputy Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations, Geneva; Asad Majeed Khan, Minister, Permanent Mission of Pakistan to the United Nations, New York; and Archbishop Silvano M. Tomasi, Apostolic Nuncio and Permanent Observer for the Holy See to the United Nations, Geneva.

52. At its 15th meeting, on 9 July, the Council continued the general debate of its high-level segment general debate and heard statements by Angelica Navarro, Permanent Representative of the Plurinational State of Bolivia to the United Nations, Geneva; Marie Thérèse Pictet-Althann, Permanent Observer for the Sovereign Military Order of Malta, Geneva; Dr. Davide Mosca, Director, Migration Health Department, International Organization for Migration; Harry S. Jooseery, Executive Director, Partners in Population and Development; James Jennings, Executive Officer, Inter-Parliamentary Union; Esmé Berkhout, Policy Adviser, Oxfam International; Abha Bahadur, Senior Vice-President, Sulabh International Social Service Organization; and Eylah Kadjar-Hamouda, Coordinator, Terre des Hommes International Federation.

E. Ministerial declaration of the high-level segment

Action taken by the Council

53. At the 16th meeting, on 9 July 2009, the President of the Council made a statement and introduced the advance unedited text of the draft ministerial declaration of the 2009 high-level segment (E/2009/L.12 and Corr.1) entitled "Implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to global public health", which was circulated in an informal paper, in English only.

54. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft ministerial declaration by consensus.

55. Also at the 16th meeting, statements were made by the representatives of Japan, the United States of America, Kazakhstan, the Sudan (on behalf of the Group of 77 and China), Sweden (on behalf of the European Union) and Barbados.

56. The text of the ministerial declaration read as follows:

"Ministerial declaration of the 2009 high-level segment of the Economic and Social Council

"Implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to global public health

"*We, the Ministers and Heads of Delegations, participating in the high-level segment of the substantive session of the Economic and Social Council, held in Geneva from 6 to 9 July 2009,*

"*Having considered* the themes of the high-level segment, 'Implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to global public health' and 'Current global and national trends and their impact on social development, including public health',

"*Recalling* the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields, especially those related to global health,

"*Recognizing* the leading role of the World Health Organization as the primary specialized agency for health, including its roles and functions with regard to health policy in accordance with its mandate,

"*Recognizing also* that everyone has the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health,

"*Recalling* that health is a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity,

"*Having considered* the reports of the Secretary-General[1] and the deliberations held during the high-level segment,

"*Taking note with appreciation* of the voluntary initiatives of the Governments of China, Ghana, Jamaica, Qatar and Sri Lanka to host regional preparatory ministerial meetings in Beijing, Accra, Montego Bay, Doha and Colombo, respectively, for the annual ministerial review,[2]

"*Welcoming* the voluntary national presentations made by China, Jamaica, Japan, Mali, the Plurinational State of Bolivia, Sri Lanka and the Sudan,[3]

"*Expressing concern* at the adverse impact of the global financial and economic crisis on the realization of the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals, particularly the health-related Millennium Development Goals, and on the ability of developing countries to gain access to the financing necessary for their development objectives, in particular those related to public health,

"*Recognizing* that the Millennium Development Goals are interlinked and expressing our concern that progress on achieving some of them is lagging, and reiterating our commitment to continue reinvigorating and strengthening the global partnership for development, as a vital element for achieving these goals, in particular the health-related goals,

"*Have adopted* the following declaration:

"1. We reaffirm our commitment to the achievement of the internationally agreed development goals, including Millennium Development Goals, particularly those related to health, in a timely manner and we reiterate our resolve to expedite realization of the United Nations development agenda.

"2. We recognize that health and poverty are interlinked and that achieving the health-related goals is central to sustainable development.

"3. We reaffirm that good public health is better achieved through a combination of good public-health policies including multisectoral policies that stress better nutrition, safe drinking water, hygiene, sanitation and sustainable urbanization, and effectively combat major risk factors.

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[1] E/2009/53 and E/2009/81.

[2] See E/2009/104, E/2009/106, E/2009/109, E/2009/102 and E/2009/88, respectively.

[3] See E/2009/94, E/2009/93, E/2009/86, E/2009/95, E/2009/96, E/2009/111 and Corr.1 and E/2009/97, respectively.

"4. We reiterate that each country has primary responsibility for its own economic and social development and that national policies, domestic resources and development strategies cannot be overemphasized. We are determined to develop and strengthen comprehensive, multisectoral, integrated people-centred and results-oriented approaches to achieving the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals, in order to achieve improved health outcomes and health equity for all among and within countries. We call for political leadership, empowerment of communities and engagement of all stakeholders, including individuals, for attaining these goals with renewed vigour and in the spirit of global solidarity.

"5. We emphasize the need for urgent and collective efforts to improve public health and address the public-health challenges exacerbated by the current and emerging global 'interrelated' challenges, in particular:

"(a) The global financial and economic crisis, which is undermining, by slowing or reversing, the development gains of developing countries in the achievement of the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals;

"(b) The food crisis and continuing food insecurity in many countries, which have affected global health, especially the overall nutrition levels of populations in developing countries, and the social and economic consequences which have direct negative impacts and impair nutritional status;

"(c) Climate change, which poses serious health risks and challenges to all countries, particularly developing countries, especially the least developed countries, landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and countries in Africa, including those that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change.

"6. We emphasize the need for further international cooperation to meet emerging, new and unforeseen threats and epidemics, such as the current influenza A (H1N1) virus pandemic, and H5N1 and other influenza viruses with pandemic potential, and acknowledge the growing health problem of antimicrobial resistance.

"7. We recognize the need for a fair, transparent, equitable and efficient framework for the sharing of H5N1 and other influenza viruses with human pandemic potential, and for the sharing of benefits, including access to and distribution of affordable diagnostics and treatments, including vaccines, to those in need, especially in developing countries, in a timely manner. We call for strengthening surveillance and response capacity at the national, regional and international levels through the full implementation of the International Health Regulations.[4]

"8. We emphasize the need to strengthen health information systems and the need for the timely transmission of relevant data to the World Health Organization and similar bodies, when novel infection emerges, so as to build essential knowledge regarding the characteristics of the disease; and we call for increased preparedness, as well as capacity-building for risk assessment and technology transfer for risk response in developing countries.

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[4] *International Health Regulations* (2005), 2nd ed. (Geneva, World Health Organization, 2008).

"9. We reaffirm our commitment to strengthening health systems that deliver equitable health outcomes as a basis of a comprehensive approach. This will require appropriate attention to, inter alia, health financing, the health workforce, procurement and distribution of medicines and vaccines, infrastructure, information systems, service delivery and political will in leadership and governance.

"10. We recognize the role of social determinants in health outcomes and take note of the conclusions and recommendations formulated by the Commission on Social Determinants of Health,[5] which aim to improve living conditions, tackle the inequitable distribution of resources, and measure, understand and assess their impact. We call upon the international community to support efforts of States to address the social determinants of health and to strengthen their public policies aimed at promoting full access to health and social protection for, inter alia, the most vulnerable sectors of society, including through, as appropriate, action plans to promote risk-pooling and pro-poor social protection schemes, and to include support for the efforts of developing countries in building up and improving basic social protection floors.

"11. We reaffirm our commitment to eliminating hunger and to securing food for all, today and tomorrow, and reiterate that relevant United Nations organizations should be assured the resources needed to expand and enhance their food assistance, and support safety net programmes designed to address hunger and malnutrition, when appropriate, through the use of local or regional purchase.

"12. We emphasize the importance of the promotion and protection of all human rights for all and their important interrelationship with global public health, development, poverty eradication, education, gender equality and empowerment of women.

"13. We call for action to promote gender equality and the empowerment of women and concerted action to ensure the equal access of women and girls to education, basic services, including primary health care, economic opportunities and decision-making at all levels.

"14. We stress the importance of addressing stereotypes and eliminating all harmful practices which constrain the achievement of gender equality and empowerment of women, including through concerted efforts to counteract violence against women and girls, which constitutes a severe threat to physical and mental health. We further stress the importance of strengthening the participation of women in decision-making processes and developing gender-sensitive multisectoral health policies and programmes in order to address their needs.

"15. While noting that some progress has been made in the past decade in advancing global health, we express concern at the lack of overall progress in improving global health, as evidenced by across-the-board inequities in

[5] See Commission on Social Determinants of Health, *Closing the Gap in a Generation: Health Equity through Action on the Social Determinants of Health: Final Report of the Commission on Social Determinants of Health* (Geneva, World Health Organization, 2008).

respect of health which persist among and within countries. In particular, we are deeply concerned that maternal health remains one area constrained by some of the largest health inequities in the world and by the slow progress in achieving Millennium Development Goals 4 and 5 on improving child and maternal health. In this context, we call on all States to renew their commitment to preventing and eliminating child and maternal mortality and morbidity, at all levels, which are rising globally at an unacceptably high rate. We call for health system strengthening as a key component of an integrated approach to achieving a rapid and substantial reduction in maternal morbidity and mortality, including through:

"(a) Increased political will, commitment and engagement at the national level supported by international cooperation and assistance to ensure accessibility, availability, acceptability and affordability of health-care services, skilled health workers, facilities, infrastructure and nutritional support for all women and children, with special attention to sub-Saharan Africa;

"(b) Achieving universal access to reproductive health by 2015, through increased political leadership at all levels, allocation of domestic and donor resources and emerging innovative financing and by strengthening basic infrastructure, and specific health interventions, including voluntary family planning, emergency obstetric care and skilled birth attendance;

"(c) Scaling up efforts to achieve integrated management and care of child health, including actions to address the main causes of child mortality, including newborn and infant mortality, these being, inter alia, pneumonia, diarrhoea, malaria and malnutrition, and by developing and/or implementing appropriate national strategies, policies and programmes for child survival, including prevention measures, vaccinations, medicine and improved nutrition, drinking water and sanitation;

"(d) Integrating HIV/AIDS interventions into programmes for primary health care, sexual and reproductive health, and mother and child health, including strengthening efforts to eliminate the mother-to-child transmission of HIV.

"16. We call for the full and effective implementation of the Beijing Platform for Action,[6] the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD) Programme of Action[7] and the outcomes of their review conferences,[8] including the commitments relating to sexual and reproductive health, and the promotion and protection of all human rights in this context. We emphasize the need for the provision of universal access to reproductive health, including family planning and sexual health, and the integration of reproductive health in national strategies and programmes.

"17. We recognize that communicable diseases which have been prioritized by the Millennium Development Goals, such as HIV/AIDS, malaria

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[6] *Report of the Fourth World Conference on Women, Beijing, 4-15 September 1995* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.96.IV.13), chap. I, resolution 1, annex II.

[7] *Report of the International Conference on Population and Development, Cairo, 5-13 September 1994* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.95.XIII.18), chap. I, resolution 1, annex.

[8] General Assembly resolution S-23/2, annex, and resolution S-23/3, annex; and resolution S-21/2, annex.

and tuberculosis, as well as other communicable diseases and neglected tropical diseases, pose severe risks for the entire world and serious challenges to the achievement of development goals. In this regard, we emphasize the urgency of:

"(a) Significantly scaling up efforts towards meeting the goal of ensuring universal access to HIV prevention, treatment, care and support by 2010 and the goal of halting and reversing the spread of HIV/AIDS by 2015. We commit ourselves, with the support of international cooperation and multisectoral partnerships, to maximizing synergies between the HIV/AIDS response and strengthening of health systems and social support;

"(b) Enhancing policies established to address the challenges of malaria by strengthening effective prevention and treatment strategies, including ensuring the availability of affordable, good-quality and effective medicines, including artemisinin-based therapy, as well as long-lasting insecticide-treated bednets. Further, in this regard, we welcome the Global Malaria Action Plan developed by the Roll Back Malaria Partnership, which offers, for the first time, a comprehensive plan for combating malaria in the short, medium and long terms, and the Affordable Medicines Facility for malaria;

"(c) Sustaining and strengthening the gains made in combating tuberculosis, and developing innovative strategies for tuberculosis prevention, detection and treatment, including strategies for dealing with new threats such as co-infection with HIV/AIDS, multi drug resistant tuberculosis and extensively drug-resistant tuberculosis;

"(d) Cooperating and further strengthening efforts to control and eliminate neglected tropical diseases, including by accelerating further research and development, developing innovative medicines and adopting prevention strategies;

"(e) Eradicating poliomyelitis worldwide and intensifying immunization activities and country-specific strategies to address the remaining barriers to stopping poliomyelitis transmission, including in developing countries;

"(f) Halving by 2015 the proportion of the population without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation as a means of fighting waterborne diseases.

"18. We also recognize that the emergence of non-communicable diseases is imposing a heavy burden on society, one with serious social and economic consequences, and that there is a need to respond to cardiovascular diseases, cancers, diabetes and chronic respiratory diseases, which represent a leading threat to human health and development. In this regard, we:

"(a) Call for urgent action to implement the World Health Organization Global Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Non-Communicable Diseases and its related Action Plan;

"(b) Recognize that diabetes is a chronic, debilitating and costly disease associated with severe complications;

"(c) Stress the need to scale up care for mental health conditions, including prevention, treatment and rehabilitation;

"(d) Reaffirm the importance of the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control[9] within the sphere of global public health and call upon States parties to the Convention to fully implement it.

"19. We express concern at the continued increase in road traffic fatalities and injuries worldwide, in particular in developing countries, and draw attention to the need to build public awareness and to improve and implement legislation to prevent such accidents. We call for the implementation of existing General Assembly resolutions and welcome the recent initiatives aimed at addressing global road safety issues and strengthening international cooperation in this field.

"20. We note with concern the lack of health workers as well as their imbalanced distribution within countries and throughout the world, in particular the shortage in sub-Saharan Africa, which undermines the health systems of developing countries. In this regard, we emphasize the need for countries to review policies, including recruitment policies and retention policies that exacerbate this problem. We underline the importance of national and international actions, including the development of health workforce plans, which are necessary to increase universal access to health services, including in remote and rural areas, taking into account the challenges facing developing countries in the retention of skilled health personnel. We encourage the finalization of a code of practice on international recruitment of health personnel.

"21. We reaffirm the values and principles of primary health care, including equity, solidarity, social justice, universal access to services, multisectoral action, transparency, accountability and community participation and empowerment, as the basis for strengthening health systems, and recall in this regard the Declaration of Alma-Ata.[10] We recognize the importance of providing comprehensive primary health-care services, including health promotion, and universal access to disease prevention, curative care and palliative care and rehabilitation that are integrated and coordinated according to needs, while ensuring effective referral systems.

"22. We stress the importance of multisectoral and inter-ministerial approaches in formulating and implementing national policies that are crucial for promoting and protecting health. We reiterate that Governments will play the central role, in collaboration with civil society organizations, including academia, and the private sector, in implementing national strategies and action plans on social services delivery, and in making progress towards ensuring more equitable health outcomes.

"23. We recognize the close relationship between foreign policy and global health and their interdependence, and in that regard also recognize that global health challenges require concerted and sustained efforts by the international community. We look forward to continuing discussions on this issue.[11]

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[9] Geneva, World Health Organization, 2003 (updated reprint 2004).

[10] See *Report of the International Conference on Primary Health Care, Alma-Ata, Kazakhstan, 6-12 September 1978* (Geneva, World Health Organization, 1978).

[11] Pursuant to General Assembly resolution 63/33 of 26 November 2008.

"24. We underline the health and rehabilitation needs of victims of terrorism, encompassing both physical and mental health.

"25. We underline our commitment to developing and implementing national strategies that promote public health in programmes or actions that respond to challenges faced by all populations affected by conflict, natural disasters and other humanitarian emergencies, and acknowledge that inequities in access to health care can increase during times of crises, and that special efforts should be made to maintain primary health care functions during these periods, as well as to ensure that the needs of the poorest and most vulnerable are met during the post-crisis, peacebuilding and early recovery stages.

"26. We underline the need of people living in situations of armed conflict and foreign occupation for a functioning public-health system, including access to health care and services.

"27. We call upon all countries to strengthen institutional capacity to pursue longer-term health and development goals and fulfil the need to discharge essential public-health functions as part of the broader post-humanitarian assistance crisis recovery strategy.

"28. We underline the importance of establishing effective financial strategies for health care, including allocating to Government health budgets increased resources and/or using resources more efficiently.

"29. We acknowledge the contribution of aid targeted towards the health sector, while recognizing that much more needs to be done. We call for the fulfilment of all official development assistance-related commitments, including the commitments by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance by 2015 and to reach the target of at least 0.5 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance by 2010, as well as the target of 0.15-0.20 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance to least developed countries, and urge those developed countries that have not done so to make concrete efforts in this regard in accordance with their commitments.

"30. We welcome increasing efforts to improve the quality of official development assistance and to increase its development impact. The Development Cooperation Forum of the Economic and Social Council, along with recent initiatives such as the High-level Forums on Aid Effectiveness, which produced the 2005 Paris Declaration on Aid Effectiveness and the 2008 Accra Agenda for Action,[12] make important contributions to the efforts of those countries that have committed to them, including through the adoption of the fundamental principles of national ownership, alignment, harmonization and managing for results. We should also bear in mind that there is no one-size-fits-all formula that will guarantee effective assistance. The specific situation of each country needs to be fully considered.

"31. We urge further strengthening of international cooperation in the area of health, inter alia, through exchange of best practices in the areas of health systems strengthening, access to medicines, training of health personnel, transfer of technology and production of affordable, safe, effective

[12] A/63/539, annex.

and good-quality medicine, and we welcome in this regard South-South, North-South and triangular cooperation and recognize that the commitment to explore opportunities for further South-South cooperation entails seeking not a substitute for but rather a complement to North-South cooperation.

"32. We stress that international cooperation and assistance, in particular external funding, need to become more predictable and should be better aligned with national priorities and channelled to recipient countries in ways that strengthen national health systems. We acknowledge the progress made on new, voluntary and innovative financing approaches and initiatives. We take note of the work and recommendations of the Leading Group on Innovative Financing for Development, as well as the findings of the High-level Task Force on Innovative International Financing for Health Systems. We acknowledge that innovative financing mechanisms should supplement, and not be a substitute for, traditional sources of finance.

"33. Although the financial and economic crisis has affected all countries, it is important to take into account the varying impacts and challenges of the crisis on the different categories of developing countries. The crisis is further endangering the achievement of their national development objectives, as well as the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals. We are particularly concerned about the impact on countries in special situations, particularly least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, and on African countries and countries emerging from conflict. We are equally concerned about the specific development challenges faced by middle-income countries and low-income countries with vulnerable and poor populations.

"34. We recall the Global Strategy and Plan of Action on Public Health, Innovation and Intellectual Property[13] and urge States, the relevant international organizations and other relevant stakeholders to support actively its wide implementation.

"35. We reaffirm the right to use, to the full, the provisions contained in the Agreement on Trade-related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights,[14] the Doha Declaration on the Agreement on Trade-related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights and Public Health,[15] the decision of the World Trade Organization General Council of 30 August 2003 on the impiementation of paragraph 6 of the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and public health,[16] and, when formal acceptance procedures are completed, the amendment to article 31 of the Agreement, which provide flexibilities for the protection of public health, and, in particular, to promote access to medicines for all, and encourage the provision of assistance to developing countries in this regard. We also call for a broad and timely acceptance of the amendment to article 31 of the Agreement on Trade-related Aspects of Intellectual

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[13] See World Health Organization, *Sixty-first World Health Assembly, Geneva, 19-24 May 2008, Resolutions and Decisions, Annexes* (WHA 61/2008/REC/1), World Health Assembly resolution 61.21.

[14] See *Legal Instruments Embodying the Results of the Uruguay Round of Multilateral Trade Negotiations, done at Marrakesh on 15 April 1994* (GATT secretariat publication, Sales No. GATT/1994-7).

[15] World Trade Organization, document WT/MIN(01)/DEC/2.

[16] World Trade Organization, document WT/L/540 and Corr.1.

Property Rights, as proposed by the World Trade Organization General Council in its decision of 6 December 2005.[17]

"36. We encourage all States to apply measures and procedures for enforcing intellectual property rights in such a manner as to avoid creating barriers to the legitimate trade of medicines and to provide for safeguards against the abuse of such measures and procedures.

"37. We recognize the impact that working conditions can have on health status, health equity and general well-being. Improving employment and working conditions at global, national, and local levels, in particular to reduce exposure to work-related physical and psychosocial hazards, would help to reduce negative health effects of the environment in which people work. We emphasize the need to devise and implement policies to ensure the health and safety of workers in line with relevant International Labour Organization standards.

"38. We further recognize that pollution and other relevant forms of environmental degradation have serious implications for public health.

"39. We reaffirm our resolve to address the adverse impact of climate change on global public health and call for successful conclusions of the intergovernmental negotiations on climate change under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.[18]

"40. We recognize traditional medicine as one of the resources of primary health care services which could contribute to improved health-care services leading to improved health outcomes, including those targeted in the Millennium Development Goals. We urge States, in accordance with national capacities, priorities, relevant legislation and circumstances, to respect and preserve the knowledge of traditional medicine, treatments and practices, appropriately based on the circumstances in each country, and on evidence of safety, efficacy and quality.

"41. We stress that health literacy is an important factor in ensuring significant health outcomes and in this regard, call for the development of appropriate action plans to promote health literacy.

"42. We reaffirm the need to develop, make use of, and improve national health information systems and research capacity with, as appropriate, the support of international cooperation, in order to measure the health of national populations, with disaggregated data, so that health inequities can be detected and the impact of policies on health equity measured.

"43. We are committed to promoting research and development, knowledge-sharing and provision and use of information and communications technology for health, including through facilitating affordable access by all countries, especially developing countries.

"44. We express our unwavering resolve to implement the present declaration."

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[17] World Trade Organization, document WT/L/641.

[18] United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1771, No. 30822.

Closure of the high-level segment

57. At the 16th meeting, on 9 July, following a concluding statement by the President of the Council, a statement was made by the Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs.

58. At the same meeting, the President of the Council declared that the high-level segment of the substantive session of 2009 of the Council was closed.

Chapter IV
Operational activities segment

Operational activities of the United Nations for international development cooperation (agenda item 3)

1. The Council considered agenda item 3 at its 23rd to 27th and 32nd meetings, from 15 to 17 and on 22 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.23-27 and 32). For its consideration of item 3 as a whole, the Council had before it the report of the Joint Inspection Unit on the national execution of technical cooperation projects (JIU/REP/2008/4), as contained in document E/2009/103.

2. At the 23rd meeting, on 15 July, the Vice-President of the Council, Carmen María Gallardo Hernández (El Salvador), opened the operational activities segment and made a statement.

3. At the same meeting, the Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs made an introductory statement.

4. The Secretary explained the non-availability of the report of the High-level Committee on South-South Cooperation on its sixteenth session (A/63/39), under agenda item 3 (c).

5. At the 24th meeting, on 15 July, an Inspector of the Joint Inspection Unit brought to the attention of the Council the findings contained in the report of the Unit on the national execution of technical cooperation projects, as contained in document E/2009/103.

Action taken by the Council

6. Under agenda item 3 as a whole, the Council adopted decision 2009/215.

Documentation considered by the Council in connection with agenda item 3

7. At its 32nd meeting, on 22 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Carmen María Gallardo Hernández (El Salvador), the Council decided to take note of a number of documents considered in connection with agenda item 3. See Council decision 2009/215.

A. Follow-up to policy recommendations of the General Assembly and the Council (agenda item 3 (a))

8. The Council considered agenda item 3 (a) at its 23rd, 24th, 26th, 27th and 32nd meetings, from 15 to 17 and on 22 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.23, 24, 26, 27 and 32). For its consideration of item 3 (a), the Council had before it the following documents:

Under agenda item 3 (a)

(a) Report of the Secretary-General on the comprehensive statistical analysis of the financing of operational activities for development of the United Nations system for 2007 (A/64/75-E/2009/59);

(b) Report of the Secretary-General on the actions taken by the executive boards and governing bodies of the United Nations funds, programmes and specialized agencies in the area of simplification and harmonization of the United Nations development system (E/2009/61);

(c) Report of the Secretary-General on the results achieved and measures and processes implemented in follow-up to General Assembly resolution 62/208 on the triennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development of the United Nations system (E/2009/68);

(d) Report of the Secretary-General on the human resources challenges within the United Nations development system at the country level (E/2009/75);

(e) Report of the Secretary-General on the functioning of the resident coordinator system, including costs and benefits (E/2009/76);

(f) Note by the Secretary-General: review of trends and perspectives in funding for development cooperation (E/2009/85).

Dialogue on the current economic, food and climate change crises and their effects on the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals: the role of United Nations system's support to national efforts

9. At its 23rd meeting, on 15 July, the Council held a panel discussion on the theme "The current economic, food and climate change crises and their effects on the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals: the role of United Nations system's support to national efforts", under the chairmanship of the Vice-President of the Council, Mrs. Carmen María Gallardo Hernández (El Salvador).

10. Presentations were made by the following panellists: Luis Reyes, Senior Economist, Dominican Republic; Noeleen Heyzer, Executive Secretary, Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, and Coordinator of the Regional Commissions; Staffan de Mistura, Deputy Executive Director, World Food Programme; George Dragnich, Executive Director for Social Dialogue, International Labour Organization; Jessica Faieta, United Nations Resident Coordinator in El Salvador; and Jim Butler, Deputy Director-General, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.

11. The panellists responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), the Sudan, El Salvador, Iraq, Norway, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela and the United States of America, and the observer for the Arab Commission for Human Rights, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council.

Dialogue on United Nations system funding

12. At its 24th meeting on 15 July, the Council held a dialogue on United Nations system funding.

13. The dialogue was chaired by the Vice-President of the Council, Carmen María Gallardo Hernández (El Salvador).

14. Presentations were made by Michel Goffin, Head, United Nations and Bretton Woods institutions, Belgium Federal Public Service Foreign Affairs, Foreign Trade and Development Cooperation; and Ramadhani M. Khijjah, Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Finance and Economic Affairs of the United Republic of Tanzania, and Chair, Joint United Nations/Government Steering Committee.

15. The panellists responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Norway and the observer for the Arab Commission for Human Rights, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council.

Dialogue with United Nations country teams on "Strengthening the United Nations country team's coherent support to public health"

16. At its 27th meeting, on 17 July, the Council held a dialogue with United Nations country teams on "Strengthening the United Nations country team's coherent support to public health", under the chairmanship of the Vice-President of the Council, Carmen María Gallardo Hernández (El Salvador), who made an opening statement.

17. Presentations were made by the following panellists: Khushnood Lashari, Secretary of Health, Ministry of Health, Pakistan; Dr. Khalif Bile Mohamud, World Health Organization representative, Pakistan; Adani Illo, Permanent Representative of the Niger to the United Nations Office at Geneva; Khardiata Lo N'Diaye, Resident Coordinator, Niger; Dr. Juan Manuel Sotelo, Pan American Health Organization Area Manager of External Relations, Resource Mobilization and Partnerships, Latin America Regional Directors Team, Panama.

18. The panellists responded to comments made by the representative of France and the observer for Belgium.

19. At the request of Mr. Illo and Mrs. Lo N'Diaye, Souley Rabi Maitournam, Director of Statistics, Monitoring and Epidemic Readiness, Niger, and Tarande Constant Manzila, Resident Representative, World Health Organization, Niger, provided additional information.

Action taken by the Council

20. Under agenda item 3 (a), the Council adopted resolution 2009/1 and decision 2009/214.

Progress in the implementation of General Assembly resolution 62/208 on the triennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development of the United Nations system

21. At its 32nd meeting, on 22 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "Progress in the implementation of General Assembly resolution 62/208 on the triennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development of the United Nations system" (E/2009/L.18), submitted by the Vice-President of the

Council, Carmen María Gallardo Hernández (El Salvador), on the basis of informal consultations.

22. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/1.

Operational activities for development

23. At its 32nd meeting, on 22 July, the Council had before it a draft decision entitled "Operational activities for development" (E/2009/L.15), submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Carmen María Gallardo Hernández (El Salvador), on the basis of informal consultations.

24. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision. See Council decision 2009/214.

B. Reports of the Executive Boards of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund, the United Nations Children's Fund and the World Food Programme (agenda item 3 (b))

25. The Council considered agenda item 3 (b) at its 25th to 27th and 32nd meetings, on 16, 17 and 22 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.25-27 and 32). For its consideration of item 3 (b), the Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund on its first, second and annual sessions of 2008;[1]

(b) Report of the Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund on its work during 2008;[2]

(c) Report of the Executive Board of the World Food Programme on its first and second regular sessions and annual session of 2008;[3]

(d) Report to the Economic and Social Council of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme and the Executive Director of the United Nations Population Fund (E/2009/5);

(e) Annual report to the Economic and Social Council of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund at its first regular session of 2009 (E/2009/6-E/ICEF/2009/3);

(f) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the annual report of the World Food Programme for 2008 (E/2009/14);

(g) Report of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund on the work of its 2009 first regular session (E/2009/34 (Part I)-E/ICEF/2009/7 (Part I));

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[1] *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2008, Supplement No. 14* (E/2008/34/Rev.1).

[2] Ibid., *Supplement No. 15* (E/2008/35).

[3] Ibid., *2009, Supplement No. 16* (E/2009/36).

(h) Addendum to the report of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund on the work of its first regular session of 2009: joint meeting of the Executive Boards of UNDP/UNFPA, UNICEF and WFP (E/2009/34 (Part I)/Add.1-E/ICEF/2009/7 (Part I)/Add.1);

(i) Extract from the report of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund on its 2009 annual session (8-10 June 2009): decisions adopted by the Executive Board at its annual session of 2009 (E/2009/L.11);

(j) Report of the Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund on its first regular session 2009 (DP/2009/9);

(k) Report of the Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund on its annual session 2009 (DP/2009/26).

26. At its 25th meeting, on 16 July, under the chairmanship of the Vice-President of the Council, Carmen María Gallardo Hernández (El Salvador), the Council held a panel discussion with heads of United Nations funds and programmes. The Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs, who served as moderator, also made a statement.

27. Presentations and introductory statements were made by the following panellists: Helen Clark, Administrator, United Nations Development Programme, and Chairperson, United Nations Development Group; Thoraya Obaid, Executive Director, United Nations Population Fund; Ann M. Veneman, Executive Director, United Nations Children's Fund; and Staffan de Mistura, Deputy Executive Director, World Food Programme.

28. The panellists responded to comments made by the representatives of the United States of America, Sweden, Iraq, Pakistan, the Plurinational State of Bolivia, the Russian Federation, Norway, Malaysia, the Philippines, the Netherlands, China and France and the observer for Belgium.

29. At its 26th meeting, on 16 July, the Council continued its dialogue session and heard presentations by Ms. Clark and Dr. Denis Aitken, Assistant Director-General, World Health Organization, and Vice-Chairperson, High-level Committee on Management, United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination, on selected themes of the triennial comprehensive policy review.

30. The panellists responded to comments made by the representatives of Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), Norway, Brazil, Pakistan, the Netherlands, France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and New Zealand and the observers for the Czech Republic and Spain.

Action taken by the Council

31. Under agenda item 3 (b), the Council adopted resolution 2009/2.

Appointment of the Executive Director of the United Nations Population Fund

32. At the 32nd meeting, on 22 July, the representative of New Zealand, on behalf of New Zealand and Norway, introduced a draft resolution entitled "Appointment of

the Executive Director of the United Nations Population Fund" (E/2009/L.19). Subsequently, Canada, Malawi, the Netherlands, Saudi Arabia and Sweden joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

33. At the same meeting, following a statement by the representative of Brazil and clarification provided by the Director, Office of Economic and Social Council Support and Coordination, Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, and the Secretary of the Council, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/2.

C. South-South cooperation for development

34. Under agenda item 3 (c), the Council adopted decision 2009/216.

Report of the High-level Committee on South-South Cooperation on its sixteenth session

35. At the 32nd meeting, on 22 July, the Council decided to defer its consideration of the report of the High-level Committee on South-South Cooperation on its sixteenth session to its substantive session in 2010. See Council decision 2009/216.

Chapter V
Coordination segment

The role of the United Nations system in implementing the ministerial declaration of the high-level segment of the substantive session of 2008 of the Economic and Social Council (agenda item 4)

1. The Council considered agenda item 4 at its 18th to 22nd and 45th meetings, on 10, 13, 14 and 31 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.18-22 and 45). For its consideration of item 4, the Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Secretary-General on the progress made in the implementation of and follow-up to the World Summit on the Information Society outcomes at the regional and international levels (A/64/64-E/2009/10);

(b) Report of the Secretary-General on the theme of the coordination segment: the role of the United Nations system in implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to sustainable development (E/2009/56);

(c) Report of the Secretary-General on the role of the Economic and Social Council in the integrated and coordinated implementation of the outcomes of and follow-up to major United Nations conferences and summits, in the light of relevant General Assembly resolutions, including resolution 61/16 (A/64/87-E/2009/89).

2. At the 18th meeting, on 10 July, the Vice-President of the Council, Somduth Soborun (Mauritius), made an opening statement.

3. At the same meeting, the Assistant Secretary-General for Policy Coordination and Inter-Agency Affairs made a statement.

4. At the 19th meeting, on 13 July, the Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs made an introductory statement.

5. At the 21st meeting, on 14 July, the Assistant Secretary-General for Policy Coordination and Inter-Agency Affairs and the Chief of the Science, Technology and ICT Branch of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development made introductory statements.

Panel discussion: "The role of the United Nations system in promoting sustainable development in the context of current challenges"

6. At its 18th meeting, on 10 July, the Council held a panel discussion on the role of the United Nations system in promoting sustainable development in the context of current challenges. The Vice-President of the Council, Somduth Soborun (Mauritius), made an opening statement.

7. The Assistant Secretary-General for Policy Coordination and Inter-Agency Affairs and Secretary of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination served as moderator.

8. The following panellists made presentations: Michel Jarraud, Secretary-General, World Meteorological Organization; Annika Söder, Assistant Director-

General, Office of the United Nations Coordination and Millennium Development Goals Follow-up, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations; and Christophe Bouvier, Director, Regional Office for Europe, United Nations Environment Programme.

9. The panellists responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Canada, Namibia, Pakistan and Brazil.

Panel discussion: "The impacts of the financial and economic crises on sustainable development, particularly their social implications"

10. At its 20th meeting, on 13 July, the Council held a panel discussion on the impacts of the financial and economic crises on sustainable development, particularly their social implications. The Vice-President of the Council, Somduth Soborun (Mauritius), made an opening statement.

11. The following panellists made presentations: Helen Clark, Administrator, United Nations Development Programme; Juan Somavía, Director-General, International Labour Organization; Antonio Maria Costa, Executive Director, United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime; Noeleen Heyzer, Executive Secretary, Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific; Harsha V. Singh, Deputy Director-General, World Trade Organization; and Hilde Johnson, Deputy Executive Director, United Nations Children's Fund.

12. The panellists responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Malaysia, France, Namibia, Brazil, Pakistan, Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), the Philippines and Algeria and the observer for CIVICUS: World Alliance for Citizen Participation, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council.

13. At the same meeting, the Assistant Secretary-General for Policy Coordination and Inter-Agency Affairs made concluding remarks.

Round table: "Towards a United Nations comprehensive response to the challenges of climate change"

14. At its 21st meeting, on 14 July, the Council held a round-table discussion entitled "Towards a United Nations comprehensive response to the challenges of climate change". The Vice-President of the Council, Somduth Soborun (Mauritius), made an introductory statement.

15. A statement was made by the Assistant Secretary-General for Policy Coordination and Inter-Agency Affairs, who served as moderator.

16. The following panellists made presentations: Mohammad Khazaee, Chair of the Executive Board, United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund; the Chair of the Commission on Sustainable Development; the Chair of the Commission on the Status of Women; María Nazareth Farani Azevêdo (Brazil), Chair of the Governing Body, International Labour Organization; and the Vice-Chair of the Commission for Social Development, Miloslav Hetteš (Slovakia).

17. The panellists responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Iraq, Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), Kazakhstan, Brazil, Namibia and the Plurinational State of Bolivia.

Panel discussion: "Effective sustainable development strategies: country-level experience"

18. At its 22nd meeting, on 14 July, the Council held a panel discussion entitled "Effective sustainable development strategies: country-level experience". The Vice-President of the Council, Somduth Soborun (Mauritius), made an introductory statement.

19. A statement was made by László Pintér, Director, Measurement and Assessment, International Institute for Sustainable Development, who served as moderator.

20. The following panellists made presentations: Ramadhani M. Khijjah, Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Finance and Economic Affairs, United Republic of Tanzania; Dana A. Kartakusuma, Minister's Special Adviser for Technology and Sustainable Development, Indonesia; and the Director, Division for Sustainable Development, Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the Secretariat.

21. The panellists responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of the Netherlands, Algeria, the Philippines and the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela and the observer for Kenya, as well as the observer for CIVICUS: World Alliance for Citizen Participation, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council.

22. At the same meeting, the moderator summarized the discussion.

Action taken by the Council

23. Under agenda item 4, the Council adopted resolutions 2009/28 and 2009/29 and decision 2009/257.

The role of the United Nations system in implementing the ministerial declaration on the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to sustainable development adopted at the high-level segment of the 2008 substantive session of the Economic and Social Council

24. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "The role of the United Nations system in implementing the ministerial declaration on the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to sustainable development adopted at the high-level segment of the 2008 substantive session of the Economic and Social Council" (E/2007/L.44), submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Somduth Soborun (Mauritius), on the basis of informal consultations.

25. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/28.

Role of the Economic and Social Council in the integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits, in light of relevant General Assembly resolutions, including resolution 61/16

26. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "Role of the Economic and Social Council in the integrated and coordinated

implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits, in light of relevant General Assembly resolutions, including resolution 61/16" (E/2009/L.32), submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Somduth Soborun (Mauritius), on the basis of informal consultations.

27. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/29.

Documents considered by the Council in connection with agenda item 4

28. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, on the proposal of the President, the Council decided to take note of the reports of the Secretary-General on the progress made in the implementation of and follow-up to the World Summit on the Information Society outcomes at the regional and international levels (A/64/64-E/2009/10) and the theme of the coordination segment: the role of the United Nations system in implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to sustainable development (E/2009/56). See Council decision 2009/257.

Chapter VI
Humanitarian affairs segment

Special economic, humanitarian and disaster relief assistance (agenda item 5)

1. The Council considered agenda item 5 at its 28th to 32nd meetings, from 20 to 22 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.28-32). The Council had before it the report of the Secretary-General on the strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations (A/64/84-E/2009/87).

2. At the 28th meeting, on 20 July, the Vice-President of the Council, Tiina Intelmann (Estonia), made an opening statement.

3. At the same meeting, the Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator made an introductory statement.

Panel discussion: "Respecting and implementing guiding principles of humanitarian assistance at the operational level: assisting the affected populations"

4. At its 29th meeting, on 20 July, the Council held a panel discussion entitled "Respecting and implementing guiding principles of humanitarian assistance at the operational level: assisting the affected populations". The Vice-President of the Council, Tiina Intelmann (Estonia), made an opening statement.

5. An introductory statement was made by the Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator, who served as moderator.

6. The following panellists made presentations: Dominik Stillhart, Deputy Head of Operations, International Committee of the Red Cross; Pablo Macedo, Director-General for the United Nations System, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Mexico; George Okoth-Obbo, Director of the Africa Bureau, Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees; Sayeed Jawed, Chairman, Agency Coordinating Body for Afghan Relief; and Mark Bowden, United Nations Resident and Humanitarian Coordinator, Somalia.

7. The panellists responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), Pakistan, France, Norway, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Algeria, Brazil, the Philippines, the Russian Federation and China and the observers for Switzerland, Kenya and Finland.

Panel discussion: "Addressing the impact of current global challenges and trends on the effective delivery of humanitarian assistance"

8. At its 30th meeting, on 21 July, the Council held a panel discussion on addressing the impact of current global challenges and trends on the effective delivery of humanitarian assistance. The Vice-President of the Council, Tiina Intelmann (Estonia), made an opening statement.

9. An introductory statement was made by the Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator, who served as moderator.

10. The following panellists made presentations: Randolph C. Kent, Director, Humanitarian Futures Programme, King's College, London; Dian Triansyah Djani, Permanent Representative of Indonesia to the United Nations Office at Geneva; Carrie Auer, representative of the United Nations Children's Fund in Malawi; Abbas Gedi Gullet, Secretary-General, Kenya Red Cross; Thomas Loster, Chairman, Munich Re Foundation; and Manuel Aranda da Silva, Deputy Executive Director, World Food Programme.

11. The panellists responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of the Russian Federation, Sweden, Malaysia, Pakistan, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and China and the observers for Burundi, Switzerland and Finland, as well as the observer for the Arab Commission for Human Rights, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council.

Action taken by the Council

12. Under agenda item 5, the Council adopted resolution 2009/3.

Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations

13. At its 32nd meeting, on 22 July, the Council had before it the text of a draft resolution entitled "Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations", submitted in an informal paper by the Vice-President of the Council, Tiina Intelmann (Estonia), on the basis of informal consultations.

14. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/3.

15. After the adoption of the draft resolution, statements were made by the representative of Brazil and the observer for the Syrian Arab Republic.

16. Also at the 32nd meeting, the Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs and United Nations Emergency Relief Coordinator made a statement.

Chapter VII
General segment

A. Implementation of and follow-up to major United Nations conferences and summits (agenda item 6)

1. The Council considered agenda item 6 jointly with items 6 (a) (Follow-up to the International Conference on Financing for Development) and 8 (Implementation of General Assembly resolutions 50/227, 52/12 B, 57/270 B and 60/265) at its 33rd meeting, on 23 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.33). For its consideration of item 6, the Council had before it the updated report of the Secretary-General on the role of the Council in the integrated and coordinated implementation of the outcomes of and follow-up to major United Nations conferences and summits, in the light of relevant General Assembly resolutions, including resolution 61/16 (A/64/87-E/2009/89) and a letter dated 21 October 2008 from the Permanent Representatives of Norway and the United Republic of Tanzania to the United Nations to the Secretary-General, transmitting the International Labour Organization Declaration on Social Justice for a Fair Globalization (A/63/538-E/2009/4).

Action taken by the Council

2. Under agenda item 6, the Council adopted decision 2009/259.

Documents considered by the Council in connection with the implementation of and follow-up to major United Nations conferences and summits

3. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the updated report of the Secretary-General on the role of the Council in the integrated and coordinated implementation of the outcomes of and follow-up to major United Nations conferences and summits, in the light of relevant General Assembly resolutions, including resolution 61/16 (A/64/87-E/2009/89) and the summary by the President of the Council of the special high-level meeting of the Council with the Bretton Woods institutions, the World Trade Organization and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (A/64/76-E/2009/60). See Council decision 2009/259.

1. Follow-up to the International Conference on Financing for Development (agenda item 6 (a))

4. The Council considered agenda item 6 (a) jointly with items 6 and 8 (Implementation of General Assembly resolutions 50/227, 52/12 B, 57/270 B and 60/265) at its 33rd meeting, on 23 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.33). For its consideration of item 6 (a), the Council had before it the summary by the President of the Council of the special high-level meeting of the Council with the Bretton Woods institutions, the World Trade Organization and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (A/64/76-E/2009/60).

Action taken by the Council

5. Under agenda item 6 (a), the Council adopted resolutions 2009/5 and 2009/30 and decision 2009/258.

Recovering from the crisis: a Global Jobs Pact

6. At the 35th meeting, on 24 July, the representative of Brazil, on behalf of Austria,[1] Belgium,[1] Brazil, Canada, Croatia,[1] Cyprus,[1] Denmark,[1] Estonia, Finland,[1] France, Germany, Greece, Hungary,[1] Ireland,[1] Israel,[1] Italy,[1] Japan, Lithuania,[1] Luxembourg, Malta,[1] Mexico,[1] Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova,[1] Romania, Russian Federation, Serbia,[1] Slovakia,[1] Slovenia,[1] Spain,[1] Sudan,[2] Sweden, Switzerland,[1] and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, introduced a draft resolution entitled "Recovering from the crisis: a Global Jobs Pact" (E/2009/L.24). Subsequently, Armenia,[1] Bulgaria,[1] Kazakhstan, Namibia, Turkey[1] and the United States of America joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

7. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/5.

A strengthened and more effective intergovernmental inclusive process to carry out the financing for development follow-up

8. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "A strengthened and more effective intergovernmental inclusive process to carry out the financing for development follow-up" (E/2009/L.36), submitted by the President of the Council on the basis of informal consultations.

9. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/30.

Follow-up to paragraph 56 of the annex to the outcome of the Conference on the World Financial and Economic Crisis and its Impact on Development

10. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "Ad hoc Panel on the world financial and economic crisis and its implications for development" (E/2009/L.41), submitted by the Sudan on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

11. At the same meeting, the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), read out an oral draft decision on the follow-up to paragraph 56 of the annex to the outcome of the Conference on the World Financial and Economic Crisis and its Impact on Development.

12. Also at its 45th meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision.

13. In light of the adoption of the oral draft decision, draft resolution E/2009/L.41 was withdrawn by its sponsors. See Council decision 2009/258.

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[1] In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

[2] As Chair of the Group of 77 and China.

2. Review and coordination of the implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2001-2010 (agenda item 6 (b))

14. The Council considered agenda item 6 (b) (Review and coordination of the implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2001-2010) at its 35th and 45th meetings, on 24 and 31 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.35 and 45). For its consideration of item 6 (b), the Council had before it the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2001-2010 (A/64/80-E/2009/79).

Action taken by the Council

15. Under agenda item 6 (b), the Council adopted resolution 2009/31.

Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2001-2010

16. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2001-2010" (E/2009/L.39), submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), on the basis of informal consultations.

17. At the same meeting, the representative of Kenya, acting as facilitator of the draft resolution, read out revisions to the text which were distributed in an informal paper, in English only.

18. Also at its 45th meeting, the Council adopted draft resolution E/2009/L.39, as orally revised. See Council resolution 2009/31.

B. Coordination, programme and other questions (agenda item 7)

19. The Council considered agenda item 7 at its 18th, 34th to 36th, 40th, 45th and 47th meetings, on 10, 23, 24, 28 and 31 July and 15 December 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.18, 34-36, 40, 45 and 47). For its consideration of item 7 as a whole, the Council had before it the notes by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Joint Inspection Unit on Junior Professional Officer/Associate Expert/Associate Professional Officer Programmes in United Nations system organizations (A/64/82-E/2009/82) and his comments and those of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination thereon (A/64/82/Add.1-E/2009/82/Add.1).

20. At the 18th meeting, on 10 July, the Assistant Secretary-General for Policy Coordination and Inter-Agency Affairs made a statement in connection with the annual overview report of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination for 2008/09 (E/2009/67) (under agenda item 7 (a)).

21. At the 34th meeting, on 23 July, the representative of Canada, on behalf of the Chairman of the Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Haiti, made an introductory statement and the Deputy Special Representative of the Secretary-General and Resident

Coordinator and Humanitarian Coordinator in Haiti addressed the Council (under agenda item 7 (d)).

22. Also at the 34th meeting, the representative of Chile, as Chairman of the Organizational Committee of the Peacebuilding Commission, reported to the Council on the work of the Commission (under agenda item 7 (f)).

23. At the 35th meeting, on 24 July, a statement by the Chairman of the Committee for Programme and Coordination was circulated to the members of the Council (under agenda item 7 (a)).

24. At the same meeting, a presentation was made by the Inspector of the Joint Inspection Unit on the findings contained in the report of the Unit entitled "Junior Professional Officer/Associate Expert/Associate Professional Officer Programmes in the United Nations system organizations" (see A/64/82-E/2009/82) (under agenda item 7).

25. At the 36th meeting, on 24 July, the representative of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) made an introductory statement (under agenda item 7 (g)).

26. At the 40th meeting, on 28 July, an introductory statement was made by the Assistant Secretary-General and Special Adviser on Gender Issues and Advancement of Women (under agenda items 7 (e), 13 (l) and 14 (a)).

Action taken by the Council

27. Under agenda item 7 as a whole, the Council adopted decision 2009/260.

Documents considered by the Council in connection with agenda item 7

28. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the notes by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Joint Inspection Unit on Junior Professional Officer/Associate Expert/Associate Professional Officer Programmes in United Nations system organizations (A/64/82-E/2009/82) and his comments and those of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination thereon (A/64/82/Add.1-E/2009/82/Add.1). See Council decision 2009/260.

1. Reports of coordination bodies (agenda item 7 (a))

29. The Council considered agenda item 7 (a) jointly with items 7 (b) (Proposed programme budget for the biennium 2010-2011) and 7 (h) (Calendar of conferences and meetings in the economic, social and related fields) at its 35th meeting, on 24 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.35). For its consideration of item 7 (a), the Council had before it the report of the Committee for Programme and Coordination on its forty-ninth session[3] and the annual overview report of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination for 2008/09 (E/2009/67).

[3] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 16* (A/64/16).

Action taken by the Council

30. Under agenda item 7 (a), the Council adopted decision 2009/217.

Documents considered by the Council in connection with item 7 (a)

31. At its 35th meeting, on 24 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the following documents:

(a) Report of the Committee for Programme and Coordination on its forty-ninth session;[3]

(b) Annual overview report of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination for 2008-2009 (E/2009/67).

See Council decision 2009/217.

2. Proposed programme budget for the biennium 2010-2011 (item 7 (b))

32. The Council considered agenda item 7 (b) jointly with items 7 (a) (Reports of coordination bodies) and 7 (h) (Calendar of conferences and meetings in the economic, social and related fields), at its 35th meeting, on 24 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.35). For its consideration of item 7 (b), the Council had before it the relevant fascicles of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 2010-2011 (relevant sections of A/64/6).

33. No action was taken by the Council under the item.

3. International cooperation in the field of informatics (item 7 (c))

34. The Council considered agenda item 7 (c), jointly with item 13 (b) (Economic and environmental questions: science and technology for development) at its 36th meeting, on 24 July, and at its 38th meeting, on 27 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.36 and 38). For its consideration of item 7 (c), the Council had before it the report of the Secretary-General on international cooperation in the field of informatics (E/2009/21).

Action taken by the Council

35. Under agenda item 7 (c), the Council adopted resolution 2009/9.

The need to harmonize and improve United Nations informatics systems for optimal utilization and accessibility by all States

36. At its 38th meeting, on 27 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "The need to harmonize and improve United Nations informatics systems for optimal utilization and accessibility by all States" (E/2009/L.30), submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), on the basis of informal consultations.

37. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/9.

4. Long-term programme of support for Haiti (agenda item 7 (d))

38. The Council considered agenda item 7 (d) at its 34th meeting, on 23 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.34). For its consideration of item 7 (d), the Council had before it the report of the Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Haiti (E/2009/105) and a letter dated 10 April 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Mexico to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (E/2009/52).

39. The Council resumed its consideration of agenda item 7 (d) at its 47th meeting, on 15 December 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.47). For its consideration of item 7 (d), the Council had before it the letter dated 1 October 2009 from the Permanent Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/2009/117).

Action taken by the Council

40. Under agenda item 7 (d), the Council adopted resolution 2009/4 and decision 2009/267.

Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Haiti

41. At the 34th meeting, on 23 July, the representative of Canada, on behalf of Benin, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Guatemala, Haiti, Luxembourg, Peru, Spain, Trinidad and Tobago and Uruguay, introduced a draft resolution entitled "Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Haiti" (E/2009/L.13). Subsequently, Cape Verde, El Salvador, France, Norway and Saint Lucia joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

42. At the same meeting, the Secretary of the Council read out a statement of the programme budget implications of the draft resolution.

43. Also at the 34th meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/4.

Appointment of an additional member of the Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Haiti

44. At the 47th meeting, on 15 December, the representative of Canada, on behalf of Canada and El Salvador, introduced a draft decision entitled "Appointment of an additional member of the Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Haiti" (E/2009/L.45) (see E/2009/SR.47).

45. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision. See Council decision 2009/267.

5. Mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system (agenda item 7 (e))

46. The Council considered item 7 (e) jointly with agenda items 13 (l) (Economic and environmental questions: women and development) and 14 (a) (Social and human rights questions: advancement of women) at its 40th meeting, on 28 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.40). For its consideration of item 7 (e), the Council had before it the

report of the Secretary-General on mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system (E/2009/71).

Action taken by the Council

47. Under agenda item 7 (e), the Council adopted resolution 2009/12.

Mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system

48. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "Mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system" (E/2009/L.20), submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), on the basis of informal consultations.

49. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/12.

50. After the adoption of the draft resolution, statements were made by the representatives of Estonia and Canada.

6. African countries emerging from conflict (agenda item 7 (f))

51. The Council considered agenda item 7 (f) at its 34th and 45th meetings, on 23 and 31 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.34 and 45). For its consideration of item 7 (f), the Council had before it letters dated 25 March 2009 from the Chairperson of the Peacebuilding Commission and the Chairperson of the Burundi configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission to the President of the Council (E/2009/51) and 9 April 2009 from the Chairperson of the Peacebuilding Commission and the Chairperson of the Sierra Leone configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission to the President of the Council (E/2009/54).

Panel discussion: "The empowerment of women in countries emerging from conflict: the role of parliaments"

52. At its 34th meeting, on 23 July, the Council held a panel discussion entitled "The empowerment of women in countries emerging from conflict: the role of parliaments". The Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), made an opening statement.

53. The following panellists made presentations: Martin Chungong, Director, Division for the Promotion of Democracy, Inter-Parliamentary Union; Catherine Mabobori, member, Assemblée nationale, Burundi; Moez Doraid, Deputy Executive Director, United Nations Development Fund for Women; and Ms. Huguette Bokpe Gnacadja, former member of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women.

54. The panellists responded to comments made and questions raised by the representatives of Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), the Russian Federation, El Salvador and Norway and the observer for Burundi.

Action taken by the Council

55. Under agenda item 7 (f), the Council adopted resolution 2009/32.

African countries emerging from conflict

56. At the 45th meeting, on 31 July, the representative of the Sudan, on behalf of he States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China, and Luxembourg, introduced a draft resolution entitled "African countries emerging from conflict" (E/2009/L.33/Rev.1).

57. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/32.

7. Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) (agenda item 7 (g))

58. The Council considered agenda item 7 (g) at its 36th meeting, on 24 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.36). For its consideration of the item, the Council had before it a note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Executive Director of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) (E/2009/70).

Action taken by the Council

59. Under agenda item 7 (g), the Council adopted resolution 2009/6.

Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS)

60. At the 36th meeting, on 24 July, the representative of the Netherlands, on behalf of Armenia, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Denmark, Ethiopia, France, Ireland, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mexico, Monaco, Montenegro, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, the Republic of Moldova, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey,[1] Ukraine and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, introduced a draft resolution entitled "Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS)" (E/2009/L.23). Subsequently, El Salvador, Estonia and Guatemala joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

61. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/6.

62. Before the adoption of the draft resolution, the representative of Canada made a statement; after the adoption of the draft resolution, the representative of Morocco made a statement.

8. Calendar of conferences and meetings in the economic, social and related fields (item 7 (h))

63. The Council considered agenda item 7 (h) jointly with items 7 (a) (Reports of coordination bodies), and 7 (b) (Proposed programme budget for the biennium 2010-2011) at its 35th meeting, on 24 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.35). For its consideration of item 7 (h), the Council had before it a letter dated 8 July 2009 from the Chair of the Committee on Conferences to the President of the Council (E/2009/108) and a note

by the Secretariat on the provisional calendar of conferences and meetings in the economic, social and related fields for 2010 and 2011 (E/2009/L.10).

Action taken by the Council

64. Under agenda item 7 (h), the Council adopted decision 2009/218.

Provisional calendar of conferences and meetings in the economic, social and related fields for 2010 and 2011

65. At its 35th meeting, on 24 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to approve the provisional calendar of conferences and meetings in the economic, social and related fields for 2010 and 2011, as contained in document E/2009/L.10. See Council decision 2009/218.

C. Implementation of General Assembly resolutions 50/227, 52/12 B, 57/270 B and 60/265 (agenda item 8)

66. The Council considered agenda item 8 jointly with item 6 (Implementation of and follow-up to major international United Nations conferences and summits) and 6 (a) (Follow-up to the International Conference on Financing for Development) at its 33rd meeting, on 23 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.33). For its consideration of the item, the Council had before it the report of the Secretary-General on the theme of the coordination segment: the role of the United Nations system in implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to sustainable development (E/2009/56) and the updated report of the Secretary-General on the role of the Council in the integrated and coordinated implementation of the outcomes of and follow-up to major United Nations conferences and summits, in light of relevant General Assembly resolutions, including resolution 61/16 (A/64/87-E/2009/89).

67. No action was taken by the Council under the item.

D. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations (agenda item 9)

68. The Council considered agenda item 9 at its 39th and 45th meetings, on 28 and 31 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.39 and 45). For its consideration of the item, the Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations (A/64/62);

(b) Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to the Palestinian people (A/64/78-E/2009/66);

(c) Report of the President of the Council on consultations held with the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (E/2009/69).

69. At the 39th meeting, on 28 July, an introductory statement was made by the representative of Saint Kitts and Nevis, in his capacity as representative of the Special Committee.

Action taken by the Council

70. Under agenda item 9, the Council adopted resolution 2009/33 and decision 2009/261.

Support to Non-Self-Governing Territories by the specialized agencies and international institutions associated with the United Nations

71. At the 39th meeting, on 28 July, the representative of Saint Kitts and Nevis, on behalf of Algeria, Antigua and Barbuda, China, Cuba, Dominica, Fiji, the Gambia, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, Nicaragua, Papua New Guinea, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Suriname, the Syrian Arab Republic and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of), introduced a draft resolution entitled "Support to Non-Self-Governing Territories by the specialized agencies and international institutions associated with the United Nations" (E/2009/L.26). Subsequently, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Ecuador1 and Namibia joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

72. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, the Council adopted draft resolution E/2009/L.26 by a roll-call vote of 25 to none, with 22 abstentions. See Council resolution 2009/33. The voting was as follows:

In favour:

Algeria, Barbados, Belarus, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, China, El Salvador, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Malaysia, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, New Zealand, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Uruguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

Against:

None.

Abstaining:

Canada, Côte d'Ivoire, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Japan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malawi, Morocco, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

73. Statements before the vote were made by the representatives of the United States of America, Sweden (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations

that are members of the European Union), New Zealand, the Russian Federation and Saint Lucia.

Document considered by the Council under agenda item 9

74. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the report of the Secretary-General on assistance to the Palestinian people (A/64/78-E/2009/66). See Council decision 2009/261.

E. Regional cooperation (agenda item 10)

75. The Council considered agenda item 10 at its 39th and 45th meetings, on 28 and 31 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.39 and 45). The Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Secretary-General on regional cooperation in the economic, social and related fields (E/2009/15 and Add.1);

(b) The economic situation in 2008-2009 in the Economic Commission for Europe region: Europe, North America and the Commonwealth of Independent States (E/2009/16);

(c) Overview of the economic and social conditions in Africa, 2009 (E/2009/17);

(d) Summary of the Economic and Social Survey of Asia and the Pacific, 2009 (E/2009/18);

(e) Latin America and the Caribbean: economic situation and outlook, 2008-2009 (E/2009/19);

(f) Summary of the survey of economic and social developments in the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia region, 2008-2009 (E/2009/20);

(g) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Executive Secretaries of the Economic Commission for Africa and the Economic Commission for Europe on the activities carried out within the framework of the project for a Europe-Africa fixed link through the Strait of Gibraltar (E/2009/63).

76. At the 39th meeting, on 28 July, the representative of the Regional Commissions New York Office made an introductory statement.

Dialogue with the Executive Secretaries of the regional commissions on the theme: "Regional perspectives on the global economic and financial crisis, including the impact on global public health"

77. At its 17th meeting, on 10 July, the Council held a dialogue with the Executive Secretaries of the regional commissions on the theme: "Regional perspectives on the global economic and financial crisis, including the impact on global public health".

78. Following the welcome remarks by the President of the Council, presentations were made by Bader Omar AlDafa, Executive Secretary, Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia, on the topic "The financial and economic crisis in

Western Asia: impact on socio-economic development and public health"; Noeleen Heyzer, Executive Secretary, Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, on the topic "The impact of the economic and financial crisis on development, including delivery of health care: perspectives from the Asian and Pacific region"; Jan Kubiš, Executive Secretary, Economic Commission for Europe, on the topic "The financial crisis and public health in the ECE region"; Abdoulie Janneh, Executive Secretary, Economic Commission for Africa, on the topic "African perspectives on the global economic and financial crisis, including the impact on health"; and Osvaldo Rosales, Director, Division of International Trade, Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean, on the topic "The social impact of the global economic and financial crisis in Latin America and the Caribbean".

79. The Executive Secretaries engaged in a dialogue with the representatives of Algeria, Barbados, Belarus, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Guatemala, Malaysia, Namibia, the Russian Federation, Saint Lucia and the Sudan (on behalf of the Group of 77 and China).

Action taken by the Council

80. Under agenda item 10, the Council adopted resolution 2009/11 and decisions 2009/231 and 2009/262.

Europe-Africa fixed link through the Strait of Gibraltar

81. At the 39th meeting, on 28 July, the representative of Spain,[1] on behalf of Morocco[1] and Spain,[1] introduced a draft resolution entitled "Europe-Africa fixed link through the Strait of Gibraltar" (E/2009/L.21).

82. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/11.

Recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General on regional cooperation in the economic, social and related fields

Venue of the sixty-sixth session of the Economic and Social Commission of Asia and the Pacific

83. At its 39th meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted a draft decision entitled "Venue of the sixty-sixth session of the Economic and Social Commission of Asia and the Pacific", recommended by the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (see E/2009/15/Add.1, chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/231.

Documents considered by the Council in connection with regional cooperation

84. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council took note of the following documents:

(a) Report of the Secretary-General on regional cooperation in the economic, social and related fields (E/2009/15 and Add.1);

(b) The economic situation in 2008-2009 in the Economic Commission for Europe region: Europe, North America and the Commonwealth of Independent States (E/2009/16);

(c) Overview of the economic and social conditions in Africa, 2009 (E/2009/17);

(d) Summary of the Economic and Social Survey of Asia and the Pacific, 2009 (E/2009/18);

(e) Latin America and the Caribbean: economic situation and outlook, 2008 2009 (E/2009/19);

(f) Summary of the survey of economic and social developments in the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia region, 2008-2009 (E/2009/20).

See Council decision 2009/262.

F. Economic and social repercussions of the Israeli occupation on the living conditions of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan (agenda item 11)

85. The Council considered agenda item 11 at its 39th meeting, on 28 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.39). For its consideration of the item, the Council had before it a note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report prepared by the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia on the economic and social repercussions of the Israeli occupation on the living conditions of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan (A/64/77-E/2009/13).

86. At the same meeting, the representative of the Regional Commissions New York Office made an introductory statement.

Action taken by the Council

87. Under agenda item 11, the Council adopted resolution 2009/34 and decision 2009/263.

Economic and social repercussions of the Israeli occupation on the living conditions of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan

88. At the 45th meeting, on 31 July, the representative of the Sudan, on behalf of the Group of 77 and China, introduced a draft resolution entitled "Economic and social repercussions of the Israeli occupation on the living conditions of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan" (E/2009/L.42).

89. At the same meeting, following statements by the representatives of the United States of America, Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), Canada and New

Zealand, the Council adopted the draft resolution by a roll-call vote of 25 to 5, with 17 abstentions. See Council resolution 2009/34. The voting was as follows:

In favour:

Algeria, Barbados, Belarus, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, China, El Salvador, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Malaysia, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Russian Federation, Saint Lucia, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Uruguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

Against:

Canada, Germany, Netherlands, Poland, United States of America.

Abstaining:

Côte d'Ivoire, Estonia, France, Greece, Japan, Kazakhstan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malawi, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

90. Statements in explanation of vote after the vote were made by the representatives of Saint Lucia and Japan.

91. Subsequently, statements were made by the observers for Palestine and the Syrian Arab Republic.

Document considered by the Council in connection with agenda item 11

92. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report prepared by the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia on the economic and social repercussions of the Israeli occupation on the living conditions of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan (A/64/77-E/2009/13). See Council decision 2009/263.

G. Non-governmental organizations (agenda item 12)

93. The Council considered agenda item 12 at its 37th meeting, on 27 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary record (E/2009/SR.37). For its consideration of the item, the Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations on its 2009 regular session (E/2009/32 (Part I) and Corr.1);

(b) Report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations on its resumed 2009 session (E/2009/32 (Part II)).

94. At the 37th meeting, on 27 July, statements were made by the representatives of the United States of America, Iraq, Sweden (on behalf of the European Union), China, Canada, the Russian Federation, Algeria, Brazil, Uruguay (on behalf of the Southern Common Market) and Guinea-Bissau and by the observers for Chile, Egypt, Mexico, Israel and Cuba.

Action taken by the Council

95. Under agenda item 12, the Council adopted decisions 2009/221 to 2009/230.

Recommendations contained in the report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations on its 2009 regular session

Applications for consultative status and requests for reclassification received from non-governmental organizations

96. At its 37th meeting, on 27 July, the Council adopted draft decision I, entitled "Applications for consultative status and requests for reclassification received from non-governmental organizations", recommended by the Committee (see E/2009/32 (Part I) and Corr.1, chap. I). See Council decision 2009/221.

Outstanding quadrennial reports

97. At its 37th meeting, on 27 July, the Council adopted draft decision II, entitled "Outstanding quadrennial reports", recommended by the Committee (see E/2009/32 (Part I) and Corr.1, chap. I). See Council decision 2009/222.

Arab Commission for Human Rights

98. At its 37th meeting, on 27 July, the Council adopted draft decision III, entitled "Arab Commission for Human Rights", recommended by the Committee (see E/2009/32 (Part I) and Corr.1, chap. I). See Council decision 2009/223.

Application of the non-governmental organization Associação Brasileira de Gays, Lésbicas e Transgêneros

99. At its 37th meeting, on 27 July, the Council had before it draft decision IV, entitled "Associação Brasileira de Gays, Lésbicas e Transgêneros", recommended by the Committee (see E/2009/32 (Part I) and Corr.1, chap. I).

100. At the same meeting, the Council rejected the draft decision by a roll-call vote of 26 to 12, with 12 abstentions. The voting was as follows:[4]

In favour:

Algeria, Belarus, Cameroon, China, Guinea-Bissau, Indonesia, Iraq, Malaysia, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Sudan.

Against:

Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Canada, Congo, El Salvador, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Japan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

[4] The delegation of the Congo subsequently indicated that its vote had been incorrectly registered and that it had intended to vote in favour.

Abstaining:

Barbados, Côte d'Ivoire, India, Kazakhstan, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Philippines, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia.

101. Before the vote, statements were made by the representatives of Sweden (on behalf of the European Union) and Canada.

102. Also at the 37th meeting, following the rejection of draft decision IV, the representative of Brazil introduced a draft decision entitled "Application of the non governmental organization Associação Brasileira de Gays, Lésbicas e Transgêneros for consultative status with the Economic and Social Council" (E/2009/L.25).

103. Following statements by the representatives of Algeria and Pakistan, the Council adopted the draft decision by a roll-call vote of 25 to 12, with 13 abstentions. See Council decision 2009/224. The voting was as follows:

In favour:

Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Canada, El Salvador, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Japan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

Against:

Algeria, Belarus, Cameroon, China, Guinea-Bissau, Indonesia, Iraq, Malaysia, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Sudan.

Abstaining:

Barbados, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, India, Kazakhstan, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Philippines, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia.

104. A statement in explanation of vote before the vote was made by the representative of Sweden (on behalf of the European Union).

Report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations on its 2009 regular session

105. At its 37th meeting, on 27 July, the Council adopted draft decision V, entitled "Report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations on its 2009 regular session", recommended by the Committee (see E/2009/32 (Part I) and Corr.1, chap. I). See Council decision 2009/225.

Recommendations contained in the report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations on its resumed 2009 session

Applications for consultative status and requests for reclassification received from non-governmental organizations

106. At its 37th meeting, on 27 July, the Council considered draft decision I, entitled "Applications for consultative status and requests for reclassification received from non-governmental organizations", recommended by the Committee (see E/2009/32 (Part II), chap. I.A).

107. At the same meeting, the representative of the United States of America introduced the amendments to the draft decision contained in document E/2009/L.29, as corrected by the Secretary of the Council.

108. Statements were made by the representatives of China, Algeria, the Russian Federation and Pakistan.

109. The Secretary provided the representative of Algeria with a statement of clarification.

110. Also at the 37th meeting, the Council rejected the proposed amendments by a roll-call vote of 23 to 22, with 3 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour:

Brazil, Canada, El Salvador, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Japan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Saint Lucia, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Against:

Algeria, Barbados, Belarus, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Cameroon, China, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Guinea-Bissau, India, Indonesia, Kazakhstan, Malawi, Malaysia, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Pakistan, Philippines, Russian Federation, Sudan, Uruguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

Abstaining:

Peru, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis.

111. Before the vote, statements were made by the representatives of Canada, China and Pakistan; after the vote, a statement was made by the representative of Indonesia.

112. At the same meeting, following the rejection of the proposed amendments, the Council adopted draft decision I. See Council decision 2009/226.

Application of the non-governmental organization Democracy Coalition Project for consultative status with the Economic and Social Council

113. At its 37th meeting, on 27 July, the Council had before it draft decision II, entitled "Application of the non-governmental organization Democracy Coalition Project for consultative status with the Economic and Social Council", recommended by the Committee (see E/2009/32 (Part II), chap. I.A).

114. At the same meeting, following statements made by the representatives of the United States of America, the Russian Federation and China, the Council rejected the draft decision by a roll-call vote of 29 to 12, with 7 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour:

Algeria, Barbados, Belarus, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), China, Congo, Guinea-Bissau, Malaysia, Mozambique, Russian Federation, Sudan, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

Against:

Brazil, Cameroon, Canada, Côte d'Ivoire, El Salvador, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, India, Japan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg,

Malawi, Mauritius, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Saint Lucia, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay.

Abstaining:

Indonesia, Kazakhstan, Namibia, Pakistan, Philippines, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis.

115. Before the vote, statements were made by the representatives of Canada and Sweden (on behalf of the European Union).

116. Also at the 37th meeting, following the rejection of draft decision II, the representative of the United States of America introduced a draft decision entitled "Application of the non-governmental organization Democracy Coalition Project for consultative status with the Economic and Social Council" (E/2009/L.28).

117. At the same meeting, a statement was made by the representative of the Russian Federation, to which the Director, Office for Economic and Social Council Support and Coordination, Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, responded.

118. Also at the 37th meeting, statements were made by the representatives of the United States of America and Sweden (on behalf of the European Union).

119. At the same meeting, the Council adopted draft decision E/2009/L.28 by a roll-call vote of 30 to 9, with 8 abstentions. See Council decision 2009/227. The voting was as follows:

In favour:

Brazil, Cameroon, Canada, Côte d'Ivoire, El Salvador, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Japan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malawi, Mauritius, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Saint Lucia, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay.

Against:

Barbados, Belarus, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), China, Malaysia, Mozambique, Russian Federation, Sudan, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

Abstaining:

Algeria, Congo, Kazakhstan, Namibia, Pakistan, Philippines, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis.

120. After the vote, statements were made by the representatives of Algeria and the Philippines.

Non-governmental organizations with outstanding quadrennial reports, listed pursuant to Council resolution 2008/4

121. At its 37th meeting, on 27 July, the Council adopted draft decision III, entitled "Non-governmental organizations with outstanding quadrennial reports, listed pursuant to Council resolution 2008/4", recommended by the Committee (see E/2009/32 (Part II), chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/228.

122. After the adoption of the draft decision, a statement was made by the observer for Guinea.

Dates of and provisional agenda for the 2010 session of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations

123. At its 37th meeting, on 27 July, the Council adopted draft decision IV, entitled "Dates of and provisional agenda for the 2010 session of the Committee on Non Governmental Organizations", recommended by the Committee (see E/2009/32 (Part II), chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/229.

Report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations on its resumed 2009 session

124. At its 37th meeting, on 27 July, the Council adopted draft decision V, entitled "Report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations on its resumed 2009 session", recommended by the Committee (see E/2009/32 (Part II), chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/230.

125. After the adoption of the draft decision, a statement was made by the representative of Algeria.

H. Economic and environmental questions (agenda item 13)

126. The Council considered agenda item 13 at its 36th, 40th to 42nd, 45th and 47th meetings, on 24, 28, 29 and 31 July and 15 December 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.36, 40-42, 45 and 47).

127. The Council considered the question of sustainable development (item 13 (a)) at its 41st, 42nd and 45th meetings, on 29 and 31 July.

128. The Council considered the question of science and technology for development (item 13 (b)) jointly with that of international cooperation in the field of informatics (item 7 (c)) at its 36th meeting, on 24 July.

129. The Council considered the questions of statistics (item 13 (c)), human settlements (item 13 (d)), environment (item 13 (e)), population and development (item 13 (f)), public administration and development (item 13 (g)), international cooperation in tax matters (item 13 (h)), United Nations Forum on Forests (item 13 (i)), assistance to third States affected by the application of sanctions (item 13 (j)), cartography (item 13 (k)), and transport of dangerous goods (item 13 (m)) at its 41st, 42nd, 45th and 47th meetings, on 29 and 31 July and 15 December 2009.

130. The Council considered the question of women and development (item 13 (l)) jointly with the questions of mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system (item 7 (e)) and advancement of women (item 14 (a)) at its 40th meeting, on 28 July.

131. At the 40th meeting, on 28 July, an introductory statement was made by the Assistant Secretary-General and Special Adviser on Gender Issues and Advancement of Women (under agenda items 7 (e), 13 (l) and 14 (a)).

132. At the 41st meeting, on 29 July, introductory statements were made by the Director, Office for Economic and Social Council Support and Coordination, Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, and the representative of the Committee for Development Policy (under item 13 (a)); the Director, United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat), New York Office (under item 13 (d)); the representatives of the United Nations Environment Programme, New York Office, the Joint Inspection Unit and the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination (under item 13 (e)); and the Chief, Dangerous Goods and Special Cargoes Section, Transport Division, Economic Commission for Europe (under item 13 (m)).

1. Sustainable development (agenda item 13 (a))

133. Under agenda item 13 (a), the Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Commission on Sustainable Development on its seventeenth session;[5]

(b) Report of the Committee for Development Policy on its eleventh session;[6]

(c) Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Public-Private Alliance for Rural Development (E/2009/72);

(d) Letter dated 28 November 2008 from the Permanent Representative of Spain to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (A/63/598-E/2009/7);

(e) Letter dated 18 February 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Spain to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (A/63/732-E/2009/8).

Action taken by the Council

134. Under agenda item 13 (a), the Council adopted resolutions 2009/17 and 2009/35 and decisions 2009/235 and 2009/236.

Review of United Nations support for small island developing States

135. At the 42nd meeting, on 29 July, the observer for Maldives, on behalf of Australia, Cape Verde, Comoros, Cuba, Dominica, Fiji, Haiti, India, Israel, Japan, Luxembourg, Maldives, the Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Nauru, New Zealand, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Portugal, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Seychelles, Solomon Islands, the Republic of Korea, Singapore, Spain, Sri Lanka, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Tonga, Tuvalu, Uruguay and Vanuatu, introduced a draft resolution entitled "Review of United Nations support for small island developing States" (E/2009/L.35). Subsequently, Canada and Turkey joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

136. At the same meeting, following a statement by the representative of Pakistan, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/17.

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[5] *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2009, Supplement No. 9* (E/2009/29).

[6] Ibid., *Supplement No. 13* (E/2009/33).

Report of the Committee for Development Policy on its eleventh session

137. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "Report of the Committee for Development Policy on its eleventh session" (E/2009/L.43), submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), on the basis of informal consultations.

138. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/35.

Recommendations contained in the report of the Commission on Sustainable Development on its seventeenth session

Dates of the meetings of the Commission on Sustainable Development during its 2010/2011 cycle

139. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted draft decision I, entitled "Dates of the meetings of the Commission on Sustainable Development during its 2010/2011 cycle", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/29, chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/235.

Report of the Commission on Sustainable Development on its seventeenth session and provisional agenda for the eighteenth session of the Commission

140. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted draft decision II, entitled "Report of the Commission on Sustainable Development on its seventeenth session and provisional agenda for the eighteenth session of the Commission", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/29, chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/236.

Rehabilitation of the marshes in the southern regions of Iraq (agenda item 13 (a) (i))

141. No action was taken by the Council under the sub-item.

2. Science and technology for development (agenda item 13 (b))

142. Under agenda item 13 (b), the Council had before it the report of the Commission on Science and Technology for Development on its twelfth session.[7]

Action taken by the Council

143. Under agenda item 13 (b), the Council adopted resolutions 2009/7 and 2009/8 and decisions 2009/219 and 2009/220.

[7] Ibid., *Supplement No. 11* (E/2009/31).

Recommendations contained in the report of the Commission on Science and Technology for Development on its twelfth session

Assessment of the progress made in the implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the World Summit on the Information Society

144. At its 36th meeting, on 24 July, the Council adopted draft resolution I, entitled "Assessment of the progress made in the implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the World Summit on the Information Society, recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/31, chap. I.A). See Council resolution 2009/7.

Science and technology for development

145. At its 36th meeting, on 24 July, the Council adopted draft resolution II, entitled "Science and technology for development, recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/31, chap. I.A). See Council resolution 2009/8.

Report of the Commission on Science and Technology for Development on its twelfth session and provisional agenda and documentation for the thirteenth session of the Commission

146. At its 36th meeting, on 24 July, the Council adopted a draft decision entitled "Report of the Commission on Science and Technology for Development on its twelfth session and provisional agenda and documentation for the thirteenth session of the Commission", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/31, chap. I.B). See Council decision 2009/219.

Report of the Secretary-General on enhanced cooperation on public policy issues pertaining to the Internet

147. At its 36th meeting, on 24 July, the Council decided to defer its consideration of the report of the Secretary-General on enhanced cooperation on public policy issues pertaining to the Internet (E/2009/92) to its 2010 substantive session. See Council decision 2009/220.

3. Statistics (agenda item 13 (c))

148. Under agenda item 13 (c), the Council had before it the report of the Statistical Commission on its fortieth session.[8]

Action taken by the Council

149. Under agenda item 13 (c), the Council adopted decision 2009/237.

[8] Ibid., *Supplement No. 4* (E/2009/24).

Recommendation contained in the report of the Statistical Commission on its fortieth session

Report of the Statistical Commission on its fortieth session and provisional agenda and dates for the forty-first session of the Commission

150. At its 42nd meeting, on 29 July, the Council adopted a draft decision entitled "Report of the Statistical Commission on its fortieth session and provisional agenda and dates for the forty-first session of the Commission", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/24, chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/237.

4. Human settlements (agenda item 13 (d))

151. Under agenda item 13 (d), the Council had before it the report of the Secretary-General on the coordinated implementation of the Habitat Agenda (E/2009/80) and the report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme on its twenty-second session.[9]

Action taken by the Council

152. Under agenda item 13 (d), the Council adopted decisions 2009/238 and 2009/243.

Human settlements

153. At its 42nd meeting, on 29 July, the Council had before it draft decision entitled "Human settlements" (E/2009/L.22).

154. At the same meeting, the representative of Sweden, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Union, introduced a revised version of the draft decision, which was contained in an informal paper, in English only.

155. Also at the 42nd meeting, the Council adopted the revised draft decision. See Council decision 2009/238.

Documentation considered in connection with the question of human settlements

156. At its 42nd meeting, on 29 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the report of the Secretary-General on the coordinated implementation of the Habitat Agenda (E/2009/80). See Council decision 2009/243.

5. Environment (agenda item 13 (e))

157. Under agenda item 13 (e), the Council had before it the report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its twenty-fifth session[10] and the notes by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Joint Inspection Unit on the management review of environmental governance within the United Nations system (A/64/83-E/2009/83) and his comments and those

[9] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 8* (A/64/8).

[10] Ibid., *Supplement No. 25* (A/64/25).

of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination thereon (A/64/83/Add.1-E/2009/83/Add.1).

Action taken by the Council

158. Under agenda item 13 (e), the Council adopted decisions 2009/243 and 2009/264.

Document considered in connection with the environment

159. At its 42nd meeting, on 29 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its twenty-fifth session (A/64/25). See Council decision 2009/243.

160. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Joint Inspection Unit on the management review of environmental governance within the United Nations system (A/64/83-E/2009/83) and his comments and those of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination thereon (A/64/83/Add.1-E/2009/83/Add.1). See Council decision 2009/264.

6. Population and development (agenda item 13 (f))

161. Under agenda item 13 (f), the Council had before it the report of the Commission on Population and Development on its forty-second session.[11]

Action taken by the Council

162. Under agenda item 13 (f), the Council adopted decision 2009/239.

Recommendation contained in the report of the Commission on Population and Development on its forty-second session

Report of the Commission on Population and Development on its forty-second session and provisional agenda for the forty-third session of the Commission

163. At its 42nd meeting, on 29 July, the Council adopted a draft decision entitled "Report of the Commission on Population and Development on its forty-second session and provisional agenda for the forty-third session of the Commission", as recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/25, chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/239.

7. Public administration and development (agenda item 13 (g))

164. Under agenda item 13 (g), the Council had before it the report of the Committee of Experts on Public Administration on its eighth session.[12]

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[11] *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2009, Supplement No. 5* (E/2009/25).

[12] Ibid., *Supplement No. 24* (E/2009/44).

Action taken by the Council

165. Under agenda item 13 (g), the Council adopted resolution 2009/18.

Recommendation contained in the report of the Committee of Experts on Public Administration on its eighth session

Report of the Committee of Experts on Public Administration on its eighth session

166. At its 42nd meeting, on 29 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution entitled "Report of the Committee of Experts on Public Administration on its eighth session, as recommended by the Committee" (see E/2009/44, chap. I). See Council resolution 2009/18.

8. International cooperation in tax matters (agenda item 13 (h))

167. Under agenda item 13 (h), the Council had before it the report of the Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters on its fourth session.[13]

Action taken by the Council

168. Under agenda item 13 (h), the Council adopted decision 2009/265.

Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters

169. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters" (E/2009/L.34), whose sponsor was the Sudan, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China. The draft resolution read:

> "*The Economic and Social Council*,
>
> "*Recalling* its resolution 2004/69 of 11 November 2004, in which the Council decided that the Ad Hoc Group of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters would be renamed the Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters,
>
> "*Recognizing* the call made in the Monterrey Consensus of the International Conference on Financing for Development for the strengthening of international tax cooperation through enhanced dialogue among national tax authorities and greater coordination of the work of the concerned multilateral bodies and relevant regional organizations, giving special attention to the needs of developing countries and countries with economies in transition,
>
> "*Welcoming* the call made in the Doha Declaration on Financing for Development and the Outcome of the Conference on the World Financial and Economic Crisis and its Impact on Development for strengthening of the

[13] Ibid., *2008, Supplement No. 25* (E/2008/45).

institutional arrangements to promote international cooperation in tax matters, including the United Nations Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters,

"*Recalling* the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of and follow-up to commitments and agreements made at the International Conference on Financing for Development and the recommendations contained therein,

"*Recognizing* the need for an inclusive, participatory and broad-based dialogue on international cooperation in tax matters,

"*Noting* the activities developing within the concerned multilateral bodies and relevant subregional and regional organizations,

"1. *Decides* to consider strengthening of the institutional arrangements to promote international cooperation in tax matters, including the Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters, at its resumed substantive session in 2009;

"2. *Requests* the Committee to include in the agenda of its fifth session the item entitled 'To consider strengthening of the institutional arrangements to promote international cooperation in tax matters, including the United Nations Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters';

"3. *Takes note* of the report of the Committee on its fourth session and the significant progress made by the Committee in its work;

"4. *Also takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on the financing of the Committee, taking into account the issues raised by the Committee at its second, third and fourth sessions;

"5. *Recognizes* that the Committee agreed to create, as necessary, ad hoc subcommittees and working groups composed of experts and observers who would work, according to the Committee's rules of procedure, to determine and prepare the supporting documentation for the agenda items, including requests for papers by independent experts, for consideration at its regular session;

"6. *Notes* the importance of adequate representation from developing countries in the meetings of the subcommittees and working groups, and in this regard invites the Secretary-General to intensify efforts to seek appropriate resources;

"7. *Also notes* the establishment of the trust fund by the Secretary-General to supplement regular budget resources, and urges all Member States and relevant organizations to contribute generously to the fund;

"8. *Invites* the Committee to work with the Secretariat on organizing training workshops, in collaboration with concerned multilateral bodies, and regional, subregional and relevant international organizations, for developing countries and countries with economies in transition as part of the work required to carry out its mandate, which includes making recommendations on capacity-building and providing technical assistance, provided that funding is available;

"9. *Decides* that the fifth session of the Committee shall be convened in Geneva from 19 to 23 October 2009;

"10. *Approves* the provisional agenda for the fifth session of the Committee as contained in its report on its fourth session."

170. At the same meeting, the Council had before it a draft decision entitled "Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters", submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), on the basis of informal consultations. The draft decision was circulated in an informal paper, in English only.

171. Also at the 45th meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision. See Council decision 2009/265.

172. In the light of the adoption of the draft decision, draft resolution E/2009/L.34 was withdrawn by its sponsors.

173. After the adoption of the draft decision, a statement was made by the representative of the Sudan on behalf of the Group of 77 and China.

9. United Nations Forum on Forests (agenda item 13 (i))

174. Under agenda item 13 (i), the Council had before it the report of the United Nations Forum on Forests on its eighth session[14] and on the special session of the ninth session (E/2009/118-E/CN.18/SS/2009/2).

Action taken by the Council

175. Under agenda item 13 (i), the Council adopted decisions 2009/240 to 2009/242 and 2009/268.

Continued consideration by the United Nations Forum on Forests of means of implementation

176. At its 42nd meeting, on 29 July, the observer for Latvia1 introduced a draft decision entitled "Continued consideration by the United Nations Forum on Forests of means of implementation", which was contained in an informal paper and subsequently issued as document E/2009/L.40.

177. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision. See Council decision 2009/240.

178. After the adoption of the draft decision, a statement was made by the representative of the Russian Federation.

[14] Ibid., *2009, Supplement No. 22* (E/2009/42).

Recommendations contained in the report of the United Nations Forum on Forests on its eighth session

Dates and venue for the ninth session of the United Nations Forum on Forests

179. At its 42nd meeting, on 29 July, the Council adopted draft decision I, entitled "Dates and venue for the ninth session of the United Nations Forum on Forests", recommended by the Forum (see E/2009/42, chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/241.

Report of the United Nations Forum on Forests on its eighth session and provisional agenda for the ninth session

180. At its 42nd meeting, on 29 July, the Council adopted draft decision II, entitled "Report of the United Nations Forum on Forests on its eighth session and provisional agenda for its ninth session", recommended by the Forum (see E/2009/42, chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/242.

Report of the United Nations Forum on Forests on the special session of the ninth session

181. At its 47th meeting, on 15 December, the Council adopted the draft decision contained in the report of the United Nations Forum on Forests on the special session of the ninth session (E/2009/118-E/CN.18/SS/2009/2, chap. I, sect. A). See Council decision 2009/268.

10. Assistance to third States affected by the application of sanctions (agenda item 13 (j))

182. No proposals were submitted under the item.

11. Cartography (agenda item 13 (k))

183. Under agenda item 13 (k), the Council had before it the report of the United Nations Group of Experts on Geographical Names on the work of its twenty-fifth session (E/2009/58).

Action taken by the Council

184. Under agenda item 13 (k), the Council adopted decisions 2009/243 and 2009/269.

Report of the United Nations Group of Experts on Geographical Names on the work of its twenty-fifth session

185. At the 42nd meeting, on 29 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the report of the United Nations Group of Experts on Geographical Names on the work of its twenty-fifth session (E/2009/58). See Council decision 2009/243.

Organization of the twenty-sixth session of the United Nations Group of Experts on Geographical Names

186. At the 47th meeting, on 15 December, the representative of Canada introduced a draft decision entitled "Organization of the twenty-sixth session of the United Nations Group of Experts on Geographical Names" (E/2009/L.46) (see E/2009/SR.47).

187. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision. See Council decision 2009/269.

12. Women and development (agenda item 13 (l))

188. The Council considered agenda item 13 (l) jointly with items 7 (e) (Coordination, programme and other questions: mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system) and 14 (a) (Social and human rights questions: advancement of women) at its 40th meeting, on 28 July. For its consideration of the items, the Council had before it the relevant sections of the report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its fifty-third session[15] (see also under item 14 (a)).

189. No action was taken by the Council under the items.

13. Transport of dangerous goods (agenda item 13 (m))

190. Under agenda item 13 (m), the Council had before it the report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (E/2009/55).

Action taken by the Council

191. Under agenda item 13 (m), the Council adopted resolution 2009/19.

Action on the recommendation contained in the report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

Work of the Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

192. At its 42nd meeting, on 29 July, following statements by the representatives of the United States of America and Canada, the Council adopted the draft resolution entitled "Work of the Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals", recommended by the Committee of Experts (see E/2009/53, sect. I). See Council resolution 2009/19.

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[15] Ibid., *Supplement No. 7* (E/2009/27).

I. Social and human rights questions (agenda item 14)

193. The Council considered social and human rights questions (agenda item 14) at its 40th, 43rd and 44th meetings, on 28 and 30 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.40, 43 and 44).

194. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council considered the questions of advancement of women (item 14 (a)) jointly with the questions of mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system (item 7 (e)) and women and development (item 13 (l)) and heard an introductory statement by the Assistant Secretary-General and Special Adviser on Gender Issues and Advancement of Women.

195. At its 43rd meeting, on 30 July, the Council considered the questions of social development (item 14 (b)), crime prevention and criminal justice (item 14 (c)), narcotic drugs (item 14 (d)), the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (item 14 (e)), the comprehensive implementation of the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action (item 14 (f)), human rights (item 14 (g)) and the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues (item 14 (h)). It heard an oral report by the Assistant High Commissioner for Operations, Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, on behalf of the High Commissioner, under item 14 (e); an introductory statement by the Officer-in-Charge, Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, under item 14 (g); and a statement by the President of the International Narcotics Control Board under item 14 (d).

1. Advancement of women (agenda item 14 (a))

196. The Council considered agenda item 14 (a) at its 40th and 44th meetings, on 28 and 30 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.40 and 44). For its consideration of the item, it had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its fifty-third session (see also under item 13 (l));[15]

(b) Report of the Executive Board of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women on its sixth session (E/2009/62);

(c) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting his report on the future operation of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women (A/64/79-E/2009/74);

(d) Note by the Secretariat on the results of the forty-second and forty-third sessions of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (E/2009/91).

Action taken by the Council

197. Under agenda item 14 (a), the Council adopted resolutions 2009/13 to 2009/16 and decisions 2009/232 to 2009/234 and 2009/256.

Recommendations contained in the report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its fifty-third session

Agreed conclusions on the equal sharing of responsibilities between women and men, including caregiving in the context of HIV/AIDS

198. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, following a statement of clarification by the Secretary of the Council, the Council took note of the agreed conclusions entitled "The equal sharing of responsibilities between women and men, including caregiving in the context of HIV/AIDS" which had been adopted by the Commission on the Status of Women at its fifty-third session, and transmitted to the Council as an input into its annual ministerial review of 2009 (see E/2009/27, chap. I.A).

Future operation of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women

199. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted draft resolution I, entitled "Future operation of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/27, chap. I.C). See Council resolution 2009/13.

Situation of and assistance to Palestinian women

200. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted draft resolution II, entitled "Situation of and assistance to Palestinian women", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/27, chap. I.C), by a roll-call vote of 23 to 5, with 16 abstentions. See Council resolution 2009/14. The voting was as follows:

In favour:

Algeria, Barbados, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, China, El Salvador, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Morocco, Namibia, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Russian Federation, Saint Lucia, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Uruguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

Against:

Canada, Netherlands, New Zealand, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Abstaining:

Côte d'Ivoire, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Japan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malawi, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Sweden.

201. Before the adoption of the draft resolution, the representative of the United States of America made a statement; after the adoption of the draft resolution, statements were made by the representative of New Zealand and the observer for Palestine.

Future organization and methods of work of the Commission on the Status of Women

202. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted draft resolution III, entitled "Future organization and methods of work of the Commission on the Status

of Women", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/27, chap. I.C). See Council resolution 2009/15.

Working Group on Communications on the Status of Women of the Commission on the Status of Women

203. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted draft resolution IV, entitled "Working Group on Communications on the Status of Women of the Commission on the Status of Women", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/27, chap. I.C). See Council resolution 2009/16.

Report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its fifty-third session and provisional agenda and documentation for the fifty-fourth session of the Commission

204. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted a draft decision entitled "Report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its fifty-third session and provisional agenda and documentation for the fifty-fourth session of the Commission", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/27, chap. I.D). See Council decision 2009/232.

Commemoration of the fifteenth anniversary of the adoption of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action

205. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council had before it a draft decision entitled "Commemoration of the fifteenth anniversary of the adoption of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action" (E/2009/L.16), submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), on the basis of informal consultations. The Council approved the draft decision for adoption by the General Assembly. See Council decision 2009/233.

Participation of non-governmental organizations in the fifty-fourth session of the Commission on the Status of Women

206. At its 40th meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted a draft decision entitled "Participation of non-governmental organizations in the fifty-fourth session of the Commission on the Status of Women" (E/2009/L.17), submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), on the basis of informal consultations. See Council decision 2009/234.

Documentation considered by the Council in connection with agenda item 14 (a)

207. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the report of the Executive Board of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women on its sixth session (E/2009/62) and the note by the Secretary-General transmitting his report on the future operation of the Institute (A/64/79-E/2009/74). See Council decision 2009/256.

2. Social development (agenda item 14 (b))

208. The Council considered agenda item 14 (b) at its 43rd and 44th meetings on 30 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records

(E/2009/SR.43 and 44). For its consideration of the item, it had before it the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the World Programme of Action for Youth: progress and constraints with respect to the well-being of youth and their role in civil society (A/64/61-E/2009/3) and the report of the Commission for Social Development on its forty-seventh session.[16]

Action taken by the Council

209. Under agenda item 14 (b), the Council adopted resolution 2009/20 and decisions 2009/244, 2009/245 and 2009/256.

Recommendations contained in the report of the Commission for Social Development on its forty-seventh session

Social dimensions of the New Partnership for Africa's Development

210. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted a draft resolution entitled "Social dimensions of the New Partnership for Africa's Development" recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/26, chap. I.A). See Council resolution 2009/20.

Report of the Commission for Social Development on its forty-seventh session and provisional agenda and documentation for the forty-eighth session

211. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted a draft decision entitled "Report of the Commission for Social Development on its forty-seventh session and provisional agenda and documentation for the forty-eighth session" recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/26, chap. I.B). See Council decision 2009/244.

Nomination of members of the Board of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development

212. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council decided to confirm the nomination by the Commission of five candidates for membership on the Board of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development, as requested by the Commission (see E/2009/26, chap. I.C, decision 47/101). See Council decision 2009/245.

Document considered by the Council in connection with agenda item 14 (b)

213. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the World Programme of Action for Youth: progress and constraints with respect to the well-being of youth and their role in civil society (A/64/61-E/2009/3). See Council decision 2009/256.

3. Crime prevention and criminal justice (agenda item 14 (c))

214. The Council considered agenda item 14 (c) at its 43rd and 44th meetings on 30 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records

[16] *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2009, Supplement No. 6* (E/2009/26).

(E/2009/SR.43 and 44). For its consideration of the item, it had before it the report of the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice on its eighteenth session.[17]

Action taken by the Council

215. Under agenda item 14 (c), the Council adopted resolutions 2009/21 to 2009/26 and decisions 2009/246 and 2009/247.

Recommendations contained in the report of the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice on its eighteenth session

216. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council was informed that the financial statements relating to the draft resolutions recommended for adoption by the Council were contained in annexes I to III, V, VI and IX of the report of the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice (E/2009/30).

Technical assistance for implementing the international conventions and protocols related to terrorism

217. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council approved a draft resolution entitled "Technical assistance for implementing the international conventions and protocols related to terrorism" for adoption by the General Assembly, as recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/30, chap. I.A). See Council resolution 2009/21.

International cooperation in the prevention, investigation, prosecution and punishment of economic fraud and identity-related crime

218. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft resolution I, entitled "International cooperation in the prevention, investigation, prosecution and punishment of economic fraud and identity-related crime", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/30, chap. I.B). See Council resolution 2009/22.

Support for the development and implementation of the regional programmes of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

219. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft resolution II, entitled "Support for the development and implementation of the regional programmes of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/30, chap. I.B). See Council resolution 2009/23.

International cooperation to prevent, combat and eliminate kidnapping and to provide assistance to victims of kidnapping

220. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft resolution III, entitled "International cooperation to prevent, combat and eliminate kidnapping and to provide assistance to victims of kidnapping", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/30, chap. I.B). See Council resolution 2009/24.

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[17] Ibid., *Supplement No. 10* (E/2009/30).

Improving the collection, reporting and analysis of data to enhance knowledge on trends in specific areas of crime

221. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft resolution IV, entitled "Improving the collection, reporting and analysis of data to enhance knowledge on trends in specific areas of crime", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/30, chap. I.B). See Council resolution 2009/25.

Supporting national and international efforts for child justice reform, in particular through improved coordination in technical assistance

222. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft resolution V, entitled "Supporting national and international efforts for child justice reform, in particular through improved coordination in technical assistance", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/30, chap. I.B). See Council resolution 2009/26.

Report of the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice on its eighteenth session and provisional agenda and documentation for its nineteenth session

223. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft decision I, entitled "Report of the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice on its eighteenth session and provisional agenda and documentation for its nineteenth session", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/30, chap. I.C). See Council decision 2009/246.

Appointment of members of the Board of Trustees of the United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute

224. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft decision II, entitled "Appointment of members of the Board of Trustees of the United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/30, chap. I.C). See Council decision 2009/247.

4. Narcotic drugs (agenda item 14 (d))

225. The Council considered agenda item 14 (d) at its 43rd and 44th meetings on 30 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.43 and 44). For its consideration of the item, it had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its fifty-second session;[18]

(b) Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on the outcome of the high-level segment of the fifty-second session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on progress achieved in meeting the goals and targets set out in the Political Declaration adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session (A/64/92-E/2009/98);

(c) Note by the Secretary-General on the proposal of amendments by Bolivia to article 49, paragraphs 1 (c) and 2 (e), of the Single Convention on Narcotic

[18] Ibid., *Supplement No. 8* (E/2009/28).

Drugs, 1961, as amended by the Protocol amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961 (New York, 8 August 1975) (E/2009/78);

(d) *Report of the International Narcotics Control Board for 2008*.[19]

Action taken by the Council

226. Under agenda item 14 (d), the Council adopted decisions 2009/248 to 2009/251 and 2009/256.

Recommendations contained in the report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its fifty-second session

Support for the development and implementation of the regional programmes of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

227. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "Support for the development and implementation of the regional programmes of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/28, chap. I.A).

228. At the same meeting, the Council was informed that the text of the draft resolution duplicated that of a draft resolution adopted earlier by the Council, on the recommendation of the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice (see E/2009/30, chap. I.B, draft resolution II; and para. 213 above). Consequently, no action was required by the Council.

Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its fifty-second session and provisional agenda and documentation for the fifty-third session of the Commission

229. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft decision I, entitled "Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its fifty-second session and provisional agenda and documentation for the fifty-third session of the Commission", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/28, chap. I.B). See Council decision 2009/248.

Report of the International Narcotics Control Board for 2008

230. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft decision II, entitled "Report of the International Narcotics Control Board", recommended by the Commission (see E/2009/28, chap. I.B). See Council decision 2009/249.

Proposed amendment to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol

231. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted a draft decision entitled "Proposed amendment to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol" (E/2009/L.31), submitted by the Vice-President of

[19] United Nations publication, Sales No. E.09.XI.1.

the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), on the basis of informal consultations. See Council decision 2009/250.

232. Before the adoption of the draft decision, the representative of the United States of America raised a procedural question, to which the Secretary of the Council responded; after the adoption of the draft decision, the representative of the Plurinational State of Bolivia made a statement.

Frequency and duration of the reconvened sessions of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs and the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice

233. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council had before it a draft decision entitled "Frequency and duration of the reconvened sessions of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs and the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice" (E/2009/L.38), submitted by the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), on the basis of informal consultations.

234. At the same meeting, the Secretary read out the following agreed revision to the draft decision: at the end of operative paragraph (a), the phrase "and in this regard, the open-ended working group should submit to the Commissions recommendations within the areas of their respective mandates" was deleted.

235. Also at the 44th meeting, the Secretary of the Council read out a statement of the programme budget implications of the draft decision.

236. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision, as orally revised. See Council decision 2009/251.

Document considered by the Council in connection with agenda item 14 (d)

237. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council decided to take note of the report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on the outcome of the high-level segment of the fifty-second session of the Commission on progress achieved in meeting the goals and targets set out in the Political Declaration adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session (A/64/92-E/2009/98). See Council decision 2009/256.

5. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (agenda item 14 (e))

238. The Council considered agenda item 14 (e) at its 43rd and 44th meetings on 30 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.43 and 44). For its consideration of the item, it had before it a letter dated 10 March 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Slovenia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (E/2009/47).

239. At the 43rd meeting, on 30 July, the Assistant High Commissioner for Operations of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees delivered an oral report on behalf of the High Commissioner.

Action taken by the Council

240. Under agenda item 14 (e), the Council adopted decisions 2009/252 and 2009/256.

Enlargement of the Executive Committee of the Programme of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

241. At the 44th meeting, on 30 July, the observer for Slovenia introduced a draft decision entitled "Enlargement of the Executive Committee of the Programme of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees" (E/2009/L.14).

242. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision. See Council decision 2009/252.

Oral report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

243. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the oral report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, delivered at the 43rd meeting of the Council, also on 30 July. See Council decision 2009/256.

6. Comprehensive implementation of the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action (agenda item 14 (f))

244. No proposals were submitted under the agenda item.

7. Human rights (agenda item 14 (g))

245. The Council considered agenda item 14 (g) at its 43rd and 44th meetings, on 30 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.43 and 44). For its consideration of the item, the Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights on its fortieth and forty-first sessions;[20]

(b) Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights on implementation of economic, social and cultural rights (E/2009/90);

(c) Note by the Secretariat on the promotion and protection of the rights of children, in particular the appointment of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General on violence against children (A/64/182-E/2009/110).

Action taken by the Council

246. Under agenda item 14 (g), the Council adopted decision 2009/256.

Documents considered by the Council in connection with agenda item 14 (g)

247. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the report of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights on its fortieth and forty-first sessions (E/2009/22) and the report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights on implementation of economic, social and cultural rights (E/2009/90). See Council decision 2009/256.

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[20] *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2009, Supplement No. 2* (E/2009/22).

8. Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues (agenda item 14 (h))

248. The Council considered agenda item 14 (h) at its 43rd and 44th meetings, on 30 July. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.43 and 44). For its consideration of the item, the Council had before it the report of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues on its eighth session.[21]

Action taken by the Council

249. Under agenda item 14 (h), the Council adopted decisions 2009/253 to 2009/256.

Recommendations contained in the report of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues on its eighth session

250. At the 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Secretary of the Council read out a statement of the programme budget implications of draft decisions I and II, recommended for adoption by the Permanent Forum in its report on its eighth session (see E/2009/43, chap. I).

International expert group meeting on the theme "Indigenous peoples: development with culture and identity: articles 3 and 32 of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples"

251. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft decision I, entitled "International expert group meeting on the theme 'Indigenous peoples: development with culture and identity: articles 3 and 32 of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples'", recommended by the Permanent Forum (see E/2009/43, chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/253.

252. Before the adoption of the draft decision, statements were made by the representatives of Canada, the United States of America, the Russian Federation and Sweden (on behalf of the European Union).

Dates of the ninth session of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues

253. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft decision II, entitled "Dates of the ninth session of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues", recommended by the Permanent Forum (see E/2009/43, chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/254.

Provisional agenda for the ninth session of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues

254. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council adopted draft decision III, entitled "Provisional agenda and documentation for the eighth session of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues", recommended by the Permanent Forum (see E/2009/43, chap. I.A). See Council decision 2009/255.

[21] Ibid., *Supplement No. 23* (E/2009/43).

Document considered by the Council in connection with agenda item 14 (h)

255. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the report of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues on its eighth session (E/2009/43). See Council decision 2009/256.

J. United Nations research and training institutes (agenda item 15)

256. The Council considered agenda item 15 at its 38th, 44th and 45th meetings, on 27, 30 and 31 July 2009. An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.38, 44 and 45). For its consideration of the item, the Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Institute for Training and Research (E/2009/57);

(b) Report of the Council of the United Nations University on the work of the University (E/2009/84);

(c) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the fourth report of the Director of the United Nations System Staff College on its work, activities and accomplishments (E/2009/77).

257. At the 38th meeting, on 27 July, the Executive Director of the United Nations Institute for Training and Research made an introductory statement.

Action taken by the Council

258. Under agenda item 15, the Council adopted resolutions 2009/10 and 2009/27 and decision 2009/266.

United Nations System Staff College in Turin, Italy

259. At the 38th meeting, on 27 July, the representative of Sweden, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Union, introduced a draft resolution entitled "United Nations System Staff College in Turin, Italy" (E/2009/L.27).

260. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. See Council resolution 2009/10.

United Nations Institute for Training and Research

261. At its 44th meeting, on 30 July, the Council had before it a draft resolution entitled "United Nations Institute for Training and Research" (E/2009/L.37).

262. At the same meeting, the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), corrected the sponsorship of the draft resolution by advising that it was submitted by him on the basis of informal consultations.

263. Also at the 44th meeting, the Secretary read out the following agreed revisions to the draft resolution:

(a) The words "and the use of satellite applications for humanitarian affairs" were deleted at the end of the fifth preambular paragraph;

(b) In the sixth preambular paragraph, the word "expanding" before the words "role of the Institute" was deleted;

(c) Operative paragraph 1, which read:

> "1. *Takes note* of the areas for continued progress of the United Nations Institute for Training and Research, including the establishment of results-based management across the work of the Institute, the establishment of quality standards and certification and the expanded use of technology-enhanced learning tools",

was replaced by:

> "1. *Takes note* of the following areas for progress of the United Nations Institute for Training and Research: the establishment of results-based management across the work of the Institute, the establishment of quality standards and certification and the expanded use of technology-enhanced learning tools";

(d) In operative paragraph 2, the words "*Endorses* the recommendations of the Secretary-General contained in the report" were replaced by the words "*Also takes note* of the recommendation of the Secretary-General contained in paragraph 67 of the report".

264. At the same meeting, the Council adopted draft resolution E/2009/L.37, as corrected and orally revised. See Council resolution 2009/27.

265. Also at the 44th meeting, the representative of Saint Lucia made a statement.

Documentation considered by the Council in connection with agenda item 15

266. At its 45th meeting, on 31 July, on the proposal of the Vice-President of the Council, Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), the Council decided to take note of the report of the Council of the United Nations University on the work of the University (E/2009/84). See Council decision 2009/266.

Chapter VIII
Elections, nominations, confirmations and appointments

1. The Council considered the question of elections, nominations, confirmations and appointments at its organizational and resumed organizational sessions under agenda item 4 and at its substantive and resumed substantive sessions under agenda item 1. The question was considered by the Council at its 2nd, 3rd, 7th, 38th, 46th and 47th meetings, on 10 February, 26 March, 18 May, 27 July, 8 October and 15 December 2009. An account of the proceedings is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.2, 3, 7, 38, 46 and 47). For its consideration of the question, the Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Annotated agenda for the organizational and resumed organizational sessions for 2009 (E/2009/2 and Corr.1 and Add.1, Add.1/Corr.1 and 2 and Add.2);

(b) Note by the Secretary-General on the appointment of a new member to the Committee for Development Policy (E/2009/9);

(c) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of members of the functional commissions of the Council (E/2009/9/Add.1);

(d) Note by the Secretary-General on the nomination of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination (E/2009/9/Add.2);

(e) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of 13 members of the Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting (E/2009/9/Add.3);

(f) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of 14 members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund (E/2009/9/Add.4);

(g) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of 14 members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund (E/2009/9/Add.5);

(h) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of six members of the Executive Board of the World Food Programme (E/2009/9/Add.6);

(i) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of 10 members of the Executive Board of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women (E/2009/9/Add.7);

(j) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of 10 members of the Committee for the United Nations Population Award (E/2009/9/Add.8);

(k) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of nine members of the Programme Coordinating Board of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) (E/2009/9/Add.9);

(l) Notes by the Secretary-General on the election of five members of the International Narcotics Control Board from among candidates nominated by Governments (E/2009/9/Add.10 and 18);

(m) Notes by the Secretary-General on the appointment of 24 experts to the Committee of Experts on Public Administration (E/2009/9/Add.11 and 16);

(n) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of five members of the International Narcotics Control Board from among candidates nominated by Governments: biographical information on candidates (E/2009/9/Add.12);

(o) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of one member of the International Narcotics Control Board under the provisions of article 9, paragraph 1 (a), of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, as amended by the 1972 Protocol (E/2009/9/Add.13);

(p) Note by the Secretary-General on applications for membership in the Subcommittees of the Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (E/2009/9/Add.14 and 15);

(q) Note by the Secretary-General on the appointment of 25 members of the Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters (E/2009/9/Add.17 and Corr.1);

(r) Note by the Secretary-General on the appointment of 24 members of the Committee for Development Policy (E/2009/9/Add.19);

(s) Election of one member of the International Narcotics Control Board from among candidates nominated by Governments (E/2009/9/Add.20);

(t) Appointment of one member of the Committee for Development Policy (E/2009/9/Add.21);

(u) Election to fill a vacancy in the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (E/2009/9/Add.22).

Action taken by the Council

2. Under the item on elections, nominations, confirmations and appointments, the Council adopted decisions 2009/201 A to F.

Chapter IX
Organizational matters

1. The Council held its organizational session for 2009 at United Nations Headquarters on 15 January, 10 February, 26 March and 20 April 2009 (1st to 4th meetings); its resumed organizational session at United Nations Headquarters on 18 May (7th meeting); its special high-level meeting with the Bretton Woods institutions, the World Trade Organization and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at United Nations Headquarters on 27 April (5th and 6th meetings); its substantive session at the United Nations Office at Geneva from 6 to 31 July 2009 (8th to 45th meetings); and its resumed substantive session at United Nations Headquarters on 8 October and 15 December 2009 (46th and 47th meetings). An account of the proceedings is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.1-47).

A. Organizational session

Opening of the session

2. At its 1st meeting, on 15 January 2009, the President of the Council for 2008, Léo Mérorès (Haiti), opened the session and made a statement.

3. At the same meeting, following her election by acclamation, the President of the Council for 2009, Sylvie Lucas (Luxembourg), made a statement.

4. Also at the 1st meeting, the Deputy Secretary-General of the United Nations addressed the Council.

Election of the Bureau

5. At its 1st meeting, on 15 January, pursuant to paragraph 2 (k) of its resolution 1988/77, the Council elected by acclamation the following persons as Vice-Presidents of the Council for 2009: Somduth Soborun (Mauritius), Hamidon Ali (Malaysia), Tiina Intelmann (Estonia) and Carmen María Gallardo Hernández (El Salvador).

6. At the same meeting, a statement was made by the representative of Japan and the observers for the Czech Republic (on behalf of the European Union) and Antigua and Barbuda (on behalf of the Group of 77 and China).

Agenda

7. At its 1st meeting, on 15 January, the Council adopted the provisional agenda of its organizational session for 2009, as contained in document E/2009/2 and Corr.1 (see annex I).

Action taken by the Council

8. At its organizational session for 2009, the Council adopted 10 decisions concerning organizational matters. See Council decisions 2009/202 to 2009/211.

Proposed date of the special high-level meeting of the Economic and Social Council with the Bretton Woods institutions, the World Trade Organization and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

9. At its 2nd meeting, on 10 February, the Council decided that its special high-level meeting with the Bretton Woods institutions, the World Trade Organization and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development would be held at United Nations Headquarters on 27 April 2009. See Council decision 2009/202.

Provisional agenda for the substantive session of 2009 of the Economic and Social Council

10. At its 2nd meeting, on 10 February, the Council, having considered its proposed basic programme of work for 2009 and 2010 (E/2009/1), approved the proposed provisional agenda for the substantive session of 2009 of the Council and the preliminary list of documents for each agenda item (E/2009/1, sect. I). See Council decision 2009/203.

Basic programme of work of the Economic and Social Council for 2010

11. At its 2nd meeting, on 10 February, the Council, having considered its proposed basic programme of work for 2009 and 2010 (E/2009/1), decided to take note of the list of questions for inclusion in the programme of work of the Council for 2010 and the preliminary list of documents for each agenda item (E/2009/1, sect. II). See Council decision 2009/204.

Working arrangements for the substantive session of 2009 of the Economic and Social Council

12. At its 2nd meeting, on 10 February, the Council decided on the following working arrangements for its substantive session of 2009:

(a) The high-level segment would be held from 6 to 9 July 2009;

(b) The dialogue with the Executive Secretaries of the regional commissions would be held on 10 July 2009;

(c) The coordination segment would be held from 10 to 14 July 2009;

(d) The operational activities segment would be held from 15 to 17 July 2009;

(e) The humanitarian affairs segment would be held from 20 to 22 July 2009;

(f) The general segment would be held from 23 to 30 July 2009;

(g) The work of the 2009 substantive session of the Council would conclude on 31 July 2009.

See Council decision 2009/205.

Operational activities segment of the 2009 substantive session of the Economic and Social Council

13. At its 2nd meeting, on 10 February, the Council decided that the work of the operational activities segment of its substantive session of 2009 should be devoted to the progress on and implementation of General Assembly resolutions 62/208 and

63/232 on the operational activities for development of the United Nations system. See Council decision 2009/206.

Theme for the humanitarian affairs segment of the 2009 substantive session of the Economic and Social Council

14. At its 3rd meeting, on 26 March, the Council decided that:

(a) The theme for the humanitarian affairs segment of its substantive session of 2009 would be "Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian assistance: present challenges and their impact on the future";

(b) It would convene two panels, the topics of which would be:

(i) "Respecting and implementing guiding principles of humanitarian assistance at the operational level — assisting the affected populations";

(ii) "Addressing the impact of current global challenges and trends on the effective delivery of humanitarian assistance".

See Council decision 2009/207.

Theme for the item on regional cooperation of the 2009 substantive session of the Economic and Social Council

15. At its 3rd meeting, on 26 March, the Council decided that the theme for the item on regional cooperation of its substantive session for 2009 would be "Regional perspectives on the global economic and financial crisis, including the impact on global public health". See Council decision 2009/208.

Economic and Social Council event to discuss transition from relief to development

16. At its 3rd meeting, on 26 March, the Council decided, with regard to the event to discuss transition from relief to development, that:

(a) The title of the event would be "Economic and Social Council event to discuss transition from relief to development";

(b) The event would be an informal activity held in the afternoon of 17 July 2009;

(c) The event would consist of one panel discussion and there would be no negotiated outcome.

See Council decision 2009/209.

Theme for the 2010 thematic discussion of the Economic and Social Council

17. At its 4th meeting, on 20 April, the Council decided that the theme for the thematic discussion of the high-level segment of its substantive session for 2010 would be "Current global and national trends and challenges and their impact on gender equality and empowerment of women". See Council decision 2009/210.

Appointment of an additional member of the Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Haiti

18. At its 4th meeting, on 20 April, the Council, recalling its resolutions 2004/52 of 23 July 2004, 2005/46 of 27 July 2005, 2006/10 of 26 July 2006, 2007/13 of 25 July 2007 and 2008/10 of 23 July 2008 and its decision 2004/332 of 11 November 2004 and having considered the letter dated 20 March 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Peru to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Council (E/2009/49), decided to appoint the Permanent Representative of Peru to the United Nations as an additional member of the Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Haiti. See Council decision 2009/211.

B. Resumed organizational session

Agenda

19. At its 7th meeting, on 18 May, the Council had before it the agenda and related documentation for its resumed organizational session (E/2009/2/Add.1, Add.1/Corr.1 and 2 and Add.2; E/2009/9/Add.1-16 and 18; a letter dated 5 March 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Council (E/2009/11); a draft decision on the inclusion of a supplementary sub-item in the agenda of the Council's 2009 substantive session (E/2009/L.7) and General Assembly resolution 63/146).

Action taken by the Council

20. At its resumed organizational session for 2009, the Council adopted one decision concerning organizational matters. See Council decision 2009/212.

Inclusion of a supplementary sub-item in the agenda of the substantive session of 2009 of the Economic and Social Council

21. At its 7th meeting, on 18 May, the Council decided to include in the provisional agenda of its substantive session of 2009, under agenda item 13 (a), entitled "Economic and environmental questions: sustainable development", a supplementary sub-item entitled "Rehabilitation of the marshes in the southern regions of Iraq". See Council decision 2009/212.

C. Substantive session

Opening of the session

22. At the 8th meeting, on 6 July 2009, a short film was presented to the Council showcasing the United Nations Secretary-General's initiative on the "Global Impact and Vulnerability Alert System", undertaken to monitor the impact of crisis in real time.

23. After the presentation, the President of the Council opened the session and made a statement.

Action taken by the Council

24. At its substantive session of 2009, the Council adopted one decision concerning organizational matters. See Council decision 2009/213.

Agenda and organization of work

25. At its 8th meeting, on 6 July, the Council considered the agenda and organization of work for its substantive session of 2009. It had before it the following documents:

(a) Annotated provisional agenda for the substantive session of 2009 (E/2009/100 and Corr.1);

(b) Proposed programme of work for the substantive session of 2009 (E/2009/L.8);

(c) Note by the Secretariat on the status of documentation for the substantive session of 2009 (E/2009/L.9);

(d) Conference room paper entitled "Updated status of documentation as of 3 July 2009 for the substantive session of the Economic and Social Council for 2009" (E/2009/CRP.1);

(e) Conference room paper entitled "Requests from non-governmental organizations to be heard by the Economic and Social Council" (E/2009/CRP.2).

26. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the agenda for its substantive session of 2009 (see annex I) and approved the programme of work for the session. See Council decision 2009/213.

Requests from non-governmental organizations for hearings

27. At its 8th meeting, on 6 July, the Council approved the requests made by non-governmental organizations to be heard by the Council at its substantive session of 2009 (see document E/2009/107), in connection with the items in the Council's agenda for the session. See Council decision 2009/213.

D. Resumed substantive session

28. The Council held its resumed substantive session of 2009 at United Nations Headquarters on 8 October and 15 December 2009 (46th and 47th meetings). An account of the discussion is contained in the relevant summary records (E/2009/SR.46 and 47).

29. The Council resumed consideration of agenda item 1 at its 46th and 47th meetings, on 8 October and 15 December 2009 (see E/2009/SR.46 and 47), and agenda items 7 (d), 13 (i) and 13 (k) at its 47th meeting, on 15 December 2009 (see E/2009/SR.47).

Action taken by the Council

30. Under agenda item 1 (Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters), the Council adopted decisions 2009/201 E and F.

Annex I

Agendas of the organizational and resumed organizational sessions for 2009 and the substantive session of 2009

Agenda of the organizational and resumed organizational sessions for 2009

Adopted by the Council at its 1st meeting, on 15 January 2009

1. Election of the Bureau.
2. Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters.
3. Basic programme of work of the Council.
4. Elections, nominations, confirmations and appointments.

Agenda of the substantive session of 2009

Adopted by the Council at its 8th meeting, on 6 July 2009

1. Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters.

High-level segment

2. High-level segment:

   (a) High-level policy dialogue with international financial and trade institutions;

   (b) Annual ministerial review:

   Implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to global public health;

   (c) Thematic discussion:

   Current global and national trends and their impact on social development, including public health.

Operational activities segment

3. Operational activities of the United Nations for international development cooperation:

   (a) Follow-up to policy recommendations of the General Assembly and the Council;

   (b) Reports of the Executive Boards of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund, the United Nations Children's Fund and the World Food Programme;

   (c) South-South cooperation for development.

Coordination segment

4. The role of the United Nations system in implementing the ministerial declaration of the high-level segment of the substantive session of 2008 of the Economic and Social Council.

Humanitarian affairs segment

5. Special economic, humanitarian and disaster relief assistance.

General segment

6. Implementation of and follow-up to major international United Nations conferences and summits:

   (a) Follow-up to the International Conference on Financing for Development;

   (b) Review and coordination of the implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2001-2010.

7. Coordination, programme and other questions:

   (a) Reports of coordination bodies;

   (b) Proposed programme budget for the biennium 2010-2011;

   (c) International cooperation in the field of informatics;

   (d) Long-term programme of support for Haiti;

   (e) Mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system;

   (f) African countries emerging from conflict;

   (g) Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS);

   (h) Calendar of conferences and meetings in the economic, social and related fields.

8. Implementation of General Assembly resolutions 50/227, 52/12 B, 57/270 B and 60/265.

9. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations.

10. Regional cooperation.

11. Economic and social repercussions of the Israeli occupation on the living conditions of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan.

12. Non-governmental organizations.

13. Economic and environmental questions:
    (a) Sustainable development:
        (i) Rehabilitation of the marshes in the southern regions of Iraq;
    (b) Science and technology for development;
    (c) Statistics;
    (d) Human settlements;
    (e) Environment;
    (f) Population and development;
    (g) Public administration and development;
    (h) International cooperation in tax matters;
    (i) United Nations Forum on Forests;
    (j) Assistance to third States affected by the application of sanctions;
    (k) Cartography;
    (l) Women and development;
    (m) Transport of dangerous goods.
14. Social and human rights questions:
    (a) Advancement of women;
    (b) Social development;
    (c) Crime prevention and criminal justice;
    (d) Narcotic drugs;
    (e) United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;
    (f) Comprehensive implementation of the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action;
    (g) Human rights;
    (h) Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues.
15. United Nations research and training institutes.

Annex II

Intergovernmental organizations designated by the Council under rule 79 of the rules of procedure[a] for participation in the deliberations of the Council on questions within the scope of their activities

Organizations and other entities accorded permanent observer status by the General Assembly

African, Caribbean and Pacific Group of States (General Assembly resolution 36/4)

African Development Bank (General Assembly resolution 42/10)

African Union[b] (General Assembly resolution 2011 (XX) and Assembly decision 56/475)

Agency for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (General Assembly resolution 43/6)

Andean Community (General Assembly resolution 52/6)

Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization (General Assembly resolution 35/2)

Asian Development Bank (General Assembly resolution 57/30)

Association of Caribbean States (General Assembly resolution 53/5)

Association of Southeast Asian Nations (General Assembly resolution 61/44)

Black Sea Economic Cooperation Organization (General Assembly resolution 54/5)

Caribbean Community (General Assembly resolution 46/8)

Central American Integration System (General Assembly resolution 50/2)

Collective Security Treaty Organization (General Assembly resolution 59/50)

Common Fund for Commodities (General Assembly resolution 60/26)

Commonwealth of Independent States (General Assembly resolution 48/237)

Commonwealth Secretariat[c] (General Assembly resolution 31/3)

Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries (General Assembly resolution 54/10)

Community of Sahelo-Saharan States (General Assembly resolution 56/92)

Conference on Interaction and Confidence-building Measures in Asia (General Assembly resolution 62/77)

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[a] The text of rule 79, entitled "Participation of other intergovernmental organizations", reads: "Representatives of intergovernmental organizations accorded permanent observer status by the General Assembly and of other intergovernmental organizations designated on an ad hoc or a continuing basis by the Council on the recommendation of the Bureau may participate, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the Council on questions within the scope of the activities of the organizations."

[b] Superseding the Organization of African Unity.

[c] The Commonwealth Secretariat requested that its name be changed to "the Commonwealth", effective 24 July 2009.

Cooperation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf (General Assembly resolution 62/78)

Council of Europe (General Assembly resolution 44/6)

Customs Cooperation Council (General Assembly resolution 53/216)

East African Community (General Assembly resolution 58/86)

Economic Community of Central African States (General Assembly resolution 55/161)

Economic Community of West African States (General Assembly resolution 59/51)

Economic Cooperation Organization (General Assembly resolution 48/2)

Energy Charter Conference (General Assembly resolution 62/75)

Eurasian Development Bank (General Assembly resolution 62/76)

Eurasian Economic Community (General Assembly resolution 58/84)

European Community (General Assembly resolution 3208 (XXIX))

Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria (General Assembly resolution 64/122)

GUAM (General Assembly resolution 58/85)

Hague Conference on Private International Law (General Assembly resolution 60/27)

Holy See (General Assembly resolution 58/314)

Ibero-American Conference (General Assembly resolution 60/28)

Indian Ocean Commission (General Assembly resolution 61/43)

Inter-American Development Bank (General Assembly resolution 55/160)

International Centre for Migration Policy Development (General Assembly resolution 57/31)

International Committee of the Red Cross (General Assembly resolution 45/6)

International Conference on the Great Lakes Region of Africa (General Assembly resolution 64/123)

International Criminal Court (General Assembly resolution 58/318)

International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL) (General Assembly resolution 51/1)

International Development Law Organization (General Assembly resolution 56/90)

International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (General Assembly resolution 49/2)

International Fund for Saving the Aral Sea (General Assembly resolution 63/133)

International Humanitarian Fact-Finding Commission (General Assembly resolution 64/121)

International Hydrographic Organization (General Assembly resolution 56/91)

International Institute for Democracy and Electoral Assistance (General Assembly resolution 58/83)

International Olympic Committee (General Assembly resolution 64/3)

International Organization for Migration (General Assembly resolution 47/4)

International Organization of la Francophonie (General Assembly resolution 33/18)

International Seabed Authority (General Assembly resolution 51/6)

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (General Assembly resolution 51/204)

International Union for the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (General Assembly resolution 54/195)

Inter-Parliamentary Union (General Assembly resolution 57/32)

Islamic Development Bank Group (General Assembly resolution 61/259)

Italian-Latin American Institute (General Assembly resolution 62/74)

Latin American Economic System (SELA) (General Assembly resolution 35/3)

Latin American Integration Association (General Assembly resolution 60/25)

Latin American Parliament (General Assembly resolution 48/4)

League of Arab States (General Assembly resolution 477 (V))

OPEC Fund for International Development (General Assembly resolution 61/42)

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (General Assembly resolution 53/6)

Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (General Assembly resolution 48/5)

Organization of American States (General Assembly resolution 253 (III))

Organization of Eastern Caribbean States (General Assembly resolution 59/52)

Organization of the Islamic Conference (General Assembly resolution 3369 (XXX))

Pacific Islands Forum (General Assembly resolution 49/1)

Palestine (General Assembly resolution 52/250)

Parliamentary Assembly of the Mediterranean (General Assembly resolution 64/124)

Partners in Population and Development (General Assembly resolution 57/29)

Permanent Court of Arbitration (General Assembly resolution 48/3)

Regional Centre on Small Arms and Light Weapons in the Great Lakes Region, the Horn of Africa and Bordering States (General Assembly resolution 62/73)

Shanghai Cooperation Organization (General Assembly resolution 59/48)

South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (General Assembly resolution 59/53)

South Centre (General Assembly resolution 63/131)

Southern African Development Community (General Assembly resolution 59/49)

Sovereign Military Order of Malta (General Assembly resolution 48/265)

University for Peace (General Assembly resolution 63/132)

Organizations designated by the Economic and Social Council

Participation on a continuing basis

African Regional Centre for Technology (Council decision 1980/151)

Asian and Pacific Development Centre (Council decision 2000/213)

Asian Productivity Organization (APO) (Council decision 1980/114)

Council of Arab Economic Unity (Council decision 109 (LIX))

Global Water Partnership (Council decision 2005/233)

Helsinki Commission (Council decision 2003/312)

Institution for the Use of Micro-alga Spirulina against Malnutrition (Council decision 2003/212)

Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture (Council decision 2006/204)

Intergovernmental Forum on Mining, Minerals, Metals and Sustainable Development (Council decision 2006/244)

International Association of Economic and Social Councils and Similar Institutions (IAESCSI) (Council decision 2001/318)

International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology (Council decision 1997/215)

International Centre for Public Enterprises in Developing Countries (ICPE) (Council decision 1980/114)

Islamic Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (Council decision 2003/221)

Latin American Energy Organization (OLADE) (Council decision 1980/114)

Organization of Ibero-American States for Education, Science and Culture (Council decision 1986/156)

Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (Council decision 109 (LIX))

Regional Organization for the Protection of the Marine Environment (Council decision 1992/265)

Union économique et monétaire ouest africaine (Council decision 2005/233)

Union of Economic and Social Councils of Africa (Council decision 1996/225)

World Deserts Foundation (Council decision 2004/231)

Participation on an ad hoc basis

African Accounting Council (Council decision 1987/161)

African Cultural Institute (Council decision 1987/161)

Arab Security Studies and Training Centre (Council decision 1989/165)

Council of Arab Ministers of the Interior (Council decision 1987/161)

International Bauxite Association (Council decision 1987/161)

International Civil Defence Organization (Council decision 109 (LIX))

Latin American Faculty of Social Sciences (Council decision 239 (LXII))

Annex III

Composition of the Council and its subsidiary and related bodies

Economic and Social Council

(54 members; three-year term)

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*[a]	*Term expires on 31 December*
Algeria	Brazil	2010
Barbados	Cameroon	2010
Belarus	China	2010
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Congo	2010
Brazil	Côte d'Ivoire	2011
Cameroon	Estonia	2011
Canada	France	2011
Cape Verde	Germany	2011
China	Greece	2011
Congo	Guatemala	2011
Côte d'Ivoire	Guinea-Bissau	2011
El Salvador	India	2011
Estonia	Japan	2011
France	Liechtenstein	2011
Germany	Malaysia	2010
Greece	Mauritius	2011
Guatemala	Morocco	2011
Guinea-Bissau	Mozambique	2010
India	Namibia	2011
Indonesia	New Zealand	2010
Iraq	Niger	2010
Japan	Norway	2010
Kazakhstan	Pakistan	2010
Liechtenstein	Peru	2011
Luxembourg	Poland	2010
Malawi	Portugal	2011
Malaysia	Republic of Korea	2010
Mauritius	Republic of Moldova	2010
Morocco	Russian Federation	2010

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*[a]	*Term expires on 31 December*
Mozambique	Saint Kitts and Nevis	2011
Namibia	Saint Lucia	2010
Netherlands	Saudi Arabia	2011
New Zealand	Sweden	2010
Niger	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2010
Norway[b]	Uruguay	2010
Pakistan	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	2011
Peru		
Philippines		
Poland		
Portugal		
Republic of Korea		
Republic of Moldova		
Romania		
Russian Federation		
Saint Kitts and Nevis		
Saint Lucia		
Saudi Arabia		
Somalia		
Sudan		
Sweden		
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland		
United States of America		
Uruguay		
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)		

[a] The remaining 18 seats are to be filled by the General Assembly at its sixty-fourth session.

[b] Elected by the General Assembly at its 30th plenary meeting, on 22 October 2008, to replace Iceland, which resigned effective 1 January 2009.

Functional commissions and subcommissions

Statistical Commission

(24 members; four-year term)

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*	*Term expires on 31 December*
Armenia	Armenia	2012
Belarus	Australia	2013
Canada	Belarus	2011
China	Botswana	2013
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Cameroon	2012
Finland	China	2012
France	Colombia	2013
Germany	Germany	2012
Honduras	Honduras	2011
Jamaica	Italy	2013
Japan	Japan	2012
Lebanon	Lebanon	2011
Lithuania	Lithuania	2011
Mauritania	Mexico	2012
Mexico	Morocco	2013
Netherlands	Netherlands	2012
Oman	Norway	2013
Russian Federation	Oman	2011
South Africa	Russian Federation	2013
Sudan	Sudan	2011
Suriname	Suriname	2012
Togo	Togo	2011
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2012
United States of America	United States of America 2011	2011

Commission on Population and Development[c]

(47 members; four-year term)

Membership of the forty-second session	*Membership of the forty-third session*	*Term expires at close of session in the year*
Bangladesh	Bangladesh	2013
Belgium	Belarus	2013
Benin	Belgium	2013
Brazil	Benin	2011
Bulgaria	Brazil	2013
Cameroon	China	2010
Canada	Colombia	2012
China	Côte d'Ivoire	2013
Colombia	Croatia	2012
Comoros	Cuba	2013
Croatia	Democratic Republic of the Congo	2013
Equatorial Guinea	Equatorial Guinea	2011
Finland	Finland	2012
Gambia	Gambia	2010
Germany	Germany	2013
Grenada	Grenada	2011
Guyana	Haiti	2013
Honduras	Honduras	2011
India	India	2010
Indonesia	Indonesia[d]	2013
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2011
Jamaica	Israel	2013
Japan	Jamaica	2010
Kazakhstan	Japan	2012
Kenya	Kazakhstan	2012
Lebanon	Kenya	2012
Malaysia	Lebanon	2010
Mexico	Mexico	2010
Morocco	Netherlands	2012
Netherlands	Oman	2010
Oman	Pakistan	2013
Peru	Poland	2011
Poland	Russian Federation	2010

Membership of the forty-second session	*Membership of the forty-third session*	*Term expires at close of session in the year*
Russian Federation	Rwanda	2013
Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone	2010
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	2011
South Africa	South Africa	2010
Spain	Spain	2011
Sweden	Sweden	2010
Switzerland	Switzerland	2013
Tunisia	Tunisia	2012
Uganda	Uganda	2012
Ukraine	Ukraine	2010
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2010
United States of America	United States of America	2010
Uruguay	Uruguay	2010
Zambia	Zambia	2010

[c] At its 7th and 38th meetings, on 18 May and 27 July 2009, the Council elected the following 16 members to the Commission on Population and Development for a four-year term beginning at the first meeting (held in 2010) of the Commission's forty-fourth session and expiring at the close of the Commission's forty-seventh session in 2014: Angola, China, Ghana, Guatemala, Hungary, India, Jamaica, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malaysia, Philippines, Portugal, Russian Federation, Saint Lucia, Senegal and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (see decisions 2009/201 C and D).

[d] Elected at the 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, for a term beginning on the date of election, to fill an outstanding vacancy (see decision 2009/201 C).

Commission for Social Development

(46 members; four-year term)

Membership of the forty-seventh session	*Membership of the forty-eighth session*[e]	*Term expires at close of session in the year*
Andorra	Albania	2013
Angola	Andorra	2011
Argentina	Argentina	2012
Armenia	Armenia	2012
Bangladesh	Benin	2011
Benin	Brazil[f]	2013
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Cameroon	2011
Cameroon	China	2013
China	Cuba	2011
Cuba	Egypt	2011
Czech Republic	El Salvador	2012
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	Ethiopia	2013
Democratic Republic of the Congo	France	2012
Egypt	Gabon	2013
El Salvador	Germany	2012
Finland	Ghana	2012
France	Guatemala	2012
Germany	Haiti	2013
Ghana	India	2011
Guatemala	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2013
India	Italy	2013
Italy	Jamaica	2011
Jamaica	Japan	2012
Japan	Lesotho	2013
Mexico	Mauritius	2013
Monaco	Mexico	2011
Myanmar	Namibia	2011
Namibia	Nepal	2011
Nepal	Netherlands	2013
Netherlands	Nigeria	2012
Nigeria	Pakistan	2012
Pakistan	Philippines	2013
Paraguay	Qatar	2013

Membership of the forty-seventh session	*Membership of the forty-eighth session*[e]	*Term expires at close of session in the year*
Republic of Korea	Republic of Korea	2012
Russian Federation	Russian Federation	2012
Senegal	Senegal	2012
Slovakia	Slovakia	2011
South Africa	Spain	2011
Spain	Sudan	2012
Sudan	Sweden[g]	2013
Turkey	Switzerland	2013
Ukraine	Turkey	2011
United Arab Emirates	United Arab Emirates	2011
United Republic of Tanzania	United States of America	2012
United States of America	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)[f]	2013
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)		

[e] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council further postponed the election of one member from Eastern European States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring at the close of the Commission's fifty-first session, in 2013 (decision 2009/201 C).

[f] Elected by the Council at its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, to fill an outstanding vacancy on the Commission for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring at the close of the Commission's fifty-first session, in 2013 (see decision 2009/201 C).

[g] Elected at the 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, for a term beginning on the date of election to replace Denmark, which had resigned before assuming its seat for the forty-eighth session of the Commission (see decision 2009/201 C).

Commission on the Status of Women[h]

(45 members; four-year term)

Membership of the fifty-third session	*Membership of the fifty-fourth session*	*Term expires at close of session in the year*
Armenia	Armenia	2011
Azerbaijan	Azerbaijan	2011
Belgium	Belarus	2013
Belize	Belgium	2011
Brazil	Brazil	2010
Cambodia	Cambodia	2011
Cameroon	Cameroon	2010
China	China	2012
Croatia	Colombia	2013
Cuba	Cuba	2012
Djibouti	Djibouti	2010
Dominican Republic	Dominican Republic	2012
Ecuador	Ecuador	2010
Eritrea	Eritrea	2012
Gabon	Gabon	2011
Germany	Germany	2013
Haiti	Guinea	2013
India	Haiti	2012
Indonesia	India	2012
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Indonesia	2010
Japan	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2010
Lesotho	Iraq	2013
Malaysia	Israel	2013
Mali	Italy	2013
Mexico	Japan	2013
Morocco	Lesotho	2010
Namibia	Malaysia	2010
Netherlands	Mauritania	2013
Niger	Mexico	2010
Pakistan	Namibia	2011
Paraguay	Nicaragua	2013
Peru	Niger	2011
Qatar	Pakistan	2011

Membership of the fifty-third session	*Membership of the fifty-fourth session*	*Term expires at close of session in the year*
Republic of Korea	Paraguay	2011
Russian Federation	Republic of Korea	2010
Senegal	Russian Federation	2012
Spain	Rwanda	2013
Sweden	Senegal	2012
Togo	Spain	2011
Turkey	Sweden	2012
United Arab Emirates	Togo	2010
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Turkey	2011
United Republic of Tanzania	United Arab Emirates	2010
United States of America	United States of America	2012
Zambia	Zambia	2010

[h] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council elected the following 13 members to the Commission on the Status of Women for a four-year term beginning at the first meeting (held in 2010) of the Commission's fifty-fifth session and expiring at the close of the Commission's fifty-eighth session, in 2014: Argentina, Bangladesh, Central African Republic, Comoros, El Salvador, Gambia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Mongolia, Philippines, Republic of Korea, Swaziland and Uruguay (see decision 2009/201 C).

Commission on Narcotic Drugs

(53 members; four-year term)

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*	*Term expires on 31 December*
Argentina	Argentina	2011
Australia	Australia	2013
Austria	Austria	2011
Belgium	Belarus	2013
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Belgium	2013
Botswana	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	2013
Cameroon	Botswana	2011
Canada	Brazil	2013
China	Cameroon	2011
Colombia	Canada	2013
Cuba	Chile	2013
Czech Republic	China	2011
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Colombia	2013
El Salvador	Côte d'Ivoire	2013
Ethiopia	Cuba	2011
Finland	Czech Republic	2011
Germany	Democratic Republic of the Congo	2011
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	El Salvador	2011
Israel	Ethiopia	2011
Italy	Finland	2011
Jamaica	France	2013
Japan	Germany	2011
Kazakhstan	Ghana	2013
Lithuania	India	2013
Mexico	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2011
Morocco	Israel	2011
Namibia	Italy	2011
Netherlands	Kazakhstan	2011
Niger	Lao People's Democratic Republic	2013
Nigeria	Lithuania	2011
Pakistan	Morocco	2011
Peru	Myanmar	2013
Poland	Netherlands	2011

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*	*Term expires on 31 December*
Republic of Korea	Pakistan	2011
Republic of Moldova	Peru	2011
Russian Federation	Republic of Moldova	2011
Saudi Arabia	Romania	2013
Senegal	Russian Federation	2013
Spain	Saudi Arabia	2013
Sudan	Sierra Leone	2013
Switzerland	Spain	2011
Tajikistan	Sudan	2011
Thailand	Swaziland	2013
Trinidad and Tobago	Switzerland	2011
Turkey	Thailand	2011
Uganda	Trinidad and Tobago	2011
Ukraine	Uganda	2011
United Arab Emirates	United Arab Emirates	2011
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2013
United States of America	United States of America	2011
Uruguay	Uruguay	2011
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	2011
Yemen	Yemen	2011

Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice

(40 members; three-year term)

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*	*Term expires on 31 December*
Algeria	Algeria	2011
Argentina	Angola	2012
Austria	Argentina	2012
Belgium	Austria	2011
Brazil	Belarus	2012
Cameroon	Belgium	2011
Canada	Benin	2012
China	Brazil	2012
Colombia	Cameroon	2012
Comoros	Canada	2012
Cuba	Chile	2012
Democratic Republic of the Congo	China	2011
El Salvador	Comoros	2011
Germany	Cuba	2011
Ghana	Democratic Republic of the Congo	2011
Guatemala	El Salvador	2011
India	Germany	2011
Indonesia	Ghana	2011
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	India	2012
Jamaica	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2012
Japan	Japan	2011
Kenya	Kenya	2011
Lesotho	Lesotho	2011
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	2011
Nigeria	Mexico	2012
Republic of Korea	Nigeria	2012
Republic of Moldova	Pakistan	2012
Romania	Philippines	2012
Russian Federation	Republic of Korea	2011
Saudi Arabia	Romania	2011
Sierra Leone	Russian Federation	2011
South Africa	Saudi Arabia	2012
Sudan	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	2012

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*	*Term expires on 31 December*
Thailand	Sudan	2011
Turkey	Thailand	2011
Ukraine	Turkey	2012
United Arab Emirates	Ukraine	2012
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2012
United States of America	United States of America	2012
Uruguay	Uruguay	2011

Commission on Sustainable Development[i]

(53 members; three-year term)

Membership of the seventeenth session	*Membership of the eighteenth session*	*Term expires at close of session in the year*
Antigua and Barbuda	Antigua and Barbuda	2012
Argentina	Argentina	2011
Australia	Australia	2012
Bahrain	Bahrain	2010
Bangladesh	Bangladesh	2011
Belgium	Belgium	2011
Brazil	Brazil	2011
Canada	Canada	2011
Cape Verde	Cape Verde	2010
Chile	China	2012
Costa Rica	Colombia	2012
Croatia	Costa Rica	2010
Czech Republic	Croatia	2010
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Cuba	2012
Djibouti	Democratic Republic of the Congo	2011
Estonia	Eritrea	2012
France	Estonia	2011
Gabon	Ethiopia	2012
Gambia	France	2010
Germany	Gabon	2011
Guatemala	Gambia	2010
Guinea	Germany	2011
Haiti	Guatemala	2010
India	Guinea	2010
Indonesia	Haiti	2010
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	India	2010
Israel	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2010
Japan	Israel	2011
Kuwait	Japan	2010
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Kyrgyzstan	2012
Malawi	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	2011
Monaco	Luxembourg[j]	2012
Namibia	Malawi	2011

Membership of the seventeenth session	*Membership of the eighteenth session*	*Term expires at close of session in the year*
Netherlands	Mauritius	2012
Pakistan	Monaco	2010
Peru	Namibia	2011
Poland	Netherlands	2010
Republic of Korea	Nigeria	2012
Romania	Pakistan	2011
Russian Federation	Philippines	2012
Saudi Arabia	Poland	2010
Senegal	Romania	2011
South Africa	Russian Federation	2012
Spain	Saudi Arabia	2011
Sudan	South Africa	2010
Sweden	Sweden	2010
Switzerland[k]	Switzerland	2011
United Arab Emirates	Ukraine	2012
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	United Arab Emirates	2011
United Republic of Tanzania	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland[j]	2012
United States of America	United States of America	2012
Uruguay	Uruguay	2011
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	2011

[i] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council elected the following 17 Members States to the Commission on Sustainable Development for a three-year term beginning at the first meeting (held in 2010) of the Commission's nineteenth session and expiring at the close of the Commission's twenty-first session in 2013: Algeria, Bahamas, Belarus, Benin, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, France, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Malaysia, Mongolia, Netherlands, Norway, Panama, Peru, Thailand and Togo (see decision 2009/201 C).

[j] Elected at the 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, to fill an outstanding vacancy on the Commission for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring at the close of the Commission's twentieth session, in 2012.

[k] Elected at the 46th meeting of the Council, on 12 September 2008, for a term beginning on the date of election, to fill an outstanding vacancy (see decision 2008/201 F).

Commission on Science and Technology for Development

(43 members; four-year term)

Membership in 2009 and 2010	*Term expires on 31 December*
Argentina	2010
Austria	2012
Belarus	2010
Belgium	2010
Brazil	2012
Bulgaria[l]	2010
Burkina Faso	2010
Chile	2012
China	2010
Costa Rica	2012
Cuba	2010
Democratic Republic of the Congo	2012
Dominican Republic	2010
El Salvador	2010
Equatorial Guinea	2012
Eritrea	2010
Finland[m]	2012
France	2010
Germany	2010
Ghana	2012
India	2010
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2010
Israel	2012
Jamaica[m]	2012
Jordan	2012
Latvia	2010
Lesotho	2010
Malaysia	2010
Mali	2012
Oman	2012
Pakistan	2012
Philippines	2010
Portugal[n]	2012

Membership in 2009 and 2010	*Term expires on 31 December*
Russian Federation	2012
Slovakia	2012
South Africa	2012
Sri Lanka	2012
Sudan	2010
Switzerland	2012
Tunisia	2010
Turkey	2010
Uganda	2010
United States of America	2010

[l] Elected at the 38th meeting, on 27 July 2009, for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2010, to fill an outstanding vacancy (see decision 2009/201 D).

[m] Elected at the 46th meeting, on 12 September 2008, for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 2009, to fill a postponed vacancy (see decision 2008/201 F).

[n] Elected at the 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, to fill an outstanding vacancy on the Commission, for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2012.

Regional commissions

Economic Commission for Africa°

(53 members)

Algeria	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
Angola	Madagascar
Benin	Malawi
Botswana	Mali
Burkina Faso	Mauritania
Burundi	Mauritius
Cameroon	Morocco
Cape Verde	Mozambique
Central African Republic	Namibia
Chad	Niger
Comoros	Nigeria
Congo	Rwanda
Côte d'Ivoire	Sao Tome and Principe
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Senegal
Djibouti	Seychelles
Egypt	Sierra Leone
Equatorial Guinea	Somalia
Eritrea	South Africa
Ethiopia	Sudan
Gabon	Swaziland
Gambia	Togo
Ghana	Tunisia
Guinea	Uganda
Guinea-Bissau	United Republic of Tanzania
Kenya	Zambia
Lesotho	Zimbabwe
Liberia	

° Switzerland participates in a consultative capacity in the work of the Commission by virtue of Council resolution 925 (XXXIV) of 6 July 1962.

Economic Commission for Europe[P]

(56 members)

Albania	Lithuania
Andorra	Luxembourg
Armenia	Malta
Austria	Monaco
Azerbaijan	Montenegro
Belarus	Netherlands
Belgium	Norway
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Poland
Bulgaria	Portugal
Canada	Republic of Moldova
Croatia	Romania
Cyprus	Russian Federation
Czech Republic	San Marino
Denmark	Serbia
Estonia	Slovakia
Finland	Slovenia
France	Spain
Georgia	Sweden
Germany	Switzerland
Greece	Tajikistan
Hungary	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
Iceland	
Ireland	Turkey
Israel	Turkmenistan
Italy	Ukraine
Kazakhstan	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Kyrgyzstan	
Latvia	United States of America
Liechtenstein	Uzbekistan

[P] The Holy See participates in the work of the Commission in accordance with Commission decision N (XXXI) of 5 April 1976.

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean[q]

(43 members)

Antigua and Barbuda	Honduras
Argentina	Italy
Bahamas	Jamaica
Barbados	Japan
Belize	Mexico
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Netherlands
Brazil	Nicaragua
Canada	Panama
Chile	Paraguay
Colombia	Peru
Costa Rica	Portugal
Cuba	Saint Kitts and Nevis
Dominica	Saint Lucia
Dominican Republic	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
Ecuador	Spain
El Salvador	Suriname
France	Trinidad and Tobago
Germany	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Grenada	
Guatemala	United States of America
Guyana	Uruguay
Haiti	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

[q] Germany and Switzerland participates in a consultative capacity in the work of the Commission by virtue of Council resolutions 632 (XXII) of 19 December 1956 and 861 (XXXII) of 21 December 1961, respectively.

Associate members (9)

Anguilla	Netherlands Antilles
Aruba	Puerto Rico
British Virgin Islands	Turks and Caicos Islands
Cayman Islands	United States Virgin Islands
Montserrat	

Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific[r]

(53 members)

Afghanistan	Nauru
Armenia	Nepal
Australia	Netherlands
Azerbaijan	New Zealand
Bangladesh	Pakistan
Bhutan	Palau
Brunei Darussalam	Papua New Guinea
Cambodia	Philippines
China	Republic of Korea
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	Russian Federation
Fiji	Samoa
France	Singapore
Georgia	Solomon Islands
India	Sri Lanka
Indonesia	Tajikistan
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Thailand
Japan	Timor-Leste
Kazakhstan	Tonga
Kiribati	Turkey
Kyrgyzstan	Turkmenistan
Lao People's Democratic Republic	Tuvalu
Malaysia	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Maldives	United States of America
Marshall Islands	Uzbekistan
Micronesia (Federated States of)	Vanuatu
Mongolia	Viet Nam
Myanmar	

[r] Switzerland participates in a consultative capacity in the work of the Commission by virtue of Council resolution 860 (XXXII) of 21 December 1961.

Associate members (9)

American Samoa	Hong Kong, China
Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands	Macau, China
Cook Islands	New Caledonia
French Polynesia	Niue
Guam	

Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia

(14 members)

Bahrain
Egypt
Iraq
Jordan
Kuwait
Lebanon
Oman
Palestine
Qatar
Saudi Arabia
Sudan
Syrian Arab Republic
United Arab Emirates
Yemen

Standing committees

Committee for Programme and Coordination

(34 members; three-year term)

Membership in 2009[a]	*Membership in 2010*[b]	*Term expires on 31 December*
Argentina	Argentina	2011
Armenia	Armenia	2011
Bangladesh	Bangladesh	2010
Belarus	Belarus	2011
Brazil	Brazil	2011
Central African Republic	Central African Republic	2011
China	China	2010
Comoros	Cuba	2011
Cuba	Guinea	2011
France	India	2011
Guinea	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2011
Haiti	Italy	2009
India	Jamaica	2010
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Kazakhstan	2011
Italy	Kenya	2010
Jamaica	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	2010
Kazakhstan	Niger	2010
Kenya	Nigeria	2011
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Pakistan	2011
Niger	Republic of Korea	2010
Nigeria	South Africa	2011
Pakistan	Spain	2011
Republic of Korea	Ukraine	2011
Russian Federation	Uruguay	2011
South Africa		
Spain		
Ukraine		
Uruguay		

Membership in 2009[s]	*Membership in 2010*[t]	*Term expires on 31 December*
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)		
Zimbabwe		

[s] At its 32nd meeting, on 16 July 2008, the Council postponed the nomination of three members from Western European and other States for a term beginning on the date of election by the General Assembly and expiring on 31 December 2011 (see decision 2008/201 E). At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council nominated one Member State for election by the Assembly for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2009 (see decision 2009/201 C).

[t] At its 7th and 38th meetings, on 18 May and 27 July 2009, the Council nominated six Member States for election by the General Assembly for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2010 and postponed the nomination of one member from Western European and other States for election by the Assembly for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2010 (see decisions 2009/201 C and D).

Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations

(19 members; four-year term)

Membership from 1 January 2007 to 31 December 2010

Angola	Pakistan
Burundi	Peru
China	Qatar
Colombia	Romania
Cuba	Russian Federation
Dominica	Sudan
Egypt	Turkey
Guinea	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
India	United States of America
Israel	

Expert bodies

Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

Subcommittee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG Subcommittee)

(28 members)

Argentina	Japan
Australia	Kenya[u]
Austria	Mexico
Belgium	Morocco
Brazil	Netherlands
Canada	Norway
China	Poland
Czech Republic	Portugal
Finland	Russian Federation
France	South Africa
Germany	Spain
India	Sweden
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Italy	United States of America

[u] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council endorsed the decision of the Secretary-General to approve the application of Kenya for membership in the Committee of Experts, including its two Subcommittees (see decision 2009/201 C).

Subcommittee of Experts on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Subcommittee)

(35 members)

Argentina	Netherlands
Australia	New Zealand
Austria	Nigeria
Belgium	Norway
Brazil	Poland
Canada	Portugal
China	Qatar
Czech Republic	Republic of Korea[v]
Denmark	Senegal
Finland	Serbia
France	South Africa
Germany	Spain
Greece	Sweden
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Ukraine
Ireland	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Italy	United States of America
Japan	Zambia
Kenya[u]	

[v] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council endorsed the decision of the Secretary-General to approve the application of the Republic of Korea for membership in the Subcommittee of Experts on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting

(34 members; three-year term)

Membership in 2009[w]	*Membership in 2010*[x]	*Term expires on 31 December*
Benin	Benin	2012
Botswana	Botswana	2011
Brazil	Brazil	2012
Burundi	Cameroon	2012
China	China	2011
Cyprus	Egypt	2012
Eritrea	Eritrea	2011
Germany	Germany	2011
Kyrgyzstan	Kyrgyzstan	2011
Malta	Malta	2011
Namibia[y]	Namibia	2011
Nigeria	Russian Federation	2011
Poland	South Africa	2011
Russian Federation	Sri Lanka	2011
Slovakia	Sweden	2011
South Africa	Sri Lanka	2011
Sri Lanka	Sweden	2011
Sweden	United Republic of Tanzania	2012
Tunisia		

[w] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May, the Council further postponed the election of the 15 members for a term beginning on the date of election, as follows: 3 members from Asian States and 2 members from Latin American and Caribbean States for a term expiring on 31 December 2009 and 1 member from African States, 3 members from Latin American and Caribbean States and 6 members from Western European and other States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2011 (see decision 2009/201 C).

[x] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May, the Council postponed the election of 4 members from Asian States, 2 members from Eastern European States and 2 members from Latin American and Caribbean States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2010 (see decision 2009/201 C).

[y] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council elected Namibia to fill an outstanding vacancy on the Intergovernmental Working Group for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2011 (see decision 2009/201 C).

Committee for Development Policy

(24 members; three-year term)

Membership through 31 December 2009	*Membership from 1 January 2010 through 31 December 2012*[z]
Bina Agarwal (India)	Bina Agarwal (India)
José Antonio Alonso (Spain)	Mary Helena Allegretti (Brazil)
Lourdes Arizpe (Mexico)	José Antonio Alonso (Spain)
Albert Binger (Jamaica)	Alice Amsden (United States of America)
Olav Bjerkholt (Norway)	Lourdes Arizpe (Mexico)
Kwesi Botchwey (Ghana)	Kwesi Botchwey (Ghana)
Gui Ying Cao (China)	Giovanni Andrea Cornia (Italy)
Ricardo Ffrench-Davis (Chile)	Ricardo Ffrench-Davis (Chile)
Stanisława Golinowska (Poland)	Sakiko Fukuda-Parr (Japan)
Patrick Guillaumont (France)	Norman Girvan (Jamaica)
Philippe Hein (Mauritius)	Philippe Hein (Mauritius)
Hiroya Ichikawa (Japan)	Mulu Ketsela (Ethiopia)
Wiliene Johnson (United States of America)	Wahiduddin Mahmud (Bangladesh)
Martin Khor (Malaysia)	Amina Mama (South Africa)
Amina Mama (South Africa)	Thandika Mkwandawire (Sweden)
Adil Najam (Pakistan)[aa]	Adil Najam (Pakistan)
Hans Opschoor (Netherlands)	Hans Opschoor (Netherlands)
Vladimir Popov (Russian Federation)[bb]	Pasuk Phongpaichit (Thailand)
Suchitra Punyaratabandhu (Thailand)	Vladimir Popov (Russian Federation)
Fatima Sadiqi (Morocco)	Fatima Sadiqi (Morocco)
Frances Stewart (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)	Frances Stewart (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)
Diana Tussie (Argentina)	Milica Uvalic (Serbia)
Milica Uvalic (Serbia)	Yu Yongding (China)
Samuel Wangwe (United Republic of Tanzania)	

[z] At its 38th meeting, on 27 July 2009, the Council postponed the appointment of one expert for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2010 (see decision 2009/201 D).

[aa] Appointed by the Council at its 2nd meeting, on 10 February 2009, to fill a vacancy arising from the resignation of Tariq Banuri (Pakistan) (see decision 2009/201 A).

[bb] Appointed by the Council at its 46th meeting, on 12 September 2008, to fill a vacancy arising from the resignation of Anatoly Vishnevsky (Russian Federation) (see decision 2008/201 F).

Committee of Experts on Public Administration

(24 members; four-year term)

Membership from 1 January 2006 through 31 December 2009	*Membership from 1 January 2010 through 31 December 2013*
Peter Anyang' Nyong'o (Kenya)	Peter Anyang' Nyong'o (Kenya)
Ousmane Batoko (Benin)	Rowena G. Bethel (Bahamas)
Marie-Françoise Bechtel (France)	Vitoria Dias Diogo (Mozambique)
Rachid Benmokhtar Benabdellah (Morocco)	Joseph Dion Ngute (Cameroon)
Emilia Boncodin (Philippines)	Mikhail Dmitriev (Russian Federation)
Jocelyne Bourgon (Canada)	Meredith Edwards (Australia)
Luiz Carlos Bresser-Pereira (Brazil)	Walter Fust (Switzerland)
Mario P. Chiti (Italy)	Hao Bin (China)
Mikhail Dmitriev (Russian Federation)	Mushtaq Khan (Bangladesh)
Jennifer Dorn (United States of America)	Pan Suk Kim (Republic of Korea)
Geraldine Fraser-Moleketi (South Africa)	Francisco Longo Martinez (Spain)
Edgar Alfonso González Salas (Colombia)	Hyam Nashash (Jordan)
Werner Jann (Germany)	Paul Oquist (Nicaragua)
Taher Kannan (Jordan)	Marta Oyhanarte (Argentina)
Pan Suk Kim (Republic of Korea)	Odette Ramsingh (South Africa)
Barbara Kudrycka (Poland)	Siripurapu Kesava Rao (India)
Florin Lupescu (Romania)	Margaret Saner (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)
Anthony Makrydemetres (Greece)	Valeria Termini (Italy)
Jose Oscar Monteiro (Mozambique)	Luis Aguilar Villanueva (Mexico)
Siripurapu Kesava Rao (India)	Gwendoline Williams (Trinidad and Tobago)
Prijono Tjiptoherijanto (Indonesia)	Susan L. Woodward (United States of America)
Luis Aguilar Villanueva (Mexico)	Philip Yeo Liat Kok (Singapore)
Gwendoline Williams (Trinidad and Tobago)	Najat Zarrouk (Morocco)
Wang Xiaochu (China)	Jan Ziekow (Germany)

Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

(18 members; four-year term)

Membership in 2009 and 2010	*Term expires on 31 December*
Mohamed Ezzeldin Abdel-Moneim (Egypt)	2012
Clément Atangana (Cameroon)	2010
María del Rocío Barahona Riera (Costa Rica)	2012
Virginia Bonoan-Dandan (Philippines)	2010
Maria Virginia Brás Gomes (Portugal)	2010
Chandrashekhar Dasgupta (India)	2010
Zdzislaw Kedzia (Poland)	2012
Azzouz Kerdoun (Algeria)	2010
Yuri Kolosov (Russian Federation)	2010
Jaime Marchán Romero (Ecuador)	2010
Sergei N. Martynov (Belarus)	2012
Ariranga Govindasamy Pillay (Mauritius)	2012
Eibe Riedel (Germany)	2010
Waleed M. Sa'di (Jordan)	2012
Nikolaas Jan Schrijver (Netherlands)	2012
Philippe Texier (France)	2012
Alvaro Tirado Mejía (Colombia)	2010
Zhan Daode (China)	2012

Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues

(16 members; three-year term)

Membership through 31 December 2010

Eight experts elected by the Council	*Eight experts appointed by the President of the Council*
Simeon Adewale Adekanye (Nigeria)	Lars-Anders Baer (Sweden)
Carlos Mamani Condori (Plurinational State of Bolivia)	Hassan Id Balkassm (Morocco)
Paimaneh Hasteh (Islamic Republic of Iran)	Elisa Canqui Mollo (Plurinational State of Bolivia)
Eugenio A. Insigne (Philippines)	Michael Dodson (Australia)
Liliane Muzangi Mbella (Democratic Republic of the Congo)	Tonya Gonnella Frichner (United States of America)
A. A. Nikiforov (Russian Federation)	Margaret Lokawua (Uganda)
Bartolomé Clavero Salvador (Spain)	Pavel Sulyandziga (Russian Federation)
Carsten Smith (Norway)	Victoria Tauli Corpuz (Philippines)

Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters

(25 members; four-year term)

Membership through 30 June 2009	*Membership from 1 July 2009 through 30 June 2013*
Moftah Jassim Al-Moftah (Qatar)	Kwame Adjei-Djan (Ghana)
Bernell L. Arrindell (Barbados)	Sae Joon Ahn (Republic of Korea)
Noureddine Bensouda (Morocco)	Farida Amjad (Pakistan)
Rowena G. Bethel (Bahamas)	Keiji Aoyama (Japan)
Nahil L. Hirsh Carrillo (Peru)	Bernell L. Arrindell (Barbados)
Danies Kawama Chisenda (Zambia)	Noureddine Bensouda (Morocco)
Paolo Ciocca (Italy)	Claudine Devillet (Belgium)
Christian Comolet-Tirman (France)	El Hadj Ibrahima Diop (Senegal)
Andrew Dawson (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)	Amr El Monayer (Egypt)
Miguel Ferre Navarrete (Spain)	Miguel Ferre Navarrete (Spain)
Liselott Kana (Chile)	Juerg Giraudi (Switzerland)
Harry Msamire Kitillya (United Republic of Tanzania)	Mansor Hassan (Malaysia)
Kyung Geun Lee (Republic of Korea)	Liselott Kana (Chile)
Tizhong Liao (China)	Anita Kapur (India)
Habiba Louati (Tunisia)	Wolfgang Karl Lasars (Germany)
Ronald Peter van der Merwe (South Africa)	Tizhong Liao (China)
Frank Mullen (Ireland)	Henry John Louie (United States of America)
Dmitry Vladimirovich Nikolaev (Russian Federation)	Enrico Martino (Italy)
Robin Oliver (New Zealand)	Robin Oliver (New Zealand)
Serafin U. Salvador, Jr. (Philippines)	Ifueko Omoigui Okauru (Nigeria)
Erwin Silitonga (Indonesia)	Iskra Georgieva Slavcheva (Bulgaria)
Stig B. Sollund (Norway)	Stig B. Sollund (Norway)
Robert Waldburger (Switzerland)	Marcos Aurelio Pereira Valadao (Brazil)
Armando Lara Yaffar (Mexico)	Ronald Peter van der Merwe (South Africa)
Eduardo Zaidensztat Capnikcas (Uruguay)	Armando Lara Yaffar (Mexico)

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Related bodies

Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund

(36 members; three-year term)

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*	*Term expires on 31 December*
Antigua and Barbuda	Antigua and Barbuda	2010
Bahamas	Bangladesh	2011
Bangladesh	Belarus	2012
Cameroon	Canada	2010
Canada	Cape Verde	2012
Central African Republic	China	2010
China	Congo	2012
Croatia	Cuba	2011
Cuba	Denmark	2012
Denmark	El Salvador	2012
Ethiopia	France	2012
Finland	Haiti	2010
France	Iceland[cc]	2011
Germany	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2010
Haiti	Ireland	2012
India	Italy	2010
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Kazakhstan	2012
Italy	Liberia	2011
Japan	Luxembourg	2012
Liberia	Malawi	2012
Malaysia	New Zealand[cc]	2010
Mali	Norway	2011
Mauritania	Pakistan	2012
Myanmar	Qatar	2012
Netherlands	Republic of Korea	2011
Norway	Romania	2010
Republic of Korea	Russian Federation	2010
Romania	Slovenia	2011
Russian Federation	Somalia	2012
Slovenia	Sudan	2011
Sudan	Switzerland	2011

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*	*Term expires on 31 December*
Sweden	Tunisia	2012
Switzerland	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland[cc]	2010
United States of America	United States of America	2011
Uruguay	Uruguay	2011
Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe	2010

[cc] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council elected Iceland, New Zealand and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland for a term beginning on 1 January 2010 to fill vacancies arising from the resignations of Finland, Japan and the Netherlands, respectively (see decision 2009/201 C).

Executive Committee of the Programme of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

(78 members)

Algeria	Guinea
Argentina	Holy See
Australia	Hungary
Austria	India
Bangladesh	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
Belgium	Ireland
Benin	Israel
Brazil	Italy
Canada	Japan
Chile	Jordan
China	Kenya
Colombia	Lebanon
Costa Rica	Lesotho
Côte d'Ivoire	Luxembourg
Cyprus	Madagascar
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Mexico
Denmark	Montenegro
Djibouti[dd]	Morocco
Ecuador	Mozambique
Egypt	Namibia
Estonia	Netherlands
Ethiopia	New Zealand
Finland	Nicaragua
France	Nigeria
Germany	Norway
Ghana	Pakistan
Greece	Philippines
Poland	Switzerland
Portugal	Thailand
Republic of Korea	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
Republic of Moldova[dd]	Tunisia
Romania	Turkey
Russian Federation	Uganda

Serbia	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Somalia	United Republic of Tanzania
South Africa	United States of America
Spain	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
Sudan	Yemen
Sweden	Zambia

[dd] Elected at the 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 63/146 of 18 December 2008 (see decision 2009/201 C).

Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme/ United Nations Population Fund

(36 members; three-year term)

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*	*Term expires on 31 December*
Angola	Antigua and Barbuda	2012
Antigua and Barbuda	Austria	2011
Austria	Azerbaijan	2010
Azerbaijan	Belgium[ee]	2011
Bhutan	Burkina Faso	2012
Central African Republic	Cameroon	2012
China	Canada[ee]	2010
Colombia	Colombia	2010
Cuba	Cuba	2011
Denmark	Democratic Republic of the Congo	2012
Finland	Finland	2010
France	France	2012
Germany	Haiti	2010
Haiti	India	2012
India	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2011
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Japan	2012
Lao People's Democratic Republic	Lao People's Democratic Republic	2010
Malawi	Mauritania	2011
Mauritania	Mexico	2011
Mexico	Netherlands	2012
Netherlands	Pakistan	2012
New Zealand	Qatar	2012
Norway	Republic of Korea	2010
Republic of Korea	Russian Federation	2011
Russian Federation	Rwanda	2012
Senegal	Sierra Leone	2011
Serbia	Slovakia	2010
Sierra Leone	Slovenia	2012
Slovakia	South Africa	2012
Somalia	Sweden[ee]	2011
Sweden	Spain	2012
Turkey	Switzerland[ee]	2010

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*	*Term expires on 31 December*
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2011
United Republic of Tanzania	United Republic of Tanzania	2010
United States of America	United States of America	2010
Yemen	Yemen	2011

[cc] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council elected Belgium, Canada, Sweden and Switzerland for a term beginning on 1 January 2010 to fill vacancies arising from the resignations of Germany, New Zealand, Norway and Turkey, respectively (see decision 2009/201 C).

Executive Board of the World Food Programme[ff]

(36 members; three-year term)

Membership in 2009

Members elected by the Economic and Social Council	*Term expires on 31 December*	*Members elected by the FAO Council*	*Term expires on 31 December*
Angola	2011	Brazil	2011
Australia	2010	Canada	2010
Belgium	2009	Colombia	2011
Burundi	2010	Democratic Republic of the Congo	2010
Cape Verde	2009	Denmark	2011
China	2011	Egypt	2011
Cuba	2010	Germany	2010
Czech Republic	2011	Guinea	2010
Guatemala	2011	Haiti	2010
India	2009	Kuwait	2010
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2009	Netherlands	2009
Japan	2011	Pakistan	2009
Norway	2010	Peru	2009
Russian Federation	2009	Philippines	2009
Sudan	2010	Slovenia	2011
Sweden	2009	Switzerland	2011
Thailand	2010	United States of America	2009
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2011	Zambia	2009

[ff] Pursuant to General Assembly resolution 50/8 of 1 November 1995, the Economic and Social Council and the Council of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations elect 18 members each from among the States Members of the United Nations or the States members of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, according to the pattern set out in that resolution. The members of the Executive Board were elected from five lists set out in the Basic Texts of the World Food Programme and reproduced in document E/2009/9/Add.6.

Membership in 2010			
Members elected by the Economic and Social Council	*Term expires on 31 December*	*Members elected by the FAO Council*[88]	*Term expires on 31 December*
Angola	2011	Brazil	2011
Australia	2010	Canada	2010
Burkina Faso	2012	Colombia	2011
Burundi	2010	Democratic Republic of the Congo	2010
China	2011	Denmark	2011
Cuba	2010	Egypt	2011
Czech Republic	2011	Germany	2010
France	2012	Guinea	2010
Guatemala	2011	Haiti	2010
India	2012	Kuwait	2010
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2012	Slovenia	2011
Japan	2011	Switzerland	2011
Luxembourg	2012		
Norway	2010		
Russian Federation	2012		
Sudan	2010		
Thailand	2010		
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2011		

[88] The remaining six seats are to be filled by the Council of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations at its session to be held in November 2009.

International Narcotics Control Board

(13 members; five-year term)

Members elected by the Economic and Social Council to serve on the Board as constituted under the 1972 Protocol Amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961

Membership through 1 March 2010	*Term expires on 1 March*
Joseph Bediako Asare (Ghana)	2010
Sevil Atasoy (Turkey)	2010
Tatiana Borisovna Dmitrieva (Russian Federation)	2010
Philip O. Emafo (Nigeria)	2010
Hamid Ghodse (Islamic Republic of Iran)	2012
Camilo Uribe Granja (Colombia)	2010
Carola Lander (Germany)	2012
Melvyn Levitsky (United States of America)	2012
María Elena Medina-Mora Icaza (Mexico)	2012
Sri Suryawati (Indonesia)	2012
Brian Watters (Australia)	2010
Raymond Yans (Belgium)	2012
Xin Yu (China)	2012

Membership from 2 March 2010 through 1 March 2015	*Term expires on 1 March*
Tatiana Borisovna Dmitrieva (Russian Federation)	2015
Hamid Ghodse (Islamic Republic of Iran)	2012
Camilo Uribe Granja (Colombia)	2015
Carola Lander (Germany)	2012
Melvyn Levitsky (United States of America)	2012
María Elena Medina-Mora Icaza (Mexico)	2012
Marc Moinard (France)	2015
Lochan Naidoo (South Africa)	2015
Rajat Ray (India)	2015
Viroj Sumyai (Thailand)	2015
Sri Suryawati (Indonesia)	2012
Raymond Yans (Belgium)	2012
Xin Yu (China)	2012

Executive Board of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women

(10 members; three-year term)

Membership through 31 December 2009

Belarus	Philippines
Egypt	Slovakia
Grenada	Spain
Honduras	Syrian Arab Republic
Israel	Zimbabwe

Membership from 1 January 2010 through 31 December 2012[hh]

Honduras	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

[hh] At its 7th plenary meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council postponed the election of two members from African States, two members from Asian States, two members from Eastern European States and two members from Western European and other States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2010 (see decision 2009/201 C).

Committee for the United Nations Population Award[ii]

(10 members; three-year term)

Membership through 31 December 2009

Algeria	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
Bangladesh	Malaysia
Czech Republic	Peru
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Sweden
Haiti	United Republic of Tanzania

Membership from 1 January 2010 through 31 December 2012[jj]

Guatemala	Nicaragua
Jamaica	United Republic of Tanzania

[ii] For the regulations governing the Award, see General Assembly resolution 36/201 and Assembly decision 41/445.

[jj] At its 38th meeting, on 27 July 2009, the Council postponed the election of two members from African States, two members from Asian States, one member from Eastern European States and one member from Western European and other States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2010 (see decision 2009/201 D).

Programme Coordinating Board of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS)

(22 members; three-year term)

Membership in 2009	*Membership in 2010*[kk]	*Term expires on 31 December*
Brazil	Botswana	2012
Congo	Brazil	2011
Denmark	Congo	2011
El Salvador	El Salvador	2012
Ethiopia	Ethiopia	2010
France	Finland[ll]	2011
Guatemala	France	2010
India	Guatemala	2010
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	India	2010
Japan	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2010
Mauritania	Japan	2012
Myanmar	Mauritania	2010
Netherlands	Netherlands	2012
Russian Federation	Poland	2012
Senegal	Russian Federation	2010
Slovakia	Sweden	2012
Sweden[mm]	Thailand	2011
Switzerland[mm]	Turkey	2011
Thailand	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2012
Turkey	United States of America	2010
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland[nn]		
United States of America		
Zambia		

[kk] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council postponed the election of one member from African States and one member from Asian States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2010 (see decision 2009/201 C).

[ll] Elected at the 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, for a term beginning on 1 January 2010 to fill a vacancy arising from the resignation of Denmark (see decision 2009/201 C).

[mm] Elected at the 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, for a term beginning on 1 July 2009 to fill a vacancy arising from the resignation of Switzerland (see decision 2009/201 C).

[nn] Elected at the 48th meeting, on 19 December 2008, for a term beginning on 1 January 2009 to fill a vacancy arising from the resignation of Ireland (see decision 2008/201 G).

Governing Council of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

(58 members; four-year term)

Membership in 2009 and 2010[oo]	*Term expires on 31 December*
Antigua and Barbuda	2012
Argentina	2010
Armenia	2012
Bahrain	2011
Bangladesh	2012
Brazil	2011
Burkina Faso	2011
Burundi	2010
Chile	2010
China	2012
Congo	2011
Côte d'Ivoire[pp]	2012
Cuba[pp]	2012
Czech Republic	2012
Equatorial Guinea	2010
Ethiopia	2012
Finland	2010
France[qq]	2012
Germany	2011
Grenada	2010
Guatemala	2012
Honduras	2011
India	2011
Indonesia	2010
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2010
Iraq	2011
Israel	2011
Italy	2010
Jamaica	2011
Japan	2010
Kenya	2011
Mauritania	2010

Membership in 2009 and 2010[oo]	*Term expires on 31 December*
Netherlands	2010
Niger	2010
Norway[qq]	2012
Pakistan	2010
Poland	2010
Romania	2011
Republic of Korea	2012
Russian Federation	2010
Rwanda	2012
Saudi Arabia	2011
Senegal	2010
Serbia	2011
Spain[qq]	2012
Sri Lanka	2011
Sudan	2012
Swaziland	2011
Tunisia	2012
United States of America	2010
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	2010
Zambia	2011
Zimbabwe	2010

[oo] At its 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, the Council further postponed the election of two members from Western European and other States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2011 and one member from Asian States and two members from Western European and other States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2012 (see decision 2009/201 C).

[pp] Elected at the 7th meeting, on 18 May 2009, to fill a postponed vacancy in the Governing Council for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2012 (see decision 2009/201 C).

[qq] Elected at the 3rd meeting, on 23 March 2009, for a term beginning on the date of election to fill a postponed vacancy (see decision 2009/201 B).

Other subsidiary bodies

United Nations Forum on Forests

The membership of the Forum comprises all States Members of the United Nations and States members of the specialized agencies (see Economic and Social Council resolution 2000/35)

Organizational Committee of the Peacebuilding Commission[rr]

(31 members; two-year term, as applicable)

Membership from 1 January 2009 through 31 December 2010

Seven members selected by the Security Council

Burkina Faso

China

France

Mexico

Russian Federation

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

United States of America

Seven members elected by the Economic and Social Council

Algeria

El Salvador

Guinea-Bissau

Luxembourg

Morocco

Poland

Republic of Korea

Five top providers of assessed contributions to United Nations budgets and of voluntary contributions to the United Nations funds, programmes and agencies, including a standing peacebuilding fund (selected by and from among the 10 top providers)

Canada

Germany

Japan

Netherlands

Sweden

Five top providers of military personnel and civilian police to United Nations missions (selected by and from among the 10 top providers)

Bangladesh

India

Nepal

Nigeria

Pakistan

Membership from 1 January 2009 through 31 December 2010

Seven members elected by the General Assembly

Benin

Chile

Georgia

Jamaica

South Africa

Thailand

Uruguay

[f] For guidelines regarding membership in the Organizational Committee, see paras. 4-6 of General Assembly resolution 60/180 and of Security Council resolution 1645 (2005) and para. 1 of Council resolution 1646 (2005).

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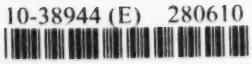

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